

WORK SUPPORTED BY THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION



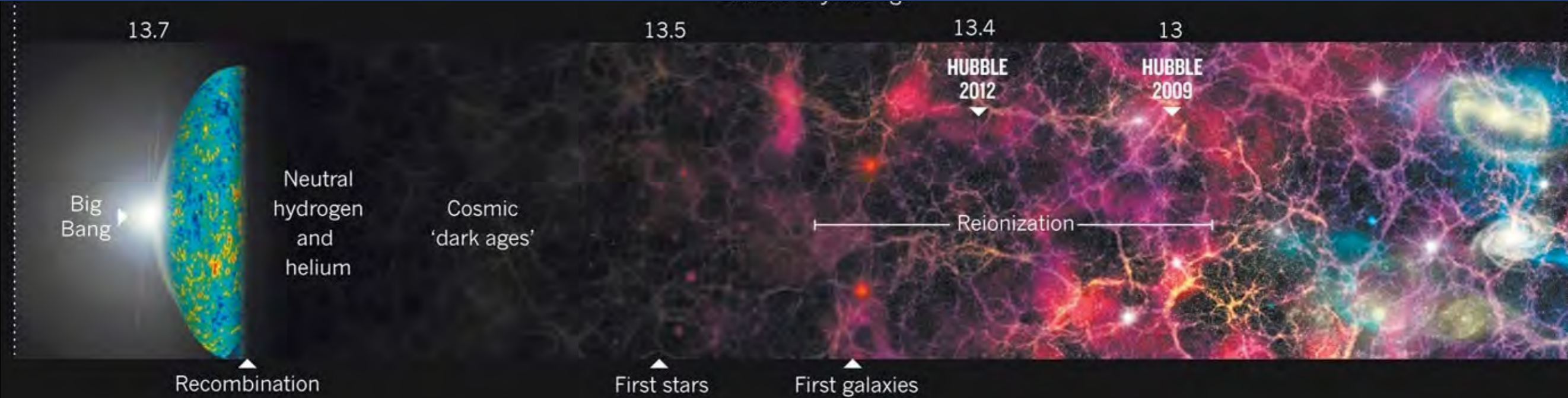
21 CM COSMOLOGY WITH PAPER, MWA AND HERA

DANIEL C. JACOBS
NSF POSTDOCTORAL FELLOW, ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY
ON BEHALF OF THE MWA, PAPER AND HERA COLLABORATIONS

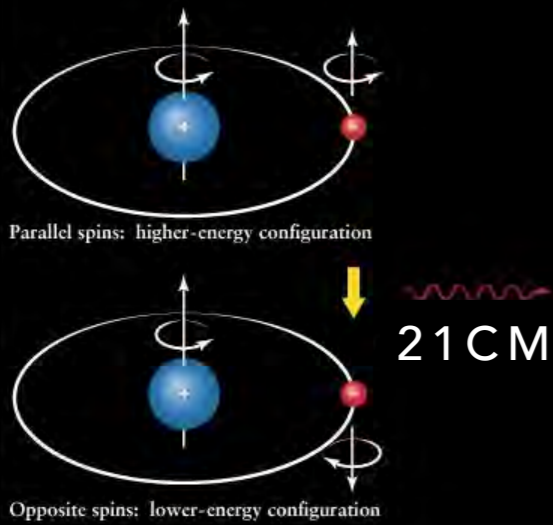
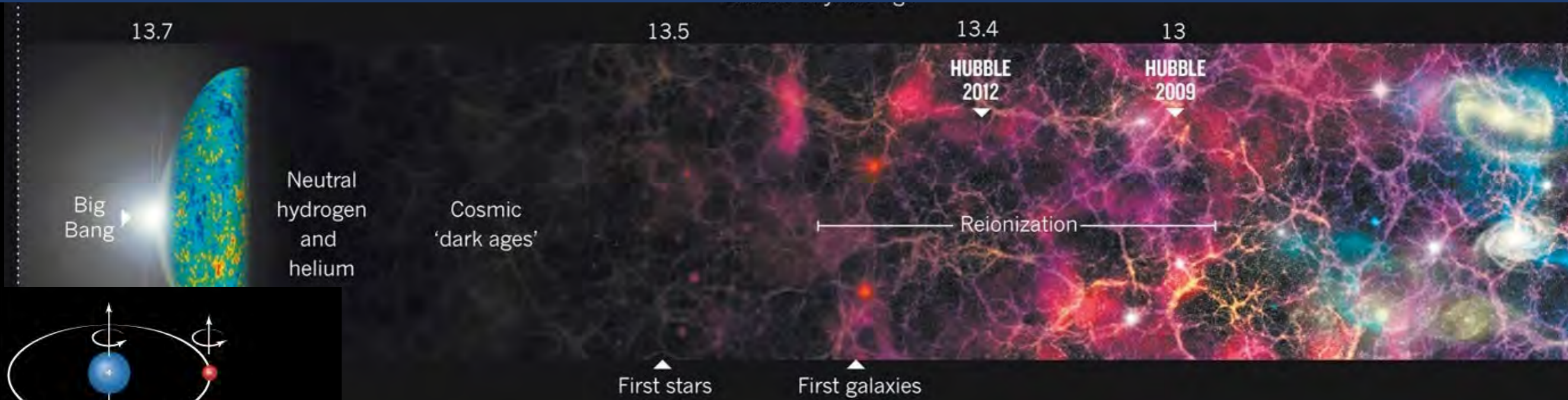


A GRAPHICAL PREVIEW

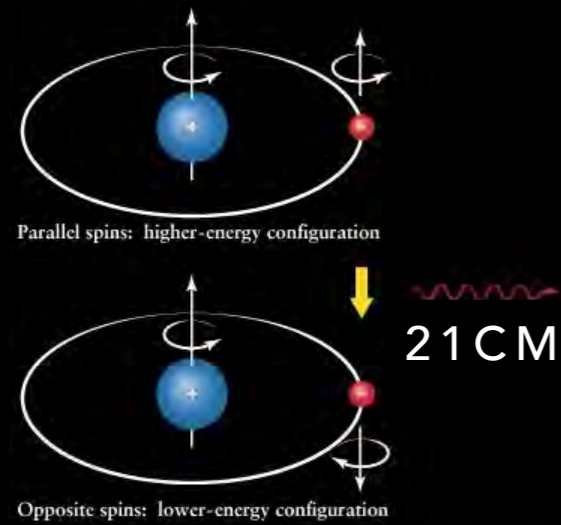
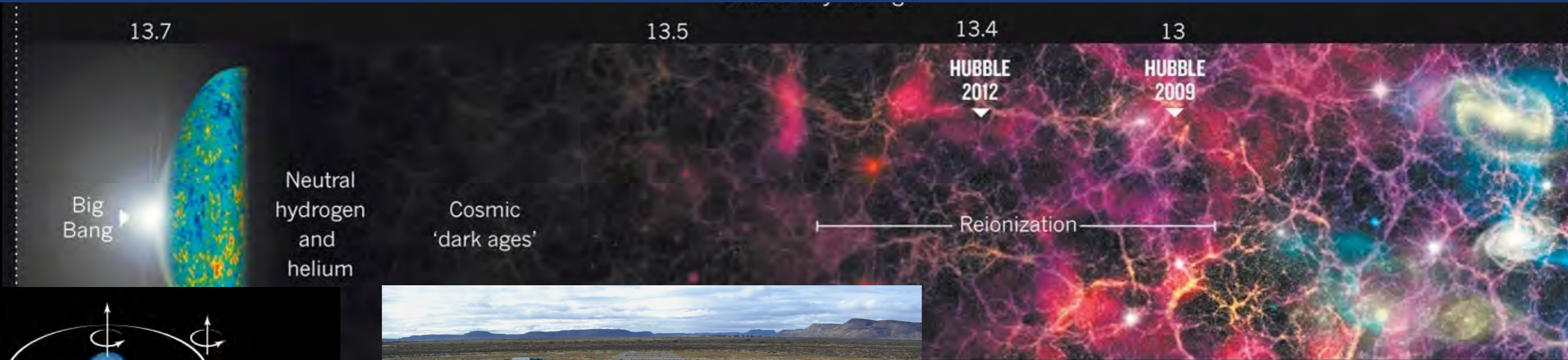
A GRAPHICAL PREVIEW



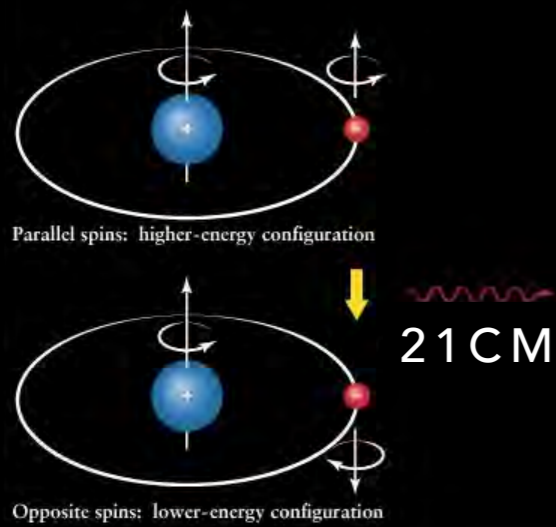
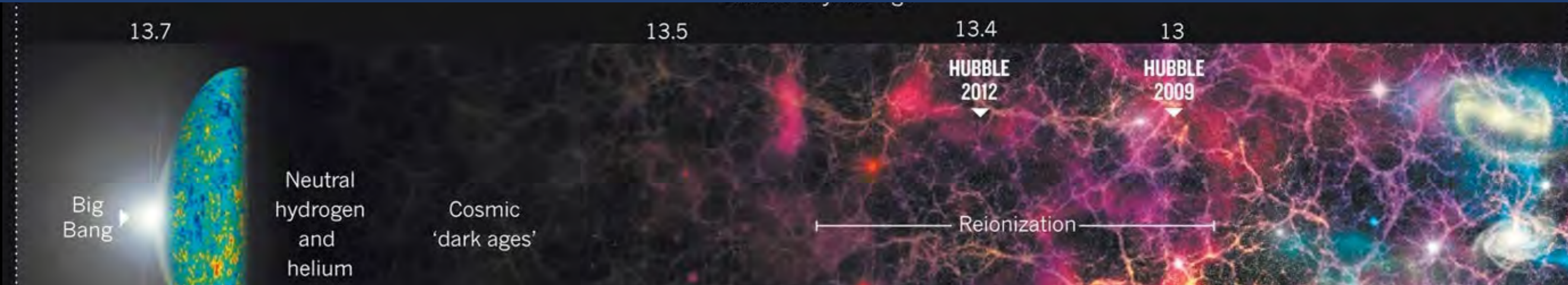
A GRAPHICAL PREVIEW



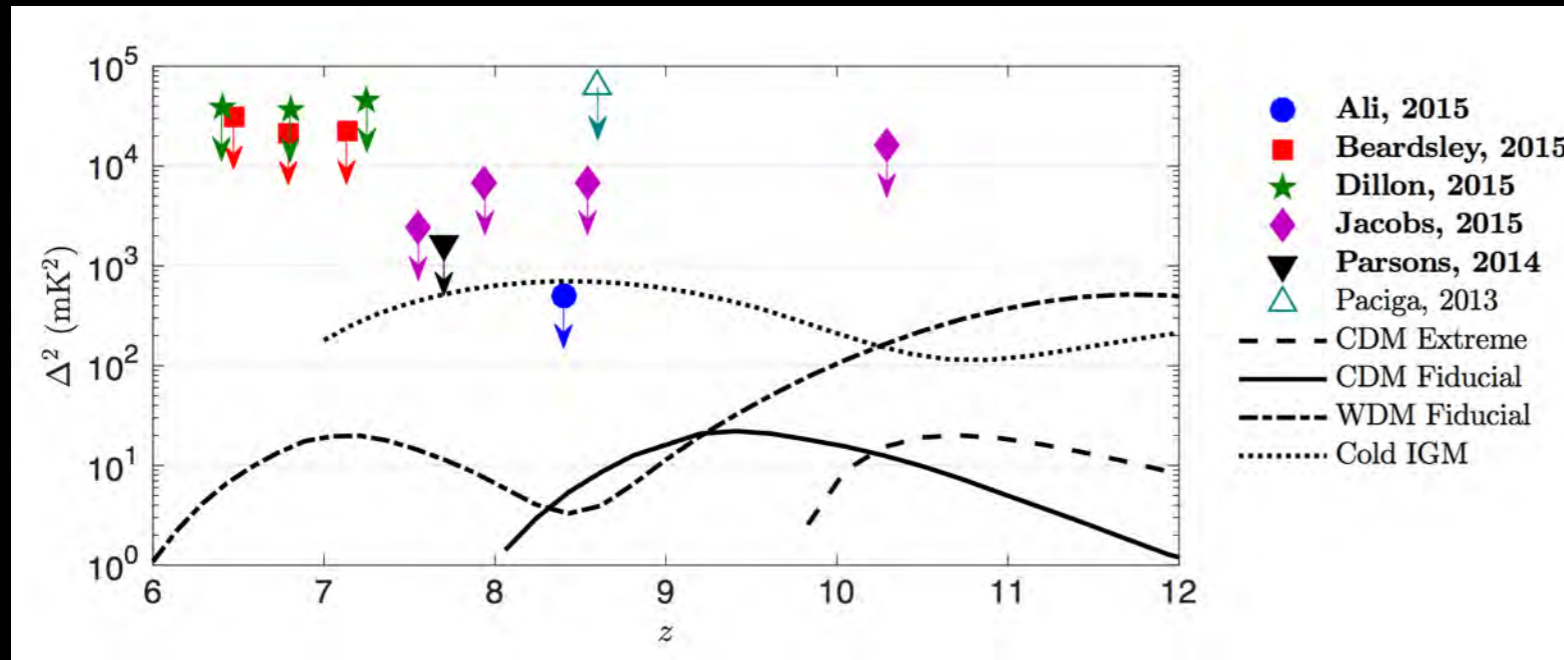
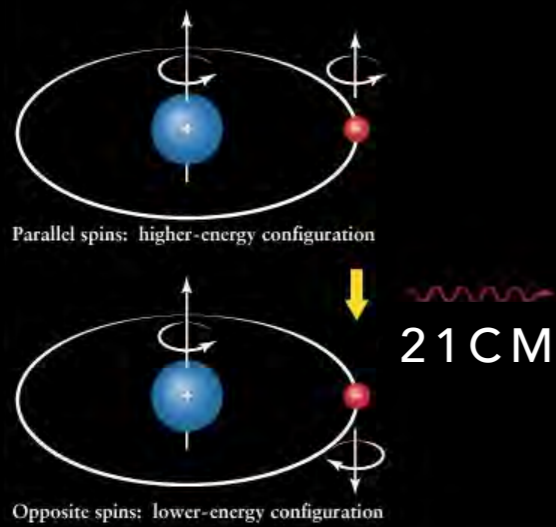
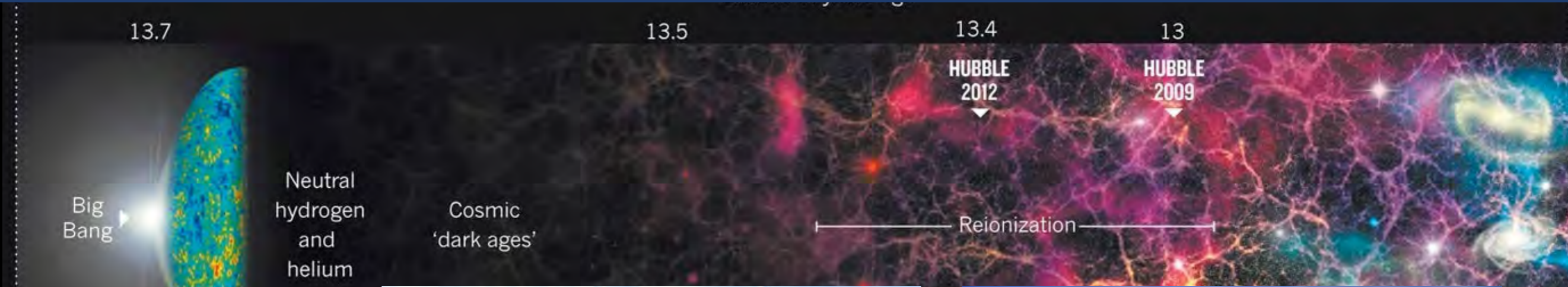
A GRAPHICAL PREVIEW



A GRAPHICAL PREVIEW



A GRAPHICAL PREVIEW



Science Questions

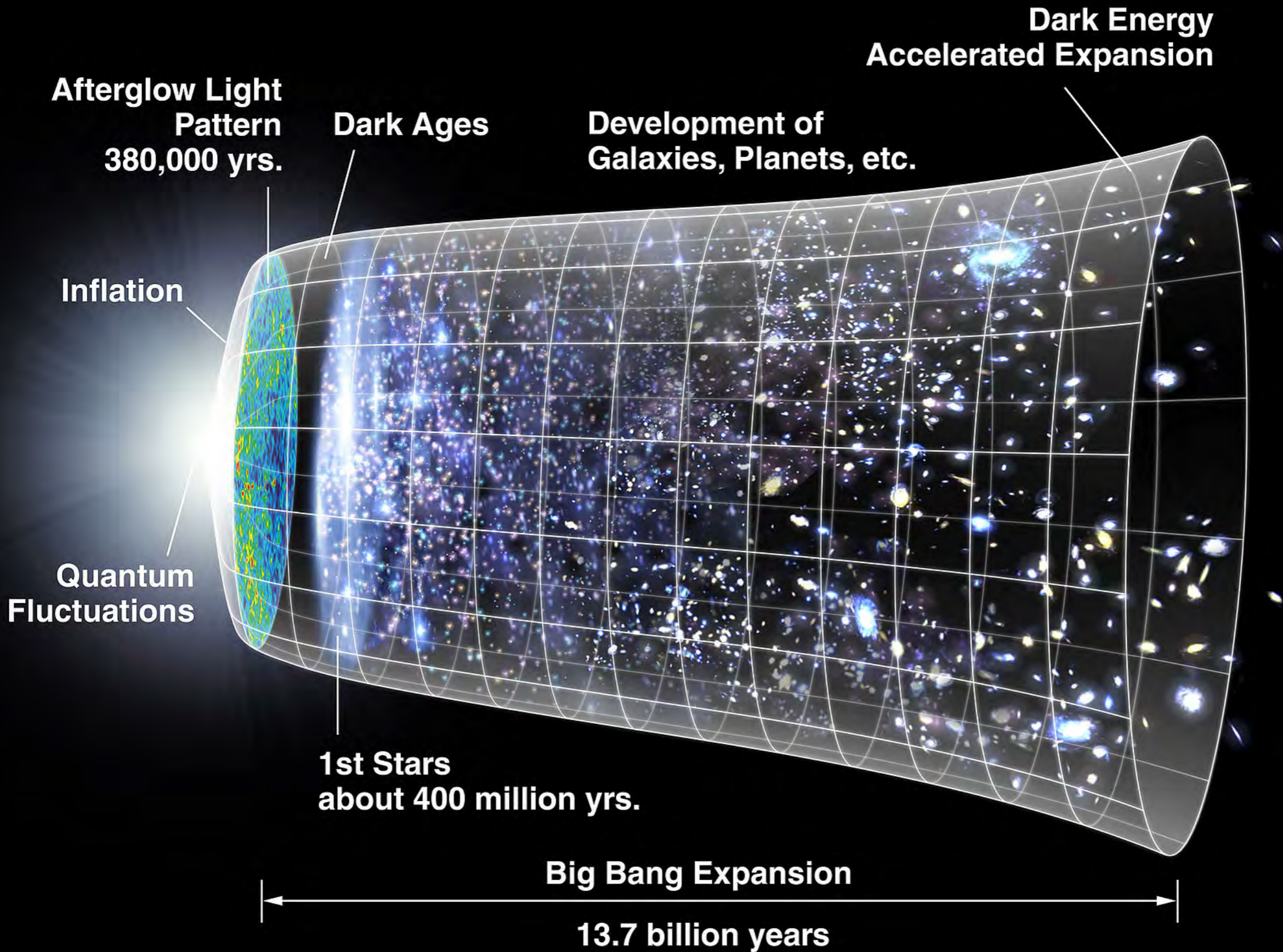
- Transition to Nonlinearity
- Dark Matter Annihilation
- Parameters of first Astrophysics (black holes, galaxies, AGN)
- Direct measurement optical depth (CMB τ)

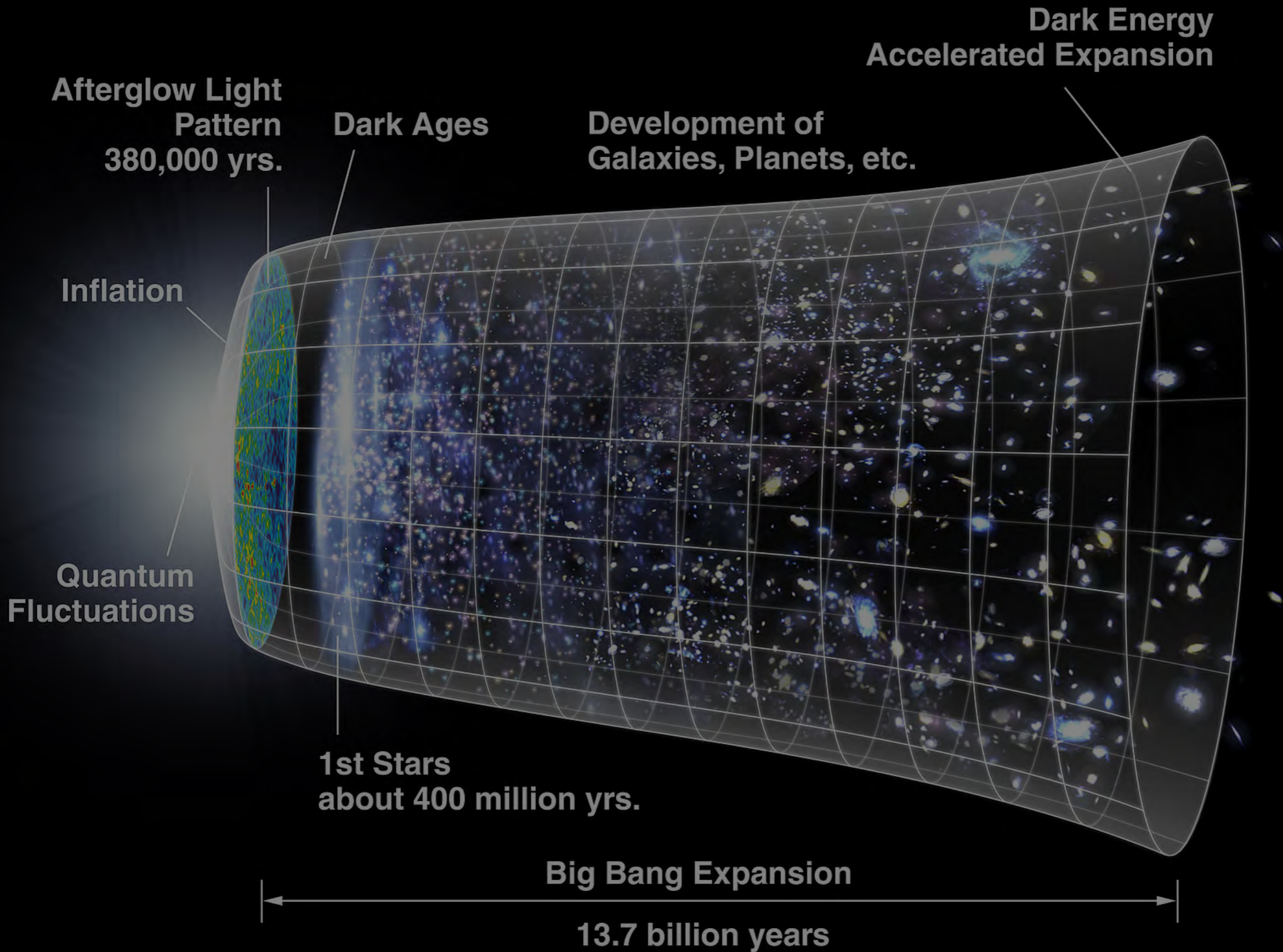
Experimental Activities

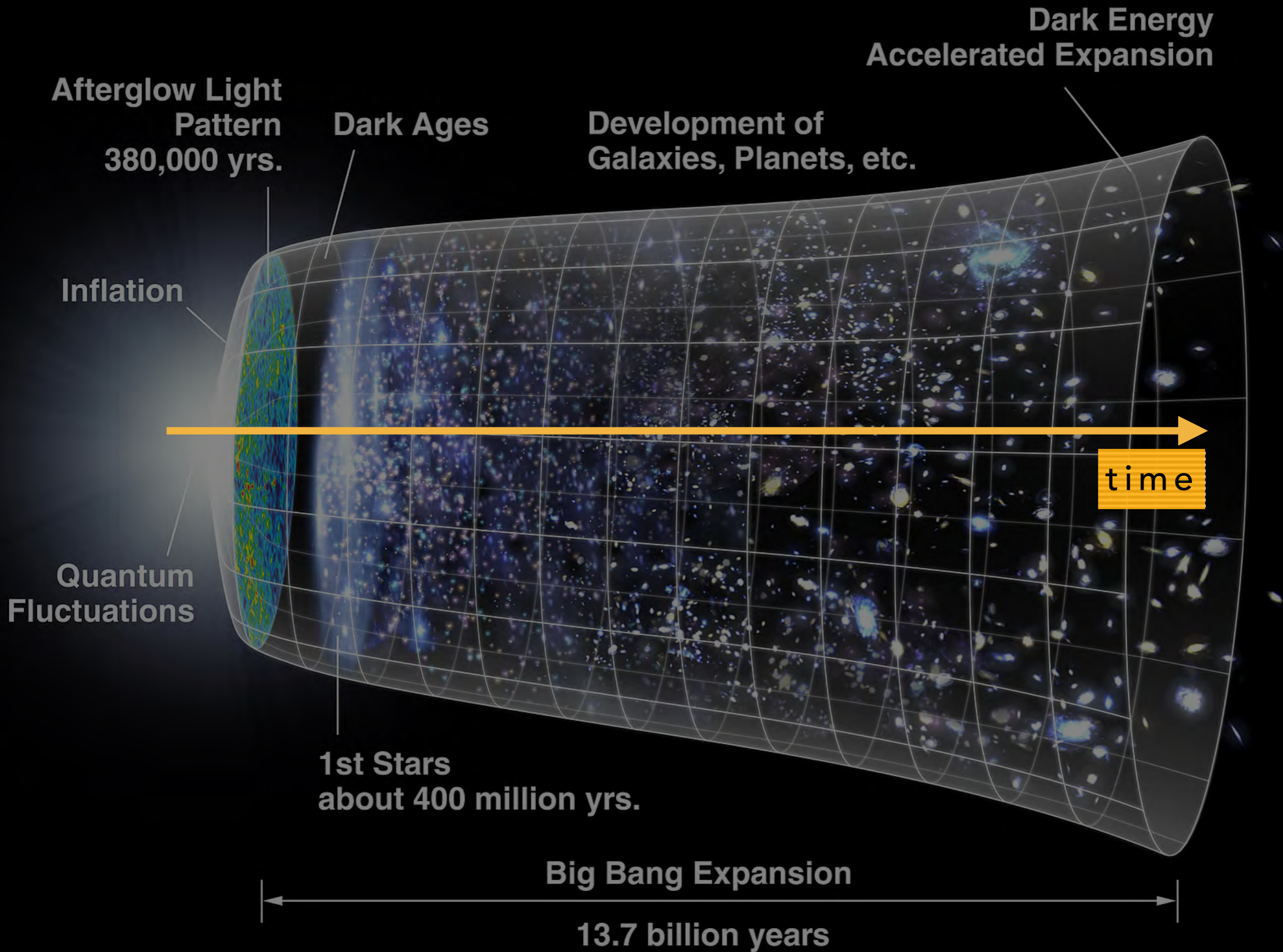
- **Major contributor to MWA** (PI* of NSF portion, \$300k)
- **Core member of PAPER**
- **Founding member of HERA**, (lead of several subsystems; convert to PI* as Faculty)
- **ECHO project** (NSF supported, Jacobs PI, ~\$96k)
- **SPARCS cubesat** (Systems Engineer on NASA APRA proposal)

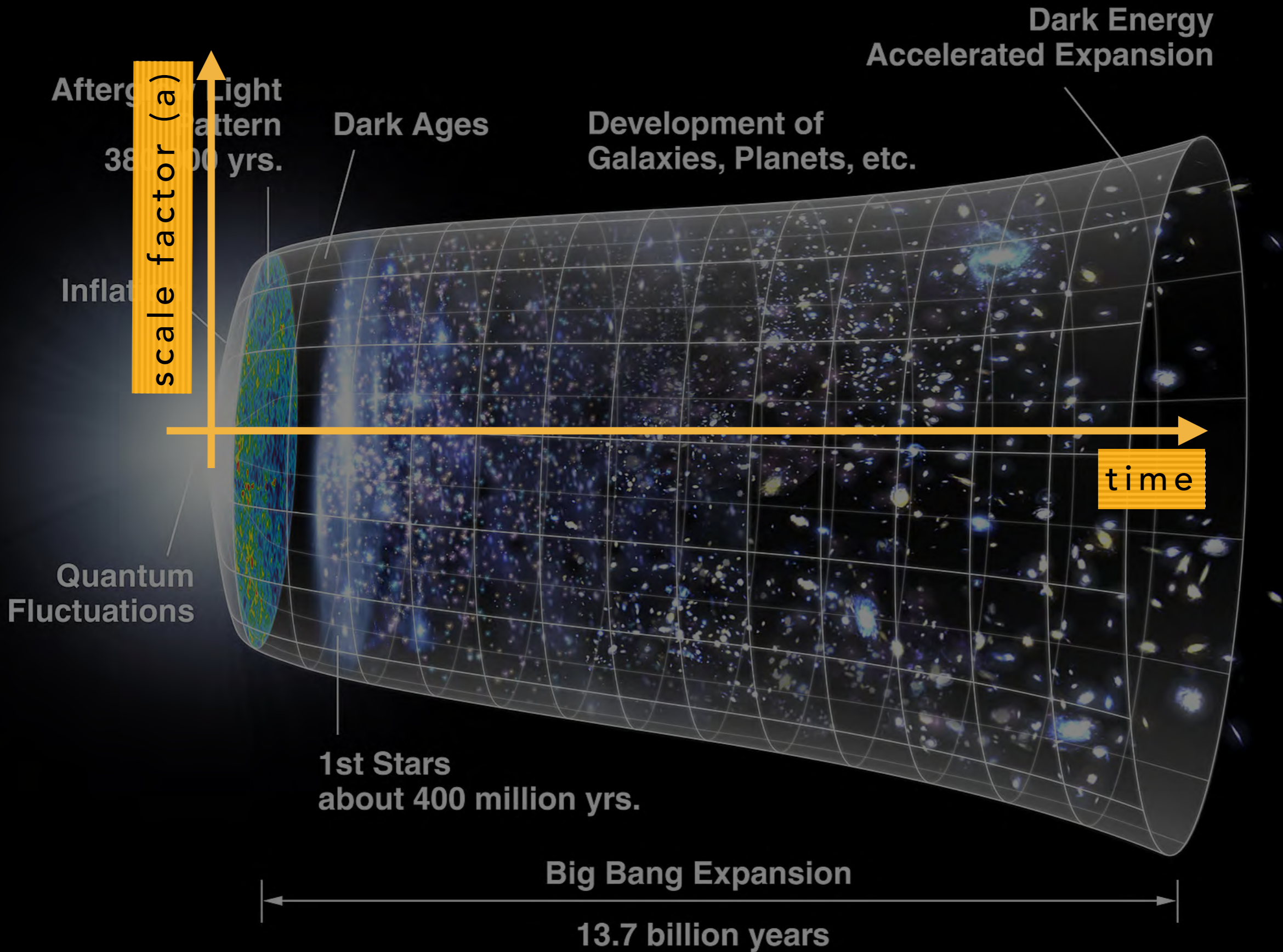


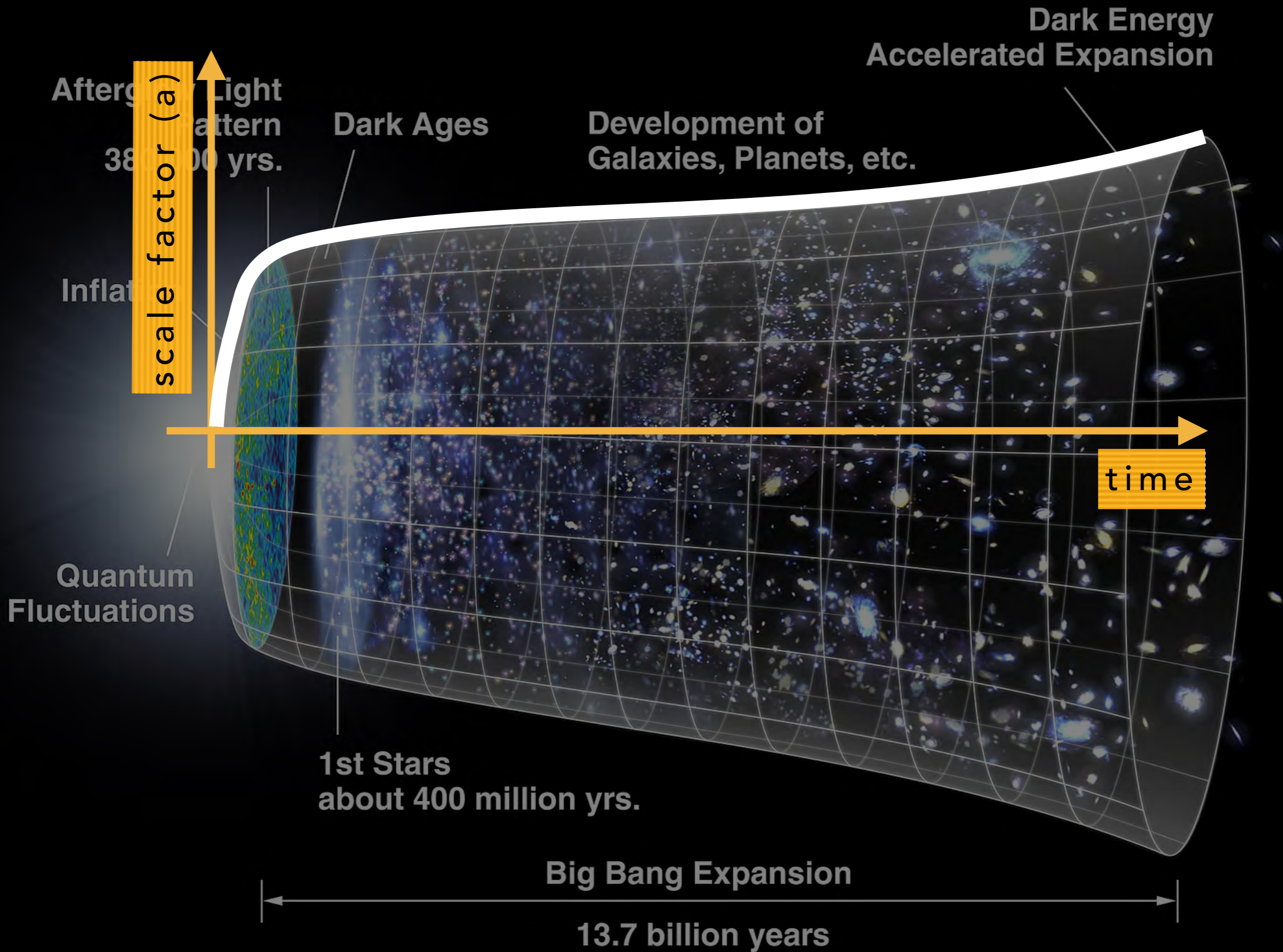
*NSF rules required Bowman as official PI

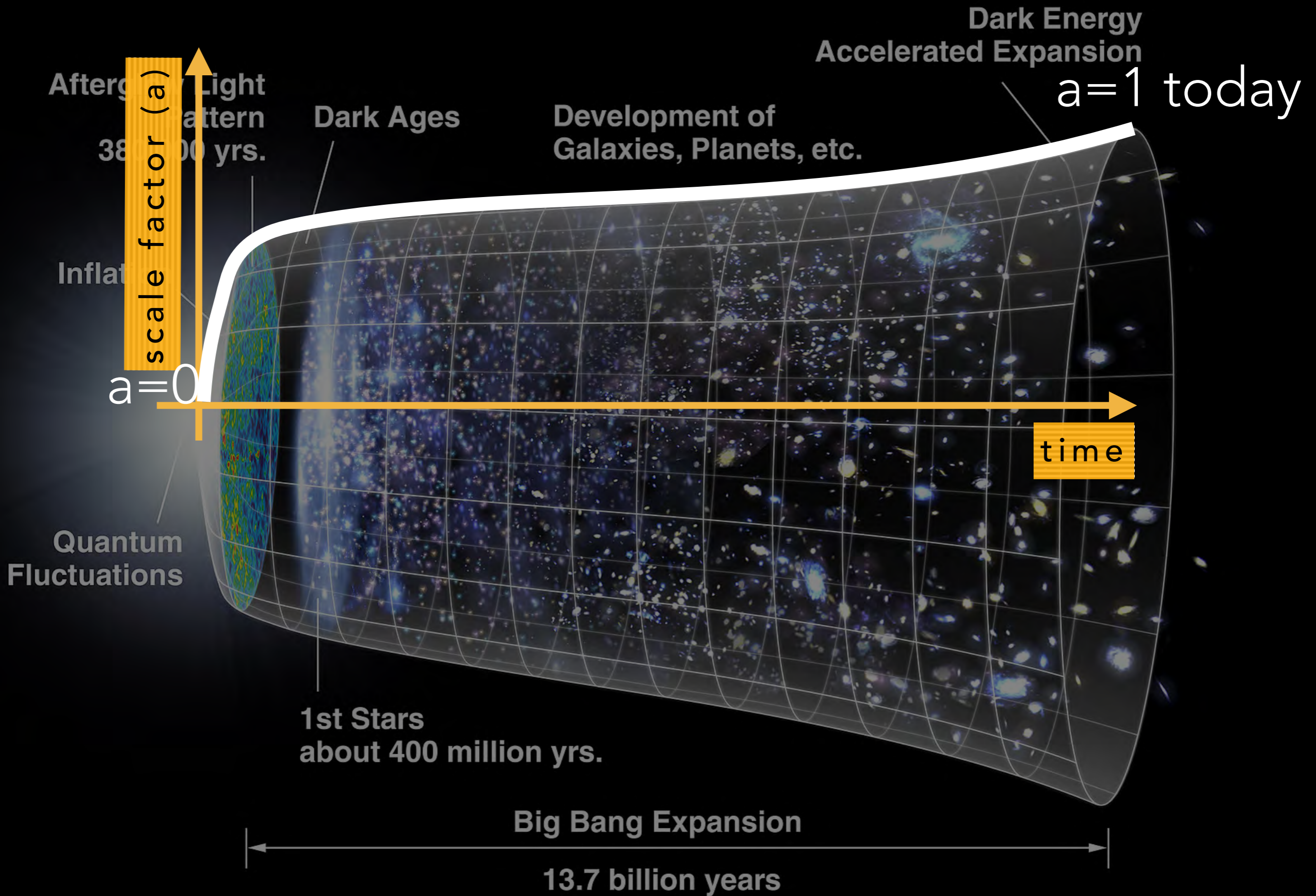


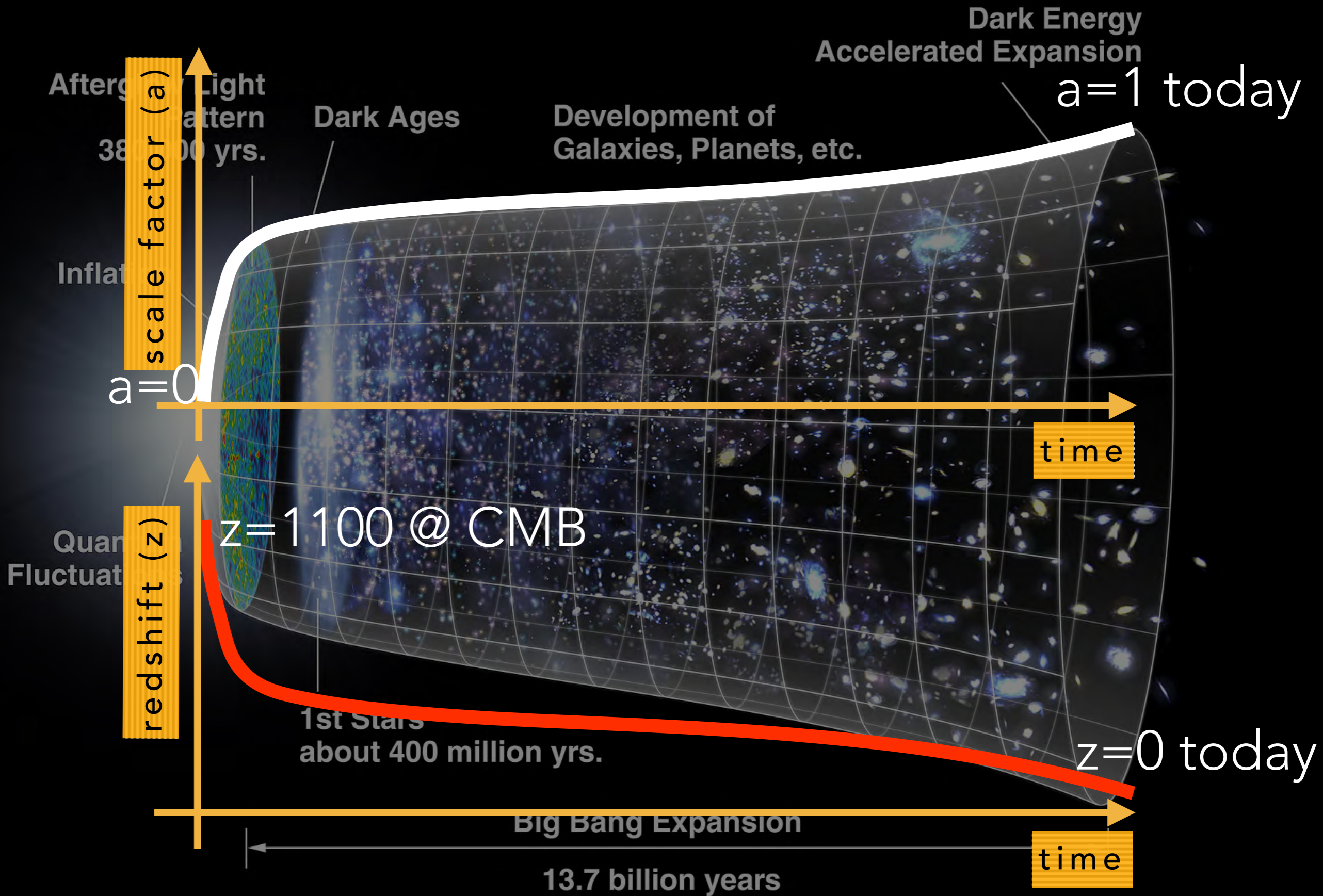




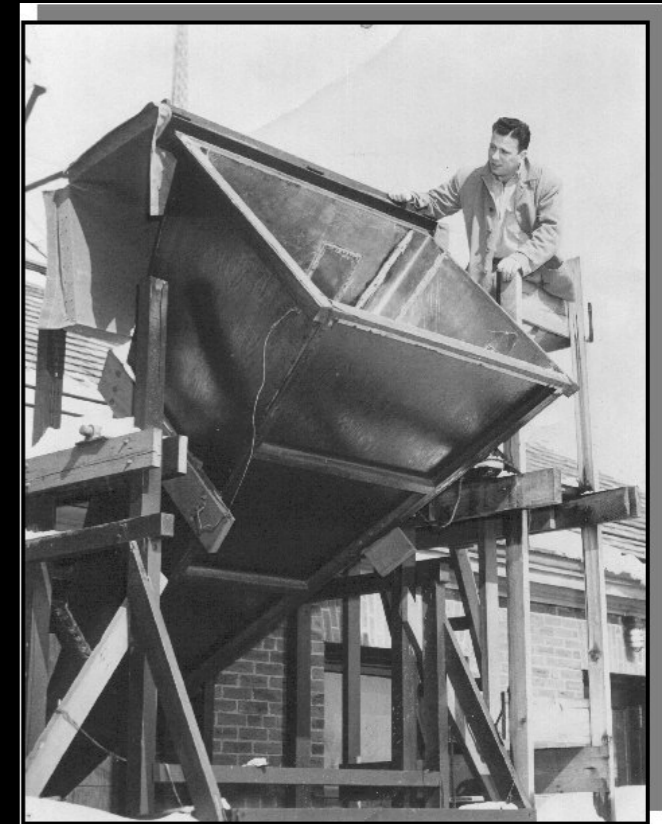
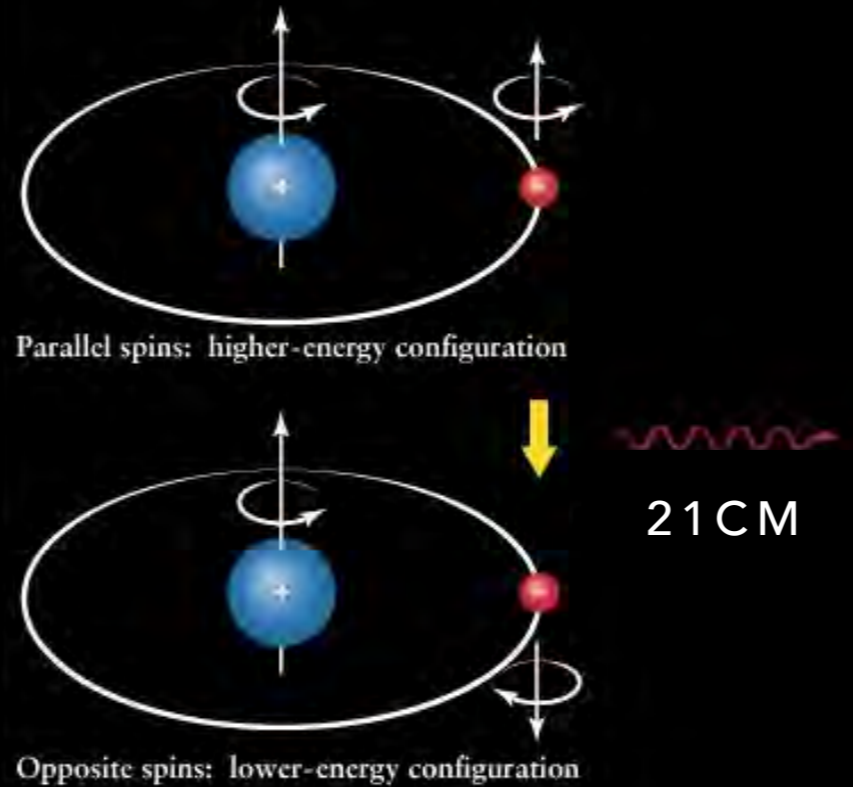






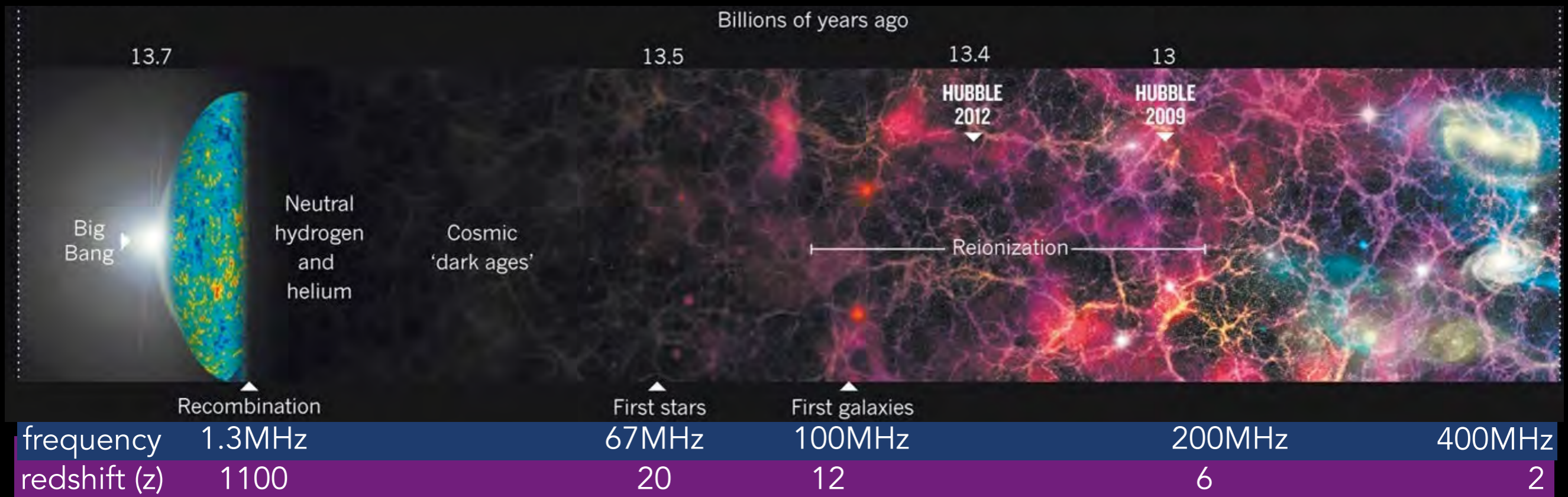
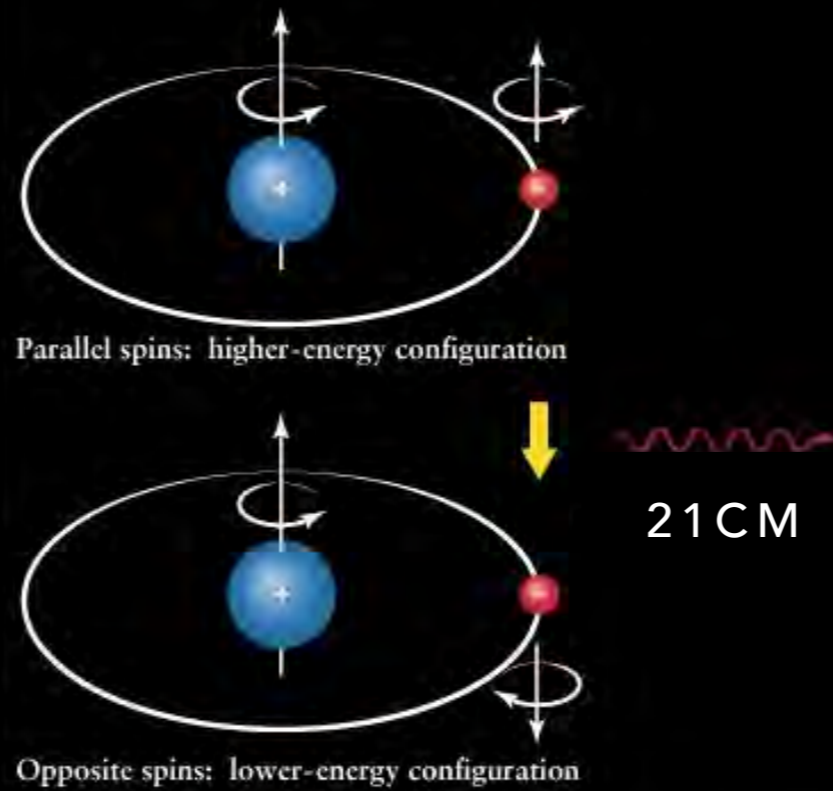


HYDROGEN 21 CM



- Most abundant element in the universe
- First detected in 1951 by Ewan and Purcel
- ground state hyperfine
- narrow spectral line (ultra precise redshifts)
- optically thin (3d cubes)
- a historically powerful tool (eg discovery of Dark Matter)

HYDROGEN 21 CM



EVENTS ON THE COSMIC TIMELINE

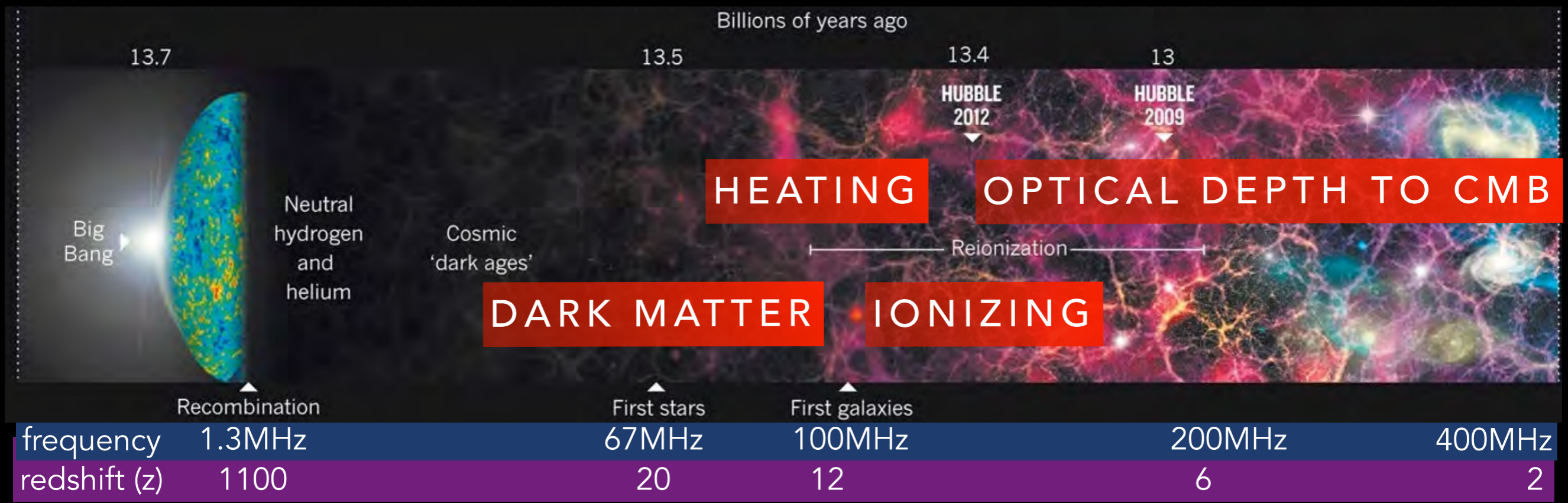
Dark matter dominated

Reionization

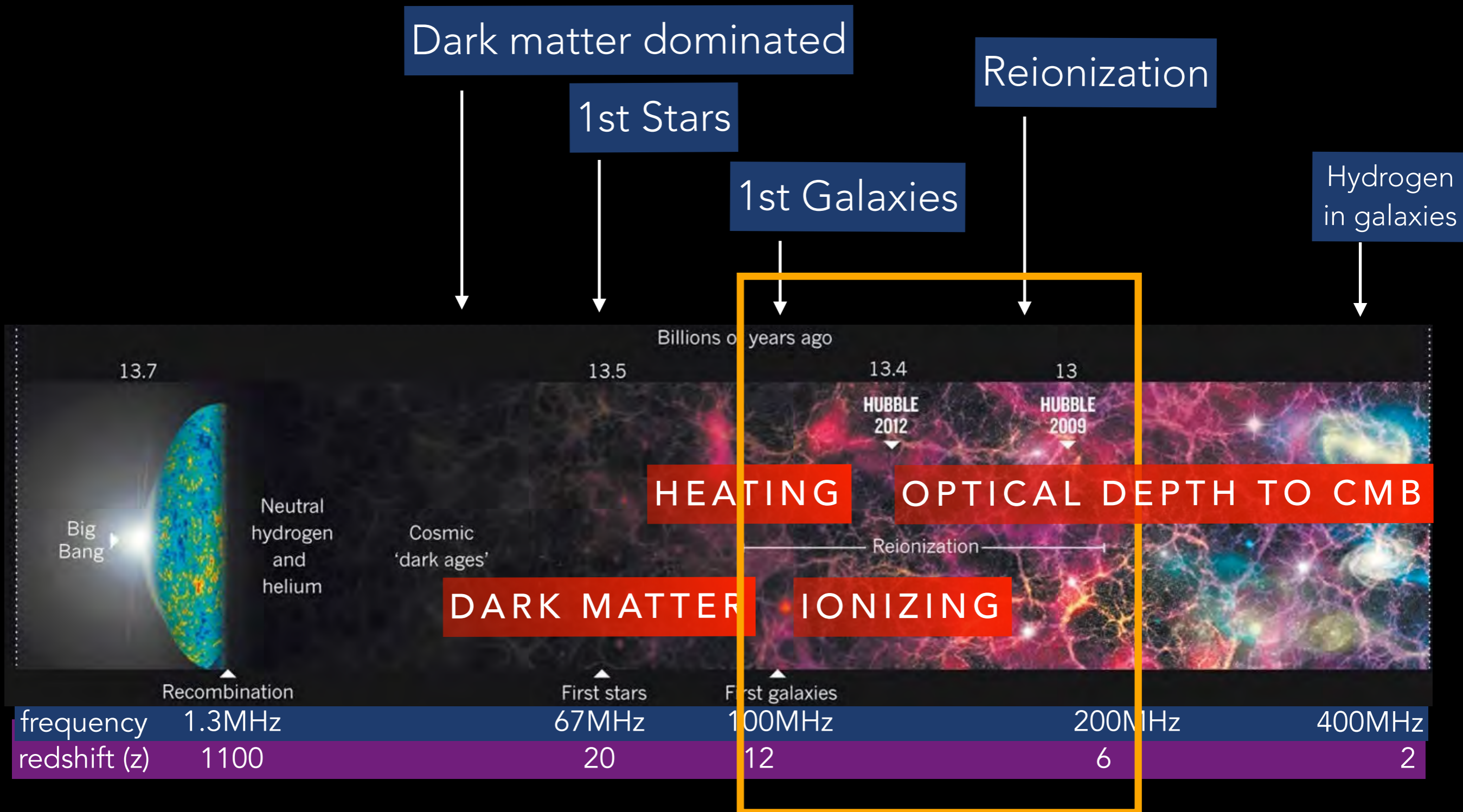
1st Stars

1st Galaxies

Hydrogen in galaxies



EVENTS ON THE COSMIC TIMELINE



PHYSICS ACCESSIBLE TO 21 CM MAPPING ACROSS THE TIMELINE

Dark Ages

- Transition to Nonlinearity
- Black holes and First Stars
- Dark Matter Annihilation

REionization

- First Galaxies
- First AGN
- Direct Measurement Optical depth (CMB tau)

Dark Energy

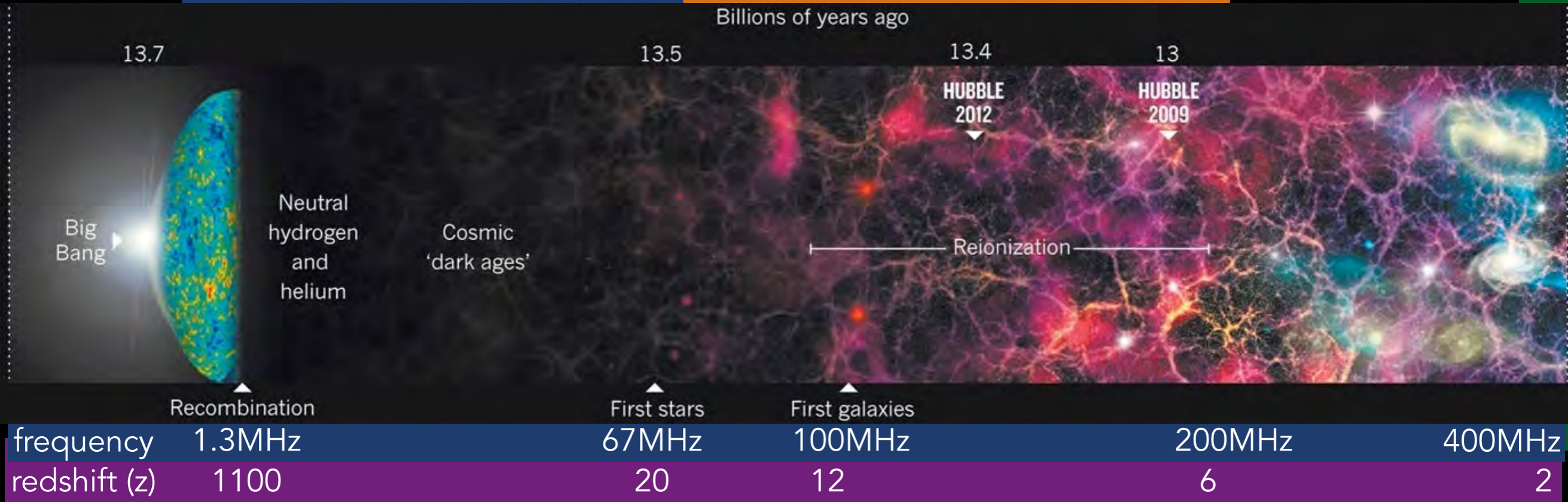
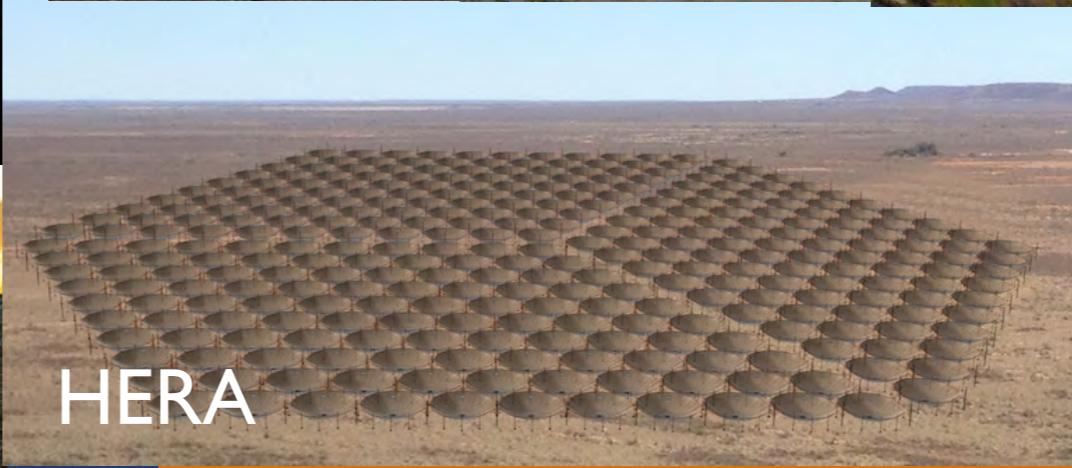
- Baryon Acoustic Oscillations (dark energy probe)




DARK AGES


REIONIZATION

INTENSITY MAPPING



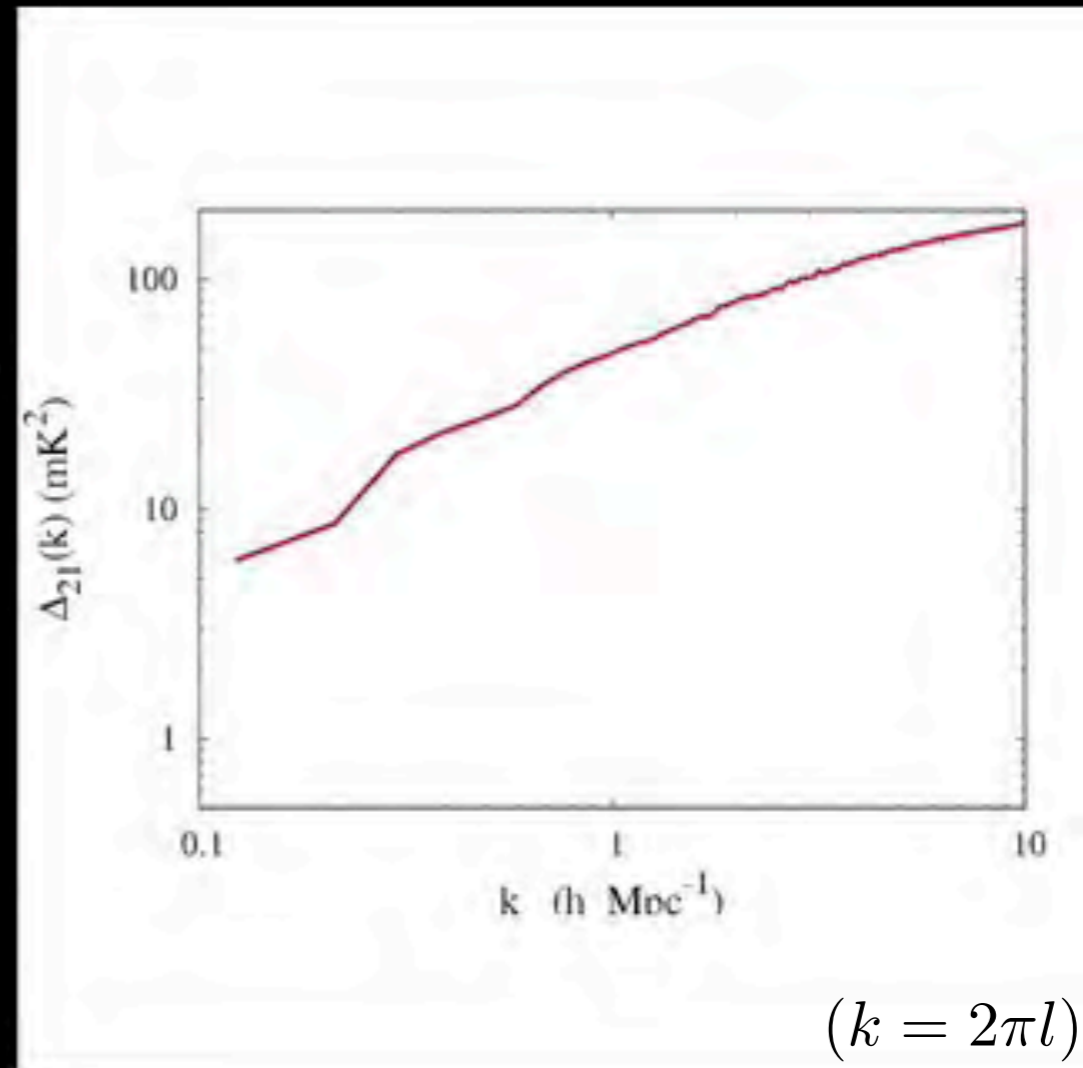


M. Alvarez (CITA)
& R. Kaehler (Stanford)



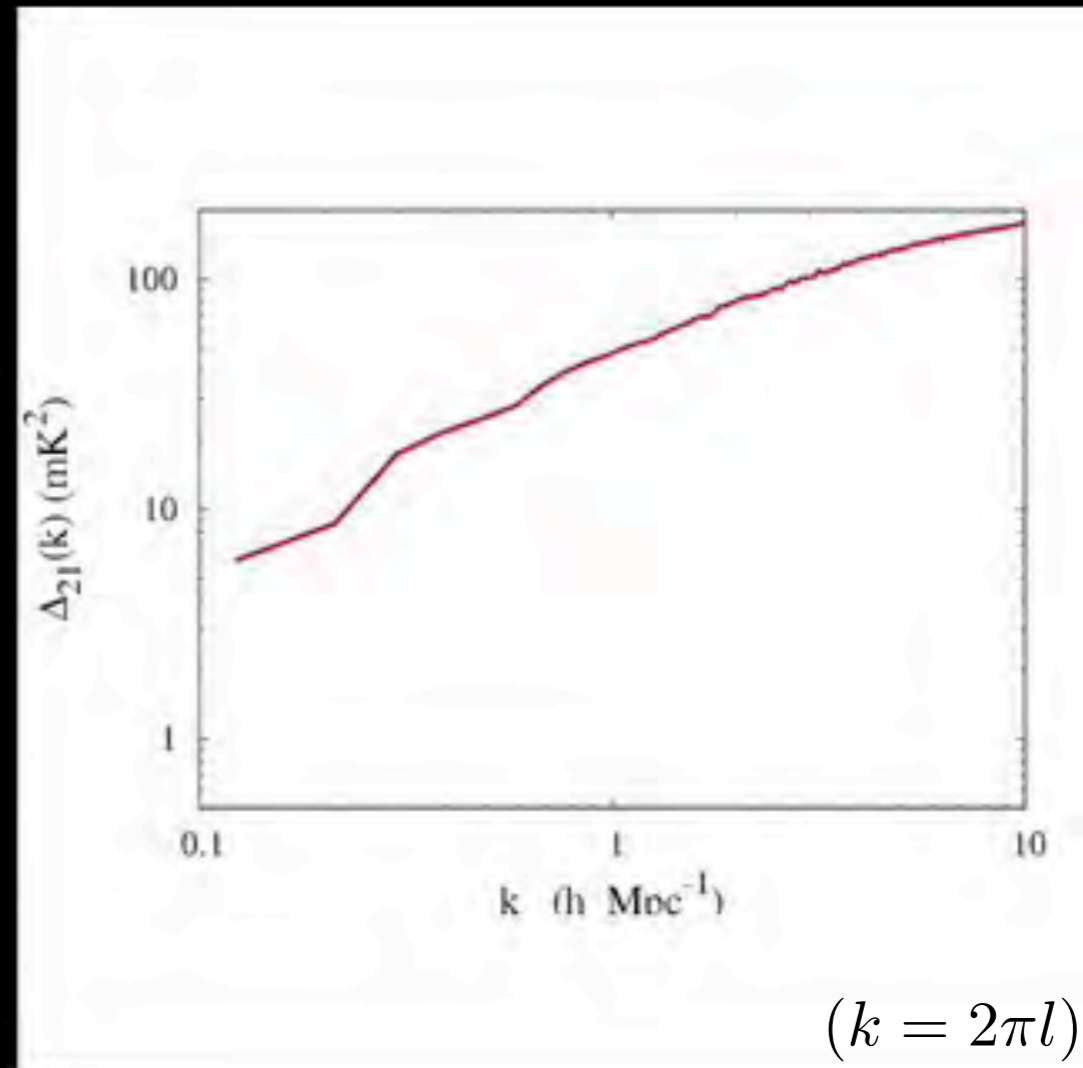
M. Alvarez (CITA)
& R. Kaehler (Stanford)

$z=11.1$



M. Mcquinn (U. Washington)

$z=11.1$

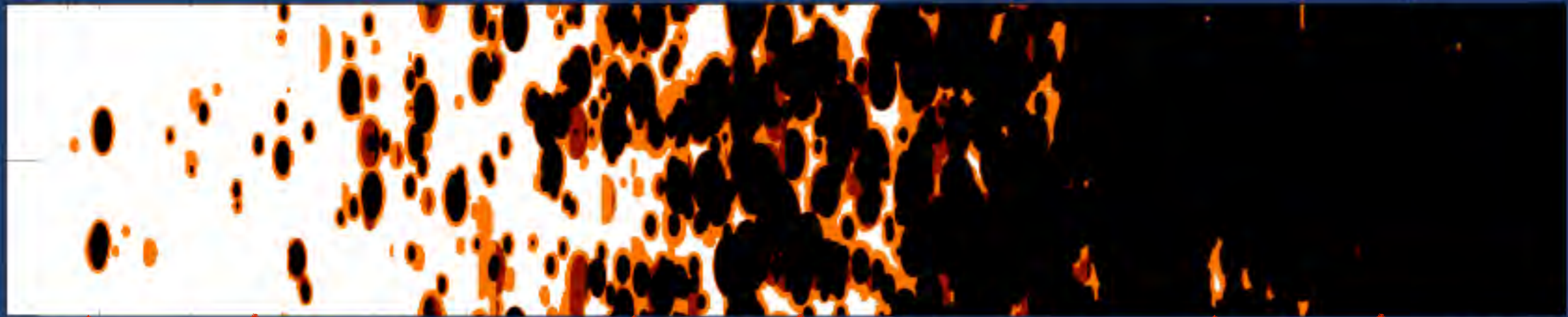


M. Mcquinn (U. Washington)

12

Redshift

6

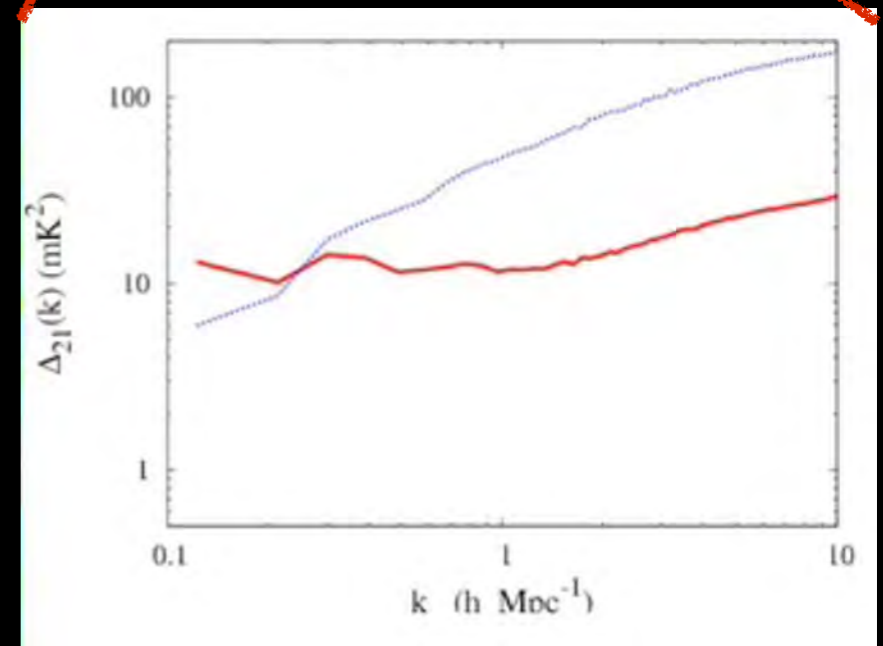
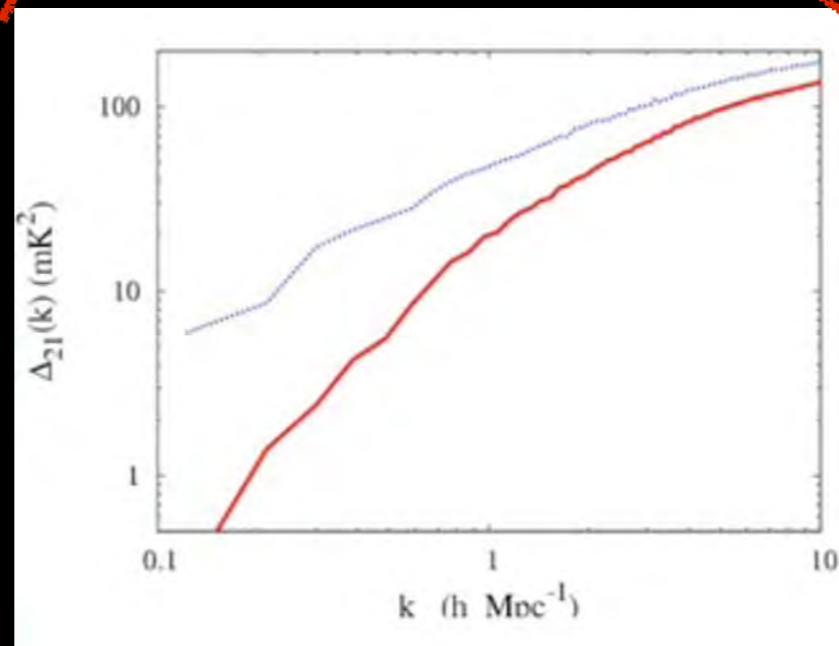
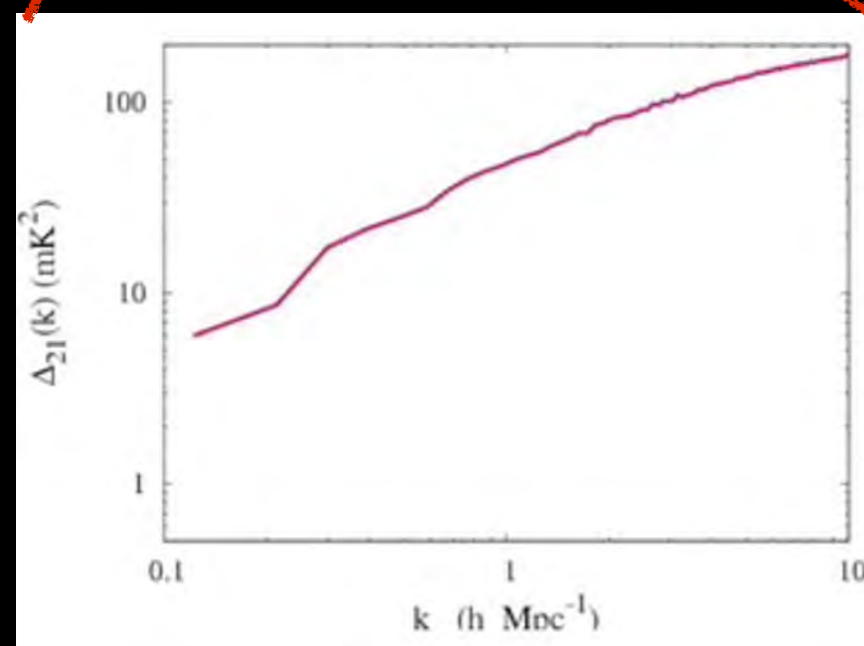


$\sim 10^\circ$

100MHz

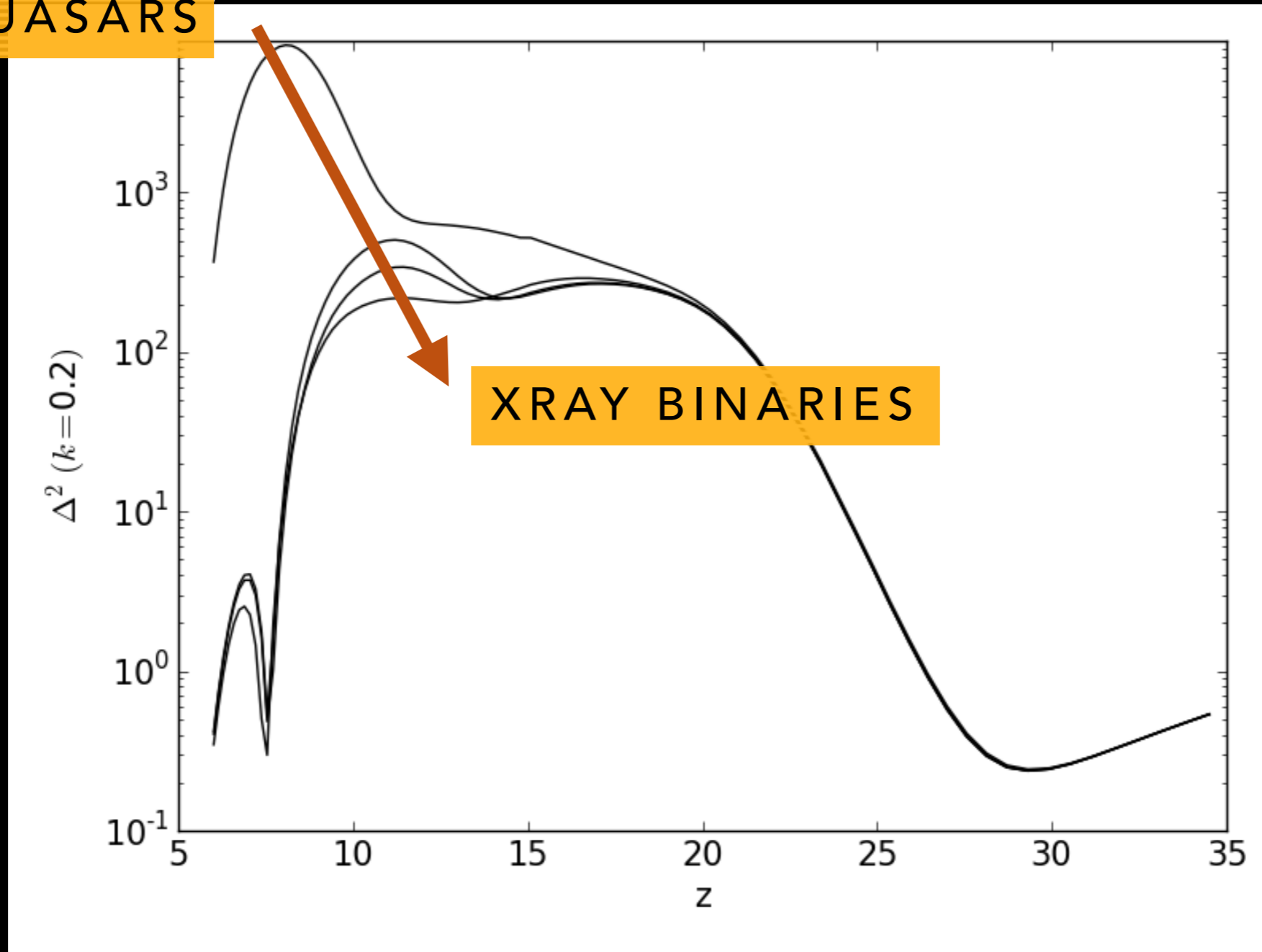
Frequency [MHz]

200 MHz



HEAT TYPE CHANGES POWER SPECTRUM EVOLUTION

QUASARS



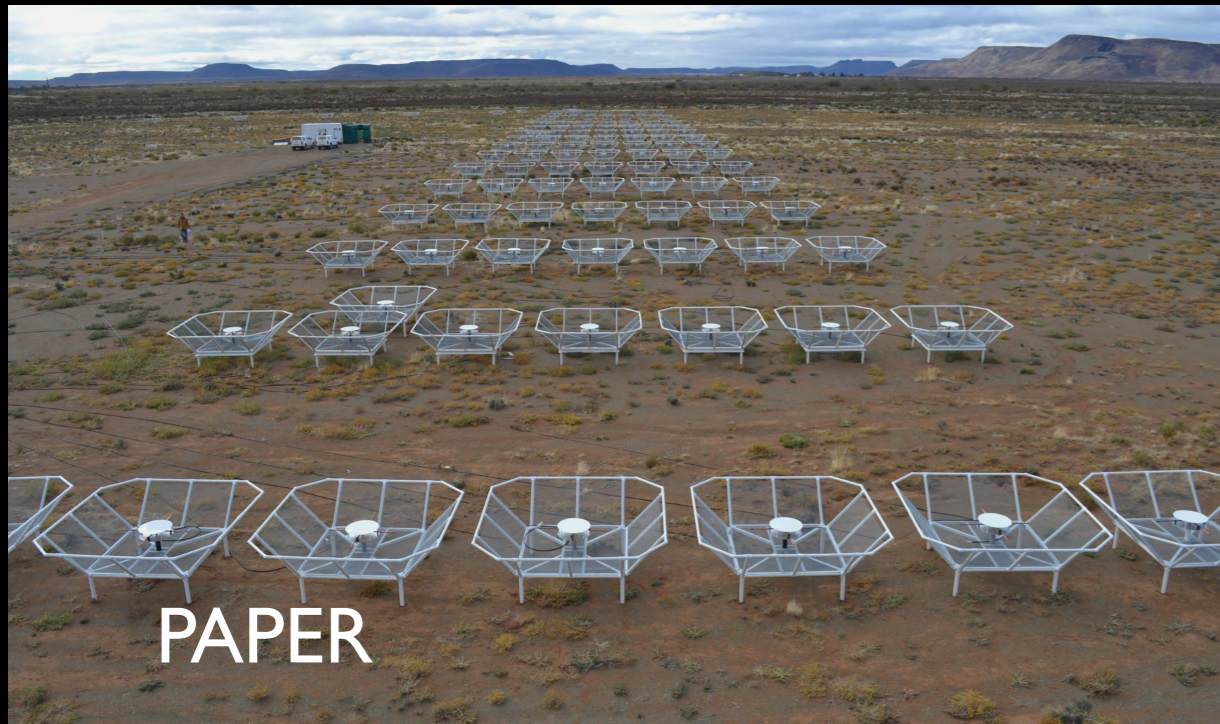
1ST GEN 21CM TELESCOPES



Common attributes:

- Dipole arrays
- 100-200MHz (1.5 to 3m operating wavelength)
- Direct digitization (no mixers)
- Isolated, desert environments
- Large numbers of elements (128 tiles vs 27 VLA dishes)

1ST GEN 21CM TELESCOPES



1ST GEN 21CM TELESCOPES



Common challenges:

- Field of view defined by a dipole response (much wider than a high gain dish)
- Very large correlation data products (TB a night, PB a year)

PRECISION ARRAY FOR PROBING THE EPOCH OF REIONIZATION (PAPER)



First deployment: 2010

PRECISION ARRAY FOR PROBING THE EPOCH OF REIONIZATION (PAPER)

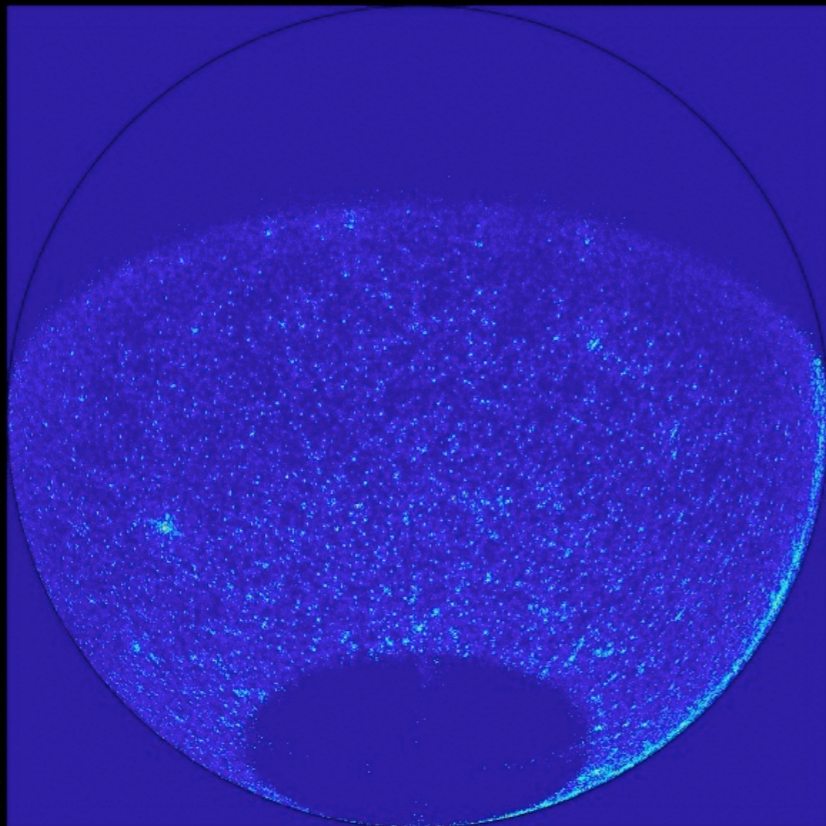


Location: Karoo Desert, South Africa
Experimental Array optimized for power spectrum
Parsons, Pober, McQuinn, **Jacobs**, and Aguirre, 2012
Parsons, Pober, Aguirre, Carilli, **Jacobs**, and Moore, 2012
128 single dipoles with ground screens



PAPER RESULTS

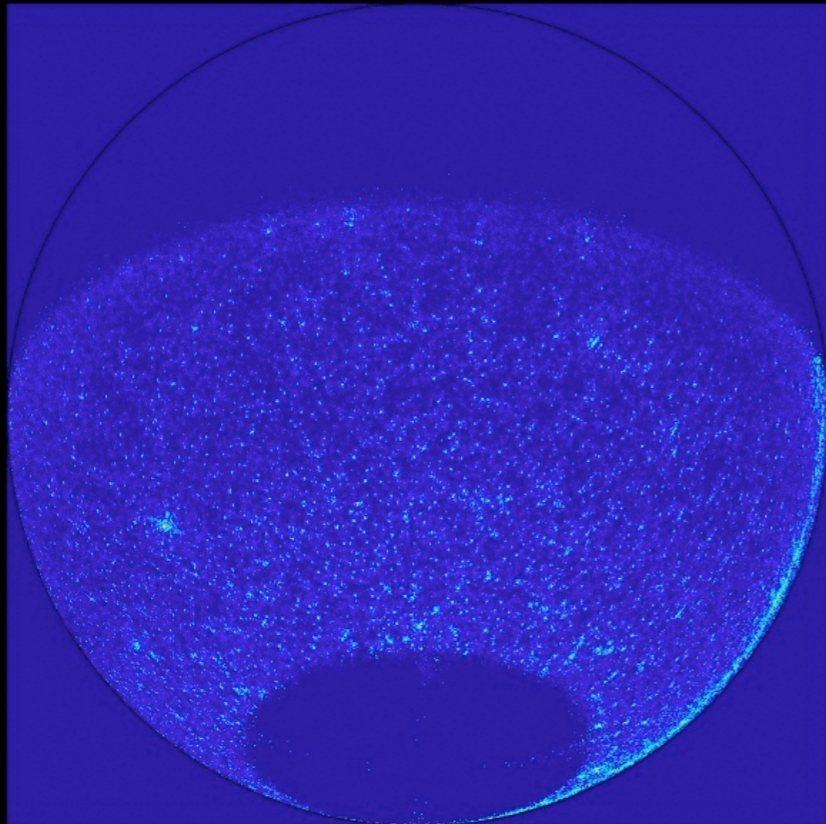
Catalogs



Bright source catalog **Jacobs**, et al 2012
Catalog accuracy **Jacobs**, et al 2013
Flux calibration standard **Jacobs**, et al 2014

PAPER RESULTS

Catalogs

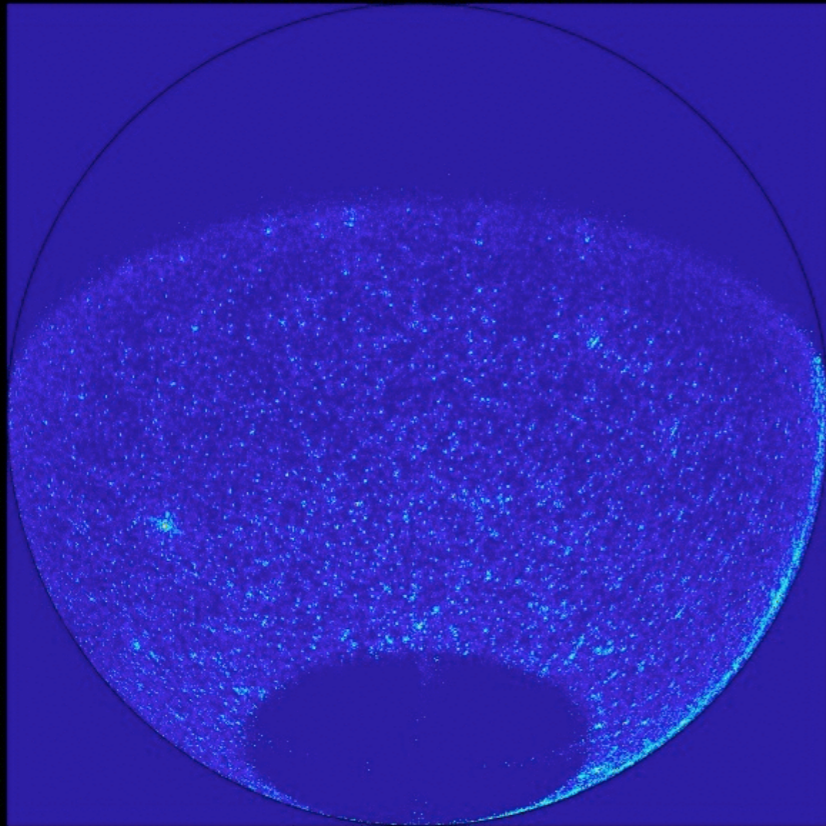


Bright source catalog	Jacobs , et al 2012
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LIMITED BY THE ACCURACY OF
DIPOLE RESPONSE MODEL

PAPER RESULTS

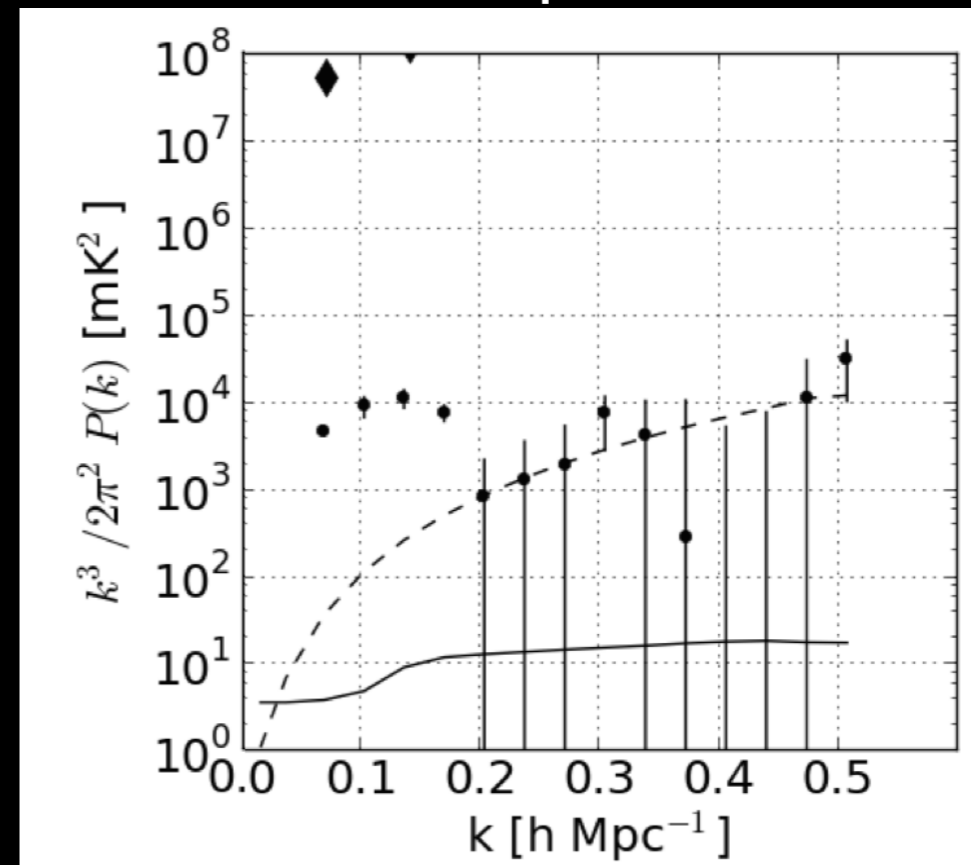
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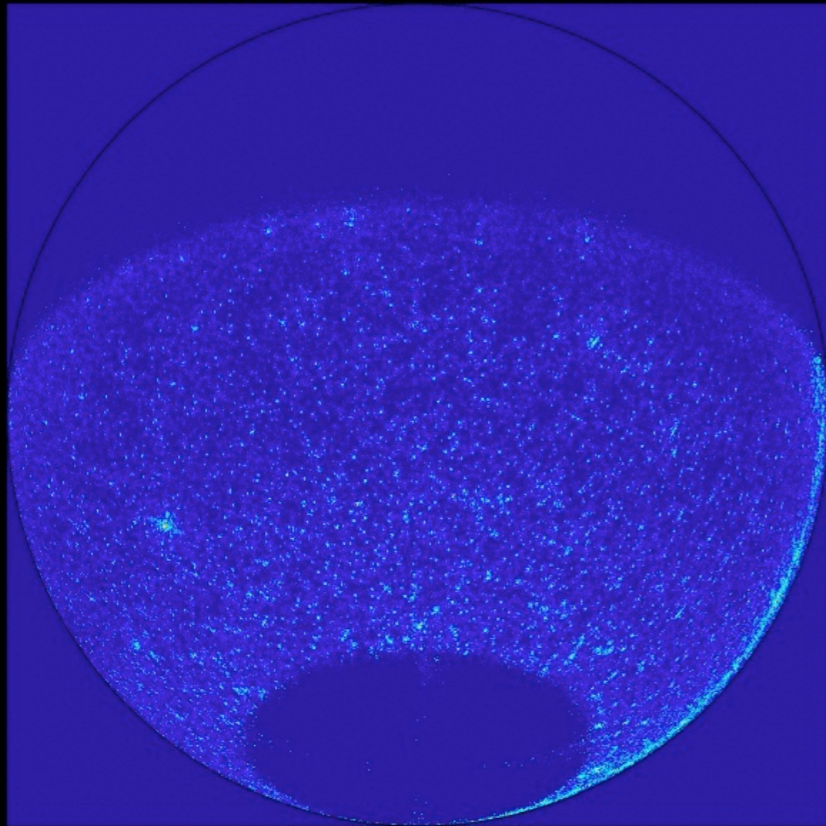
Power spectra



Year 1 power spectrum	Parsons,..., Jacobs et al 2014
Year 1 multi-redshift limits	Jacobs , et al 2015
Year 2 power spectrum	Ali,... Jacobs , et al 2015
Year 2 multi-redshift limits	Kolopanis, Jacobs , et al 2016

PAPER RESULTS

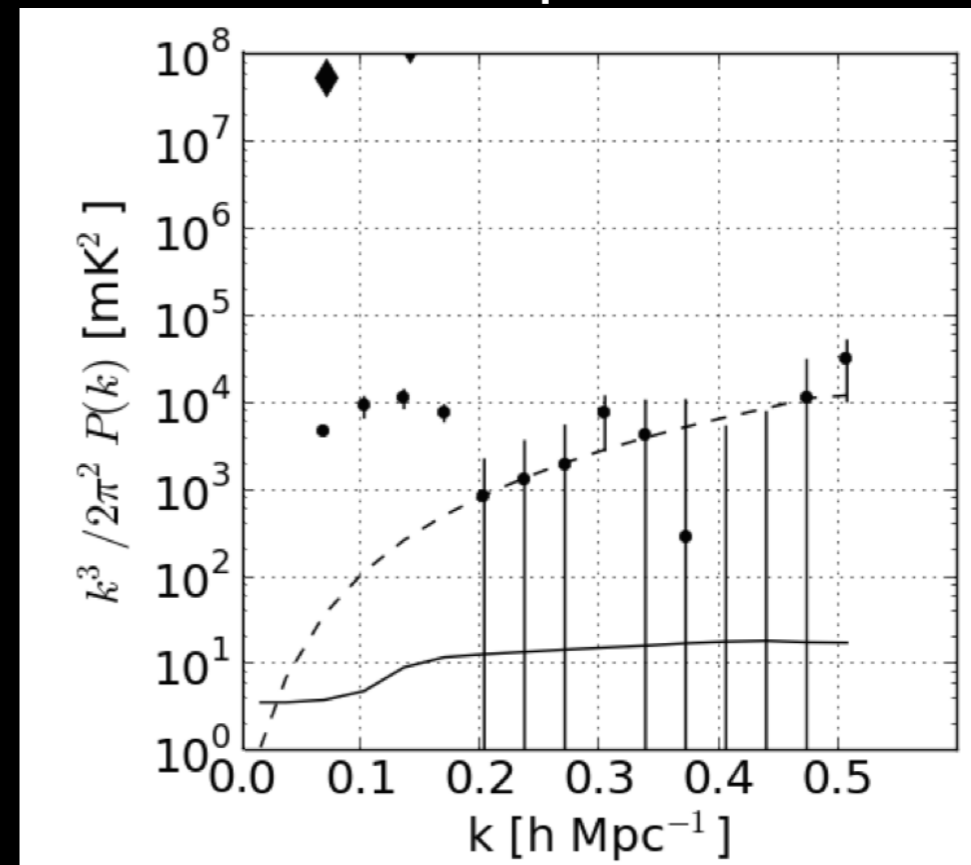
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Power spectra

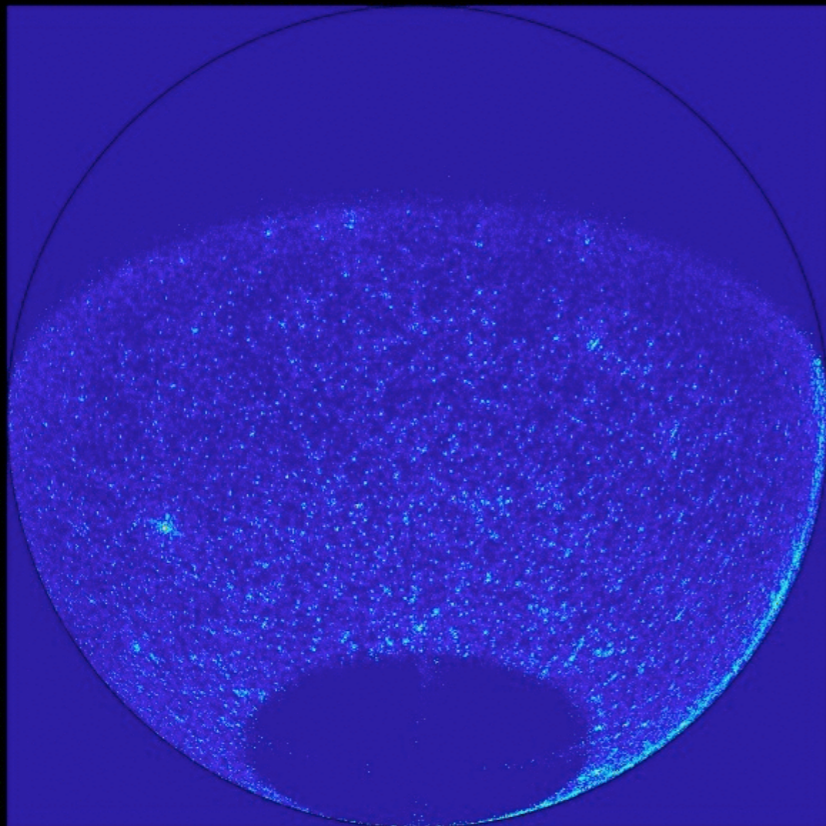


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IN COLLABORATION REVIEW

PAPER RESULTS

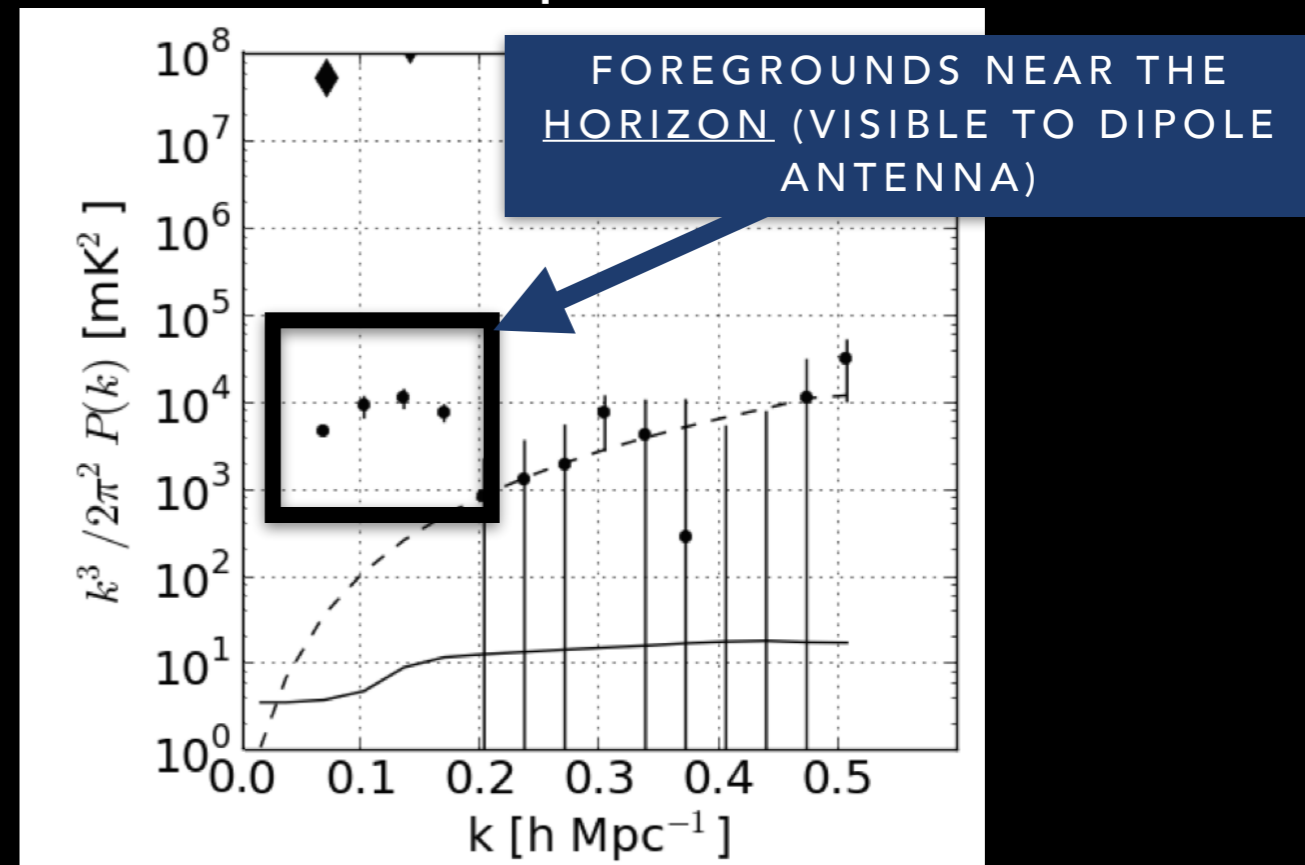
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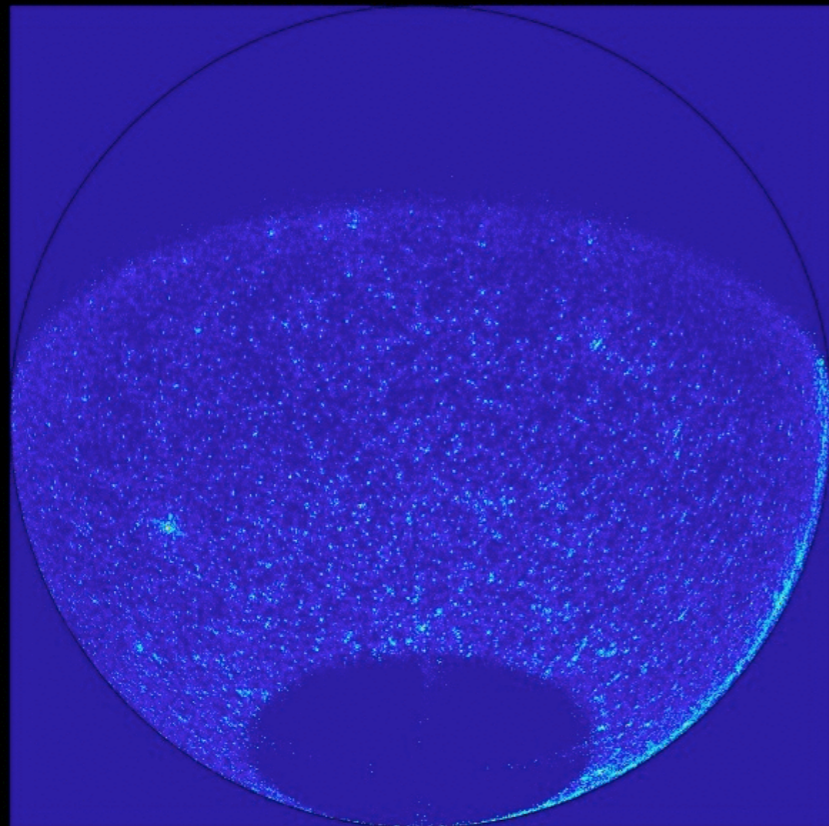


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IN COLLABORATION REVIEW

PAPER RESULTS

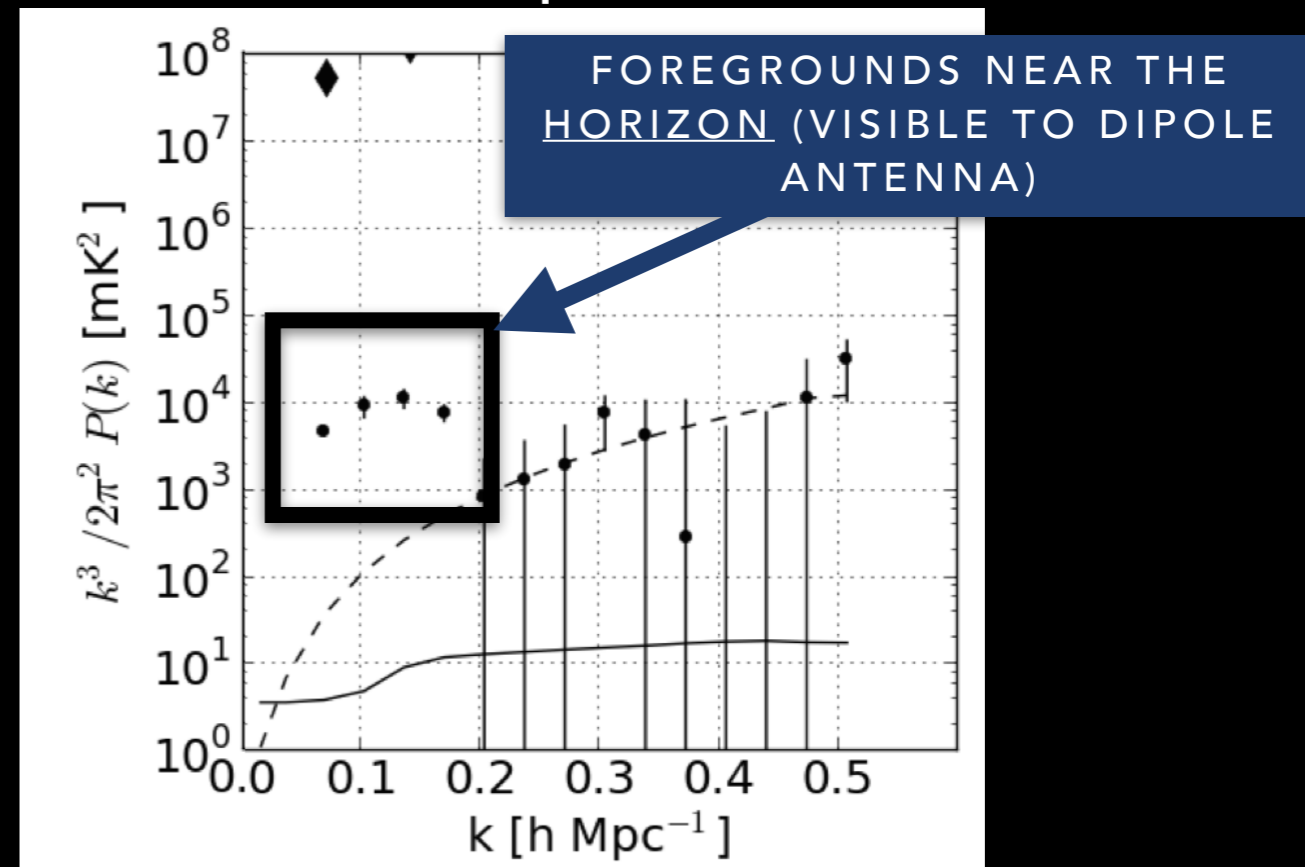
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IN COLLABORATION REVIEW

physics grad student, ASU

MURCHISON WIDEFIELD ARRAY

MURCHISON WIDEFIELD ARRAY



Location: Western Australia
Pre-cursor to Square Kilometer Array
128 phased array tiles

MWA EoR Results Summary

(Jacobs et al, 2016 in review)

Productive, Open time instrument
40% of time on 21cm science,
(Jacobs et al, observing)

MURCHISON WIDEFIELD ARRAY

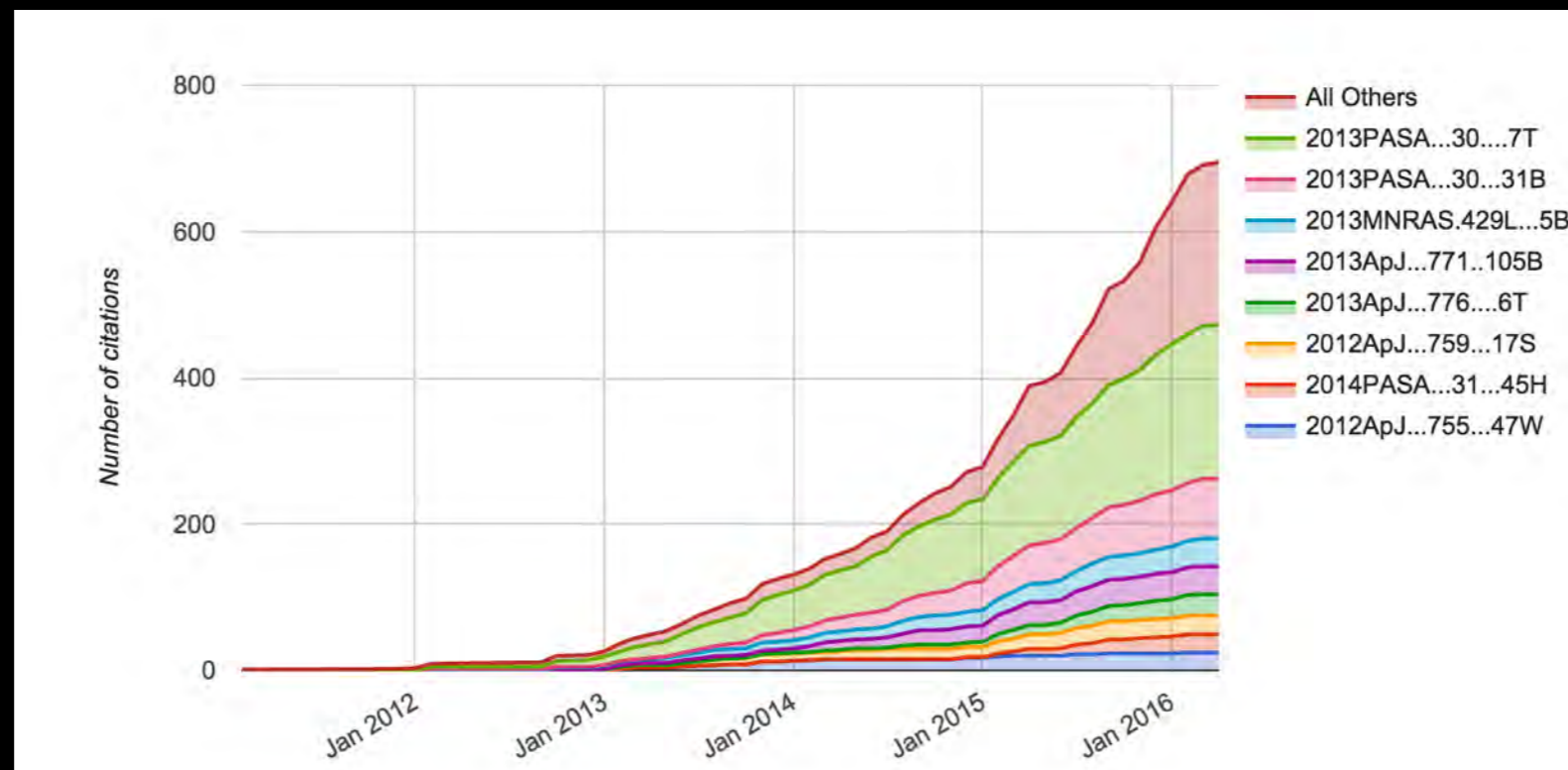


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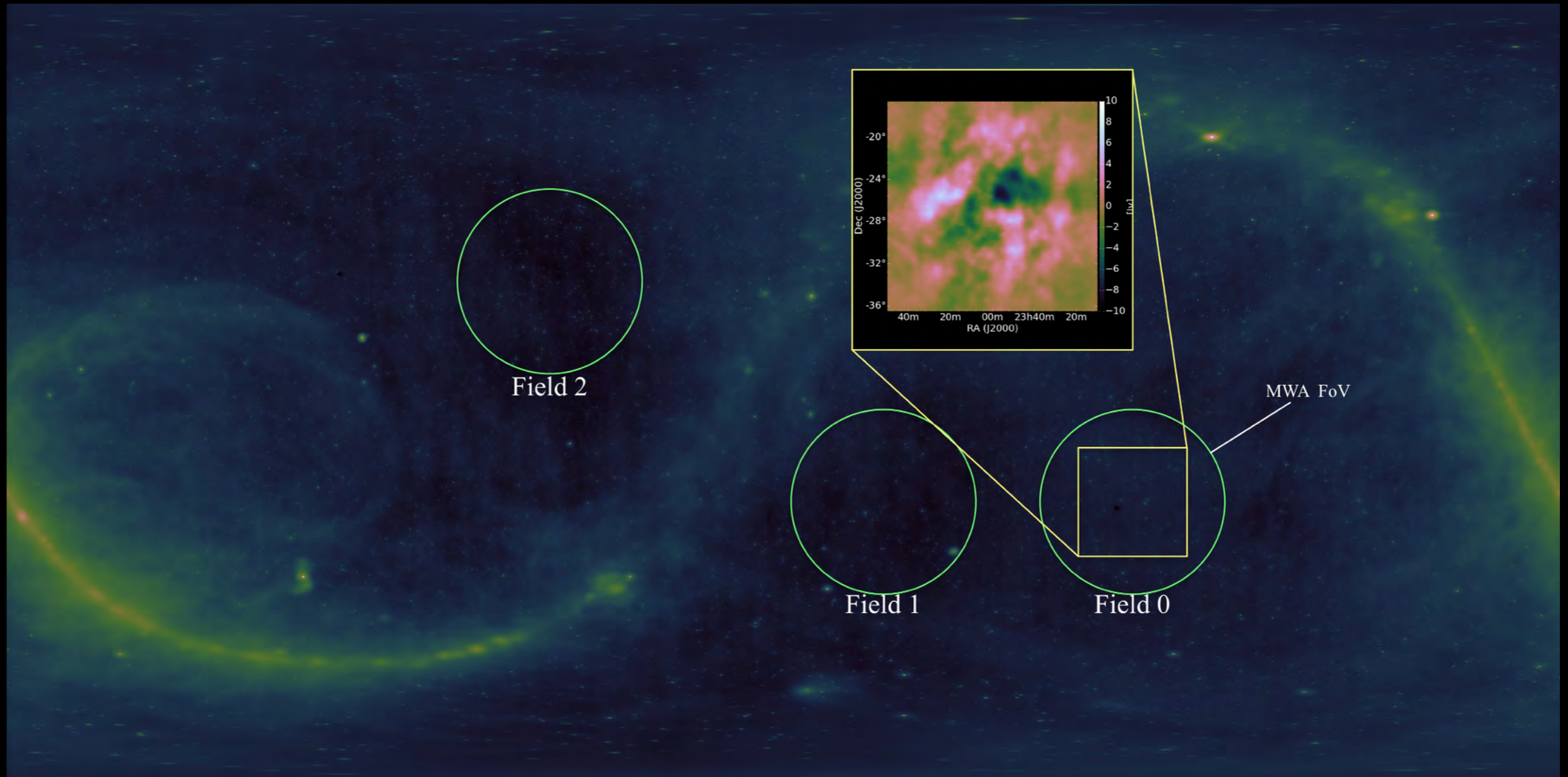
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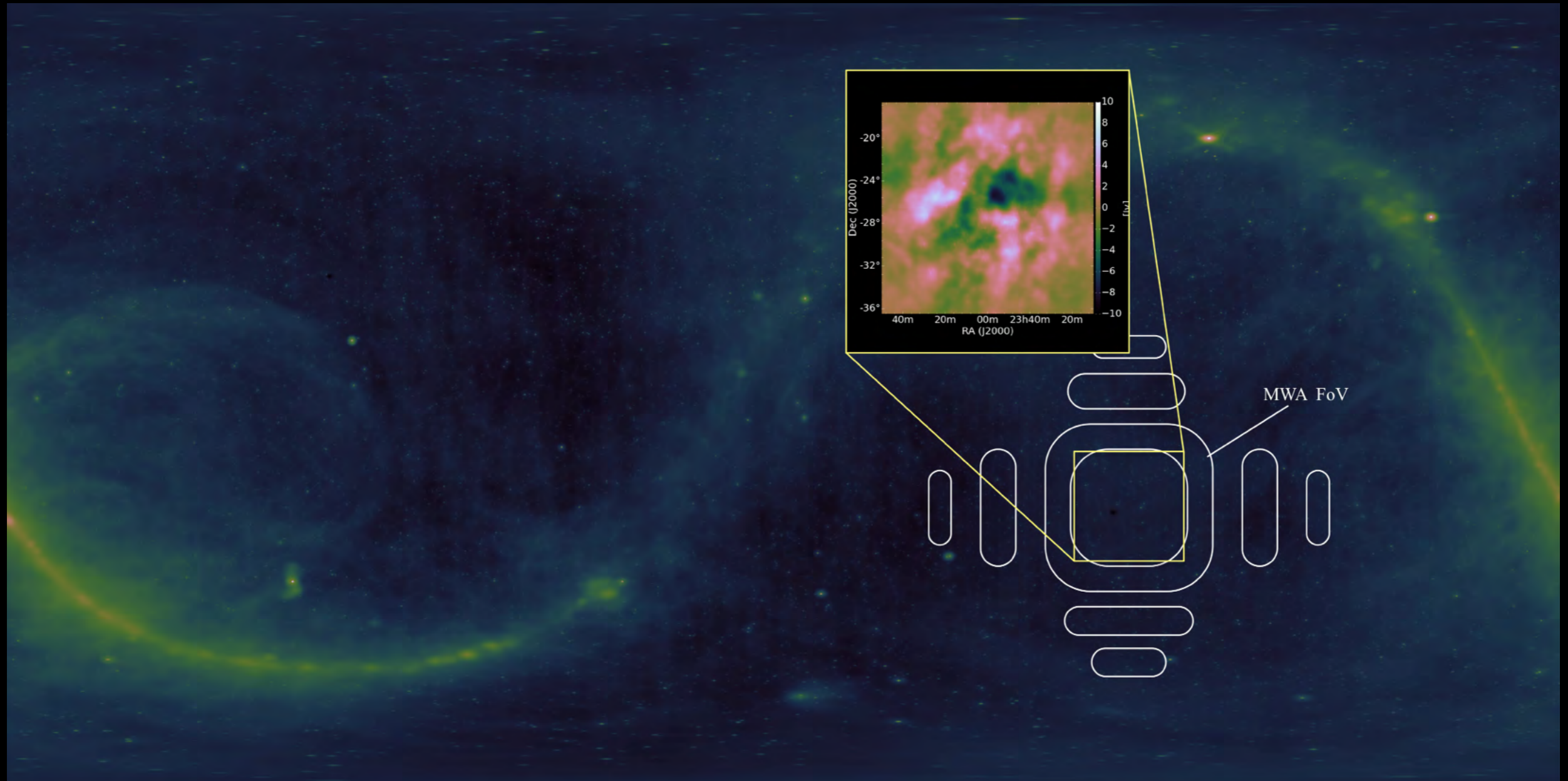
MWA REIONIZATION RESULTS

NSF Astronomy and Astrophysics Grant 1410719, Jacobs PI

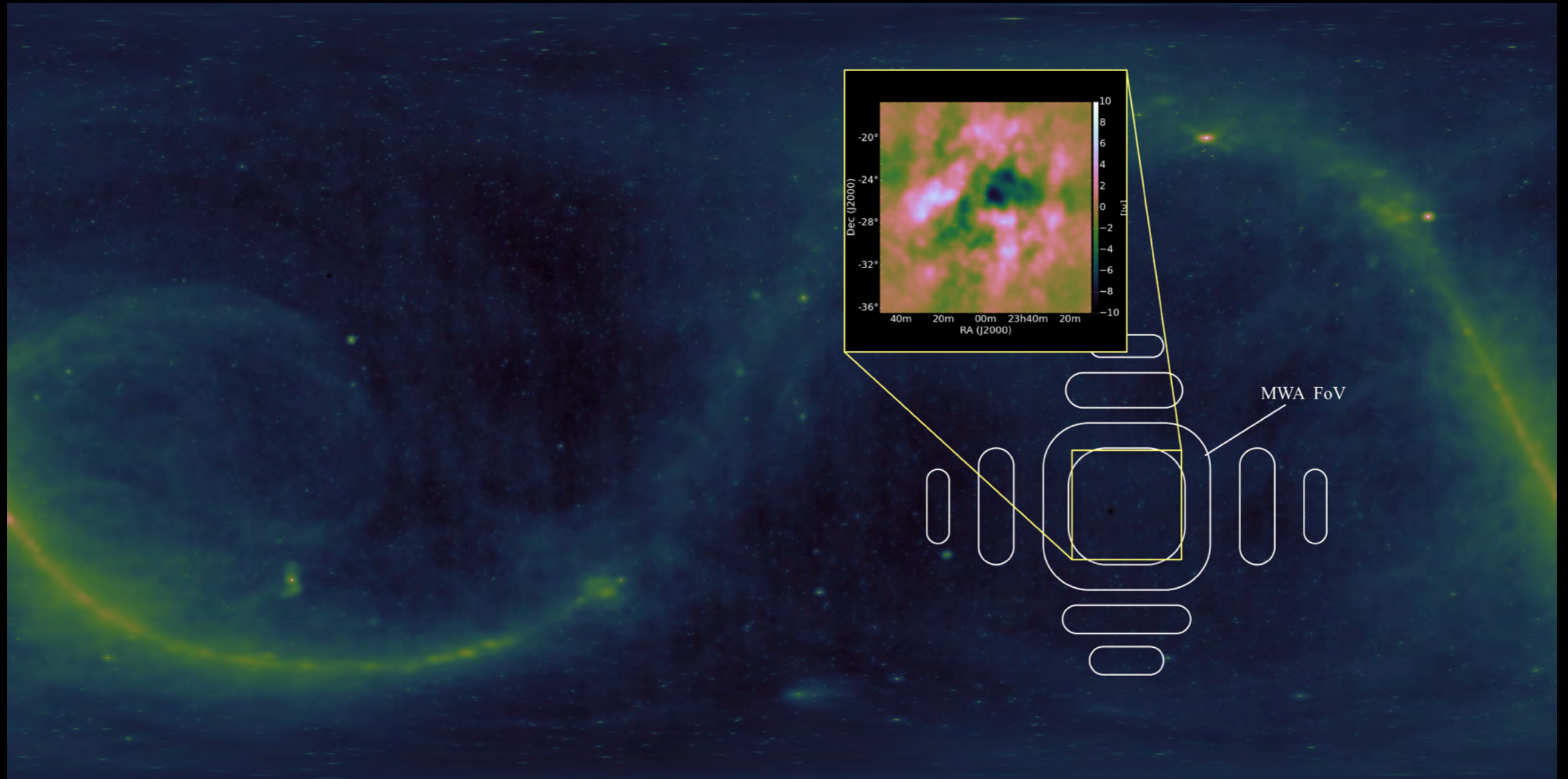


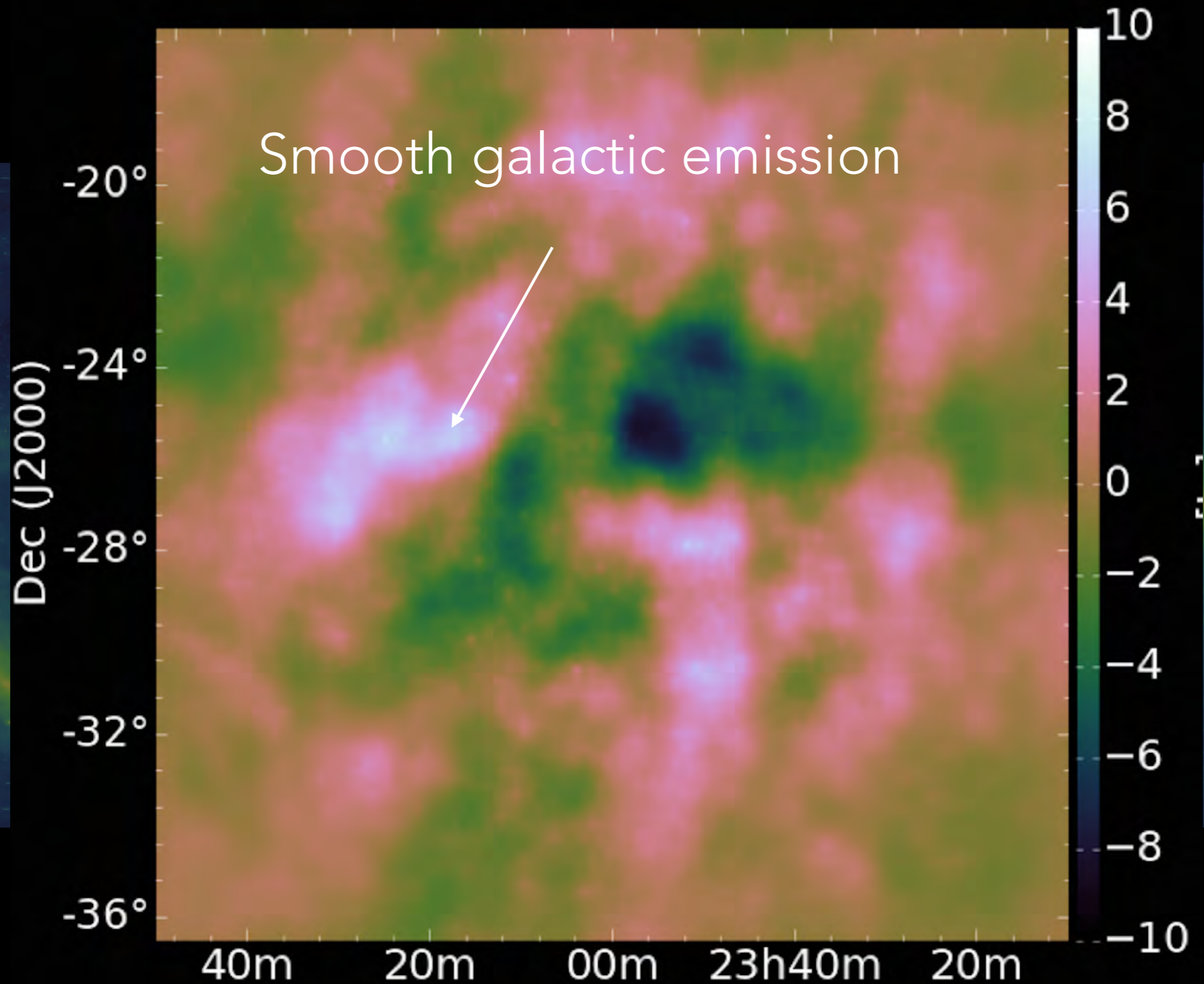
MWA REIONIZATION RESULTS

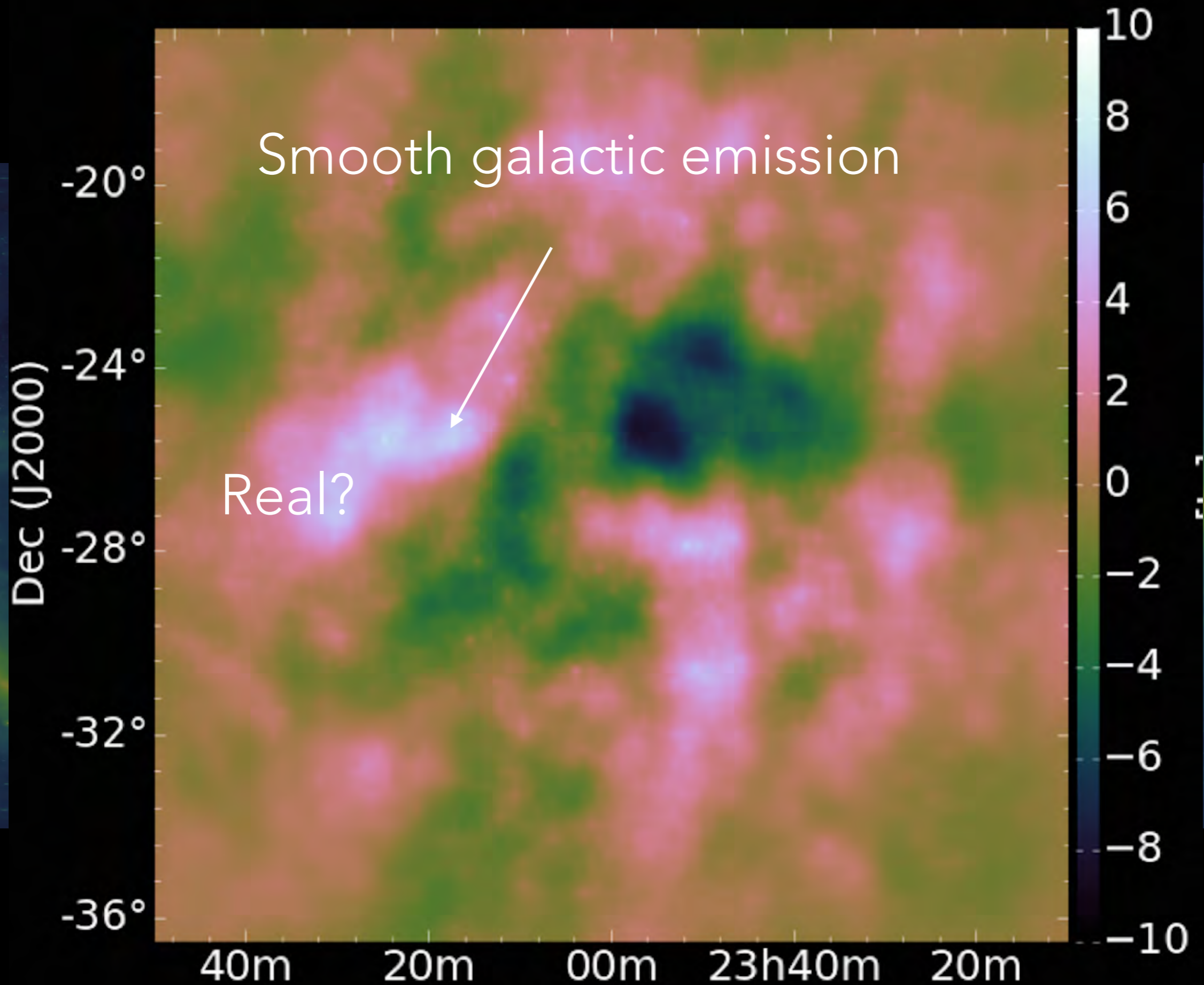
NSF Astronomy and Astrophysics Grant 1410719, Jacobs PI

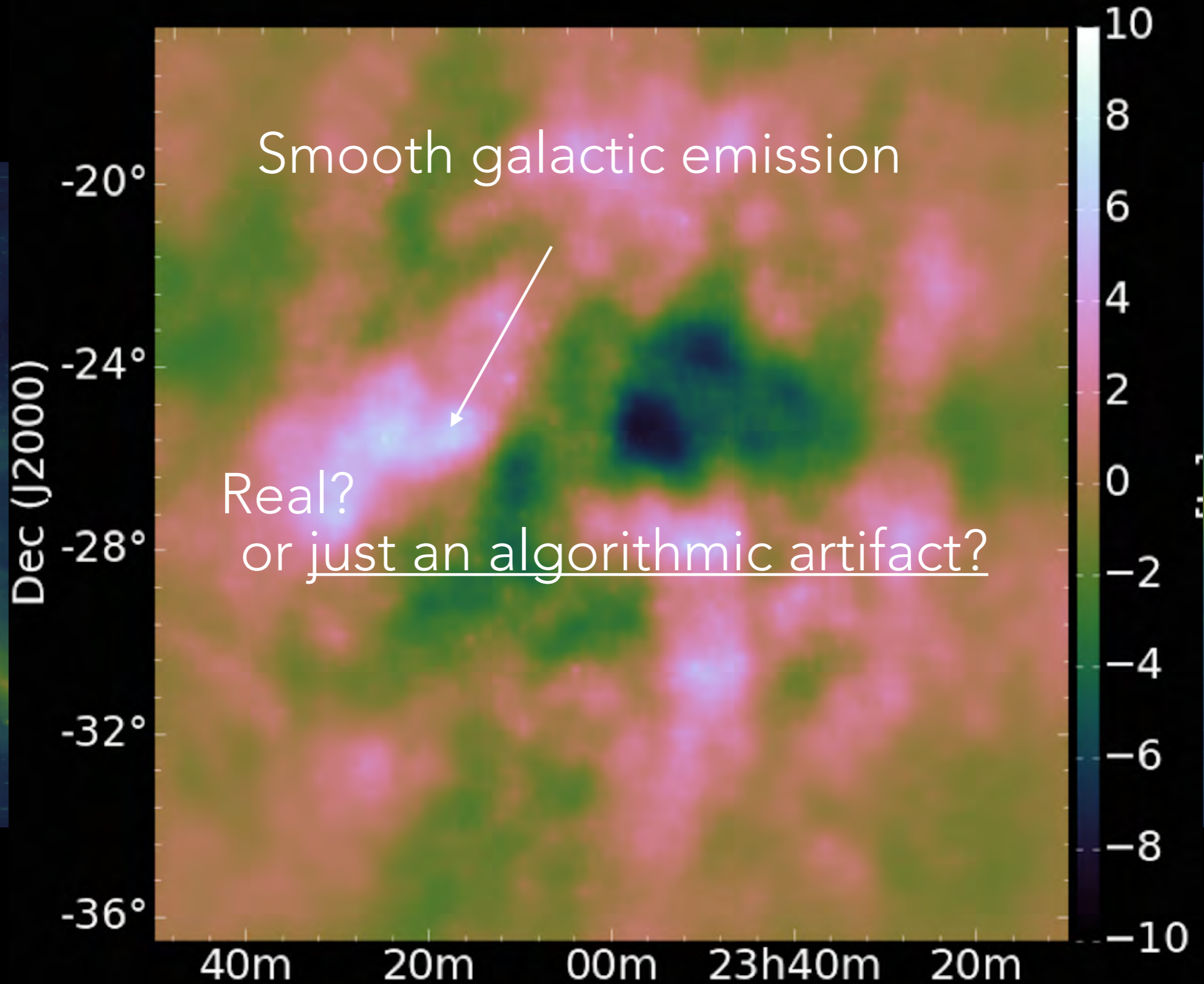


MWA REIONIZATION RESULTS



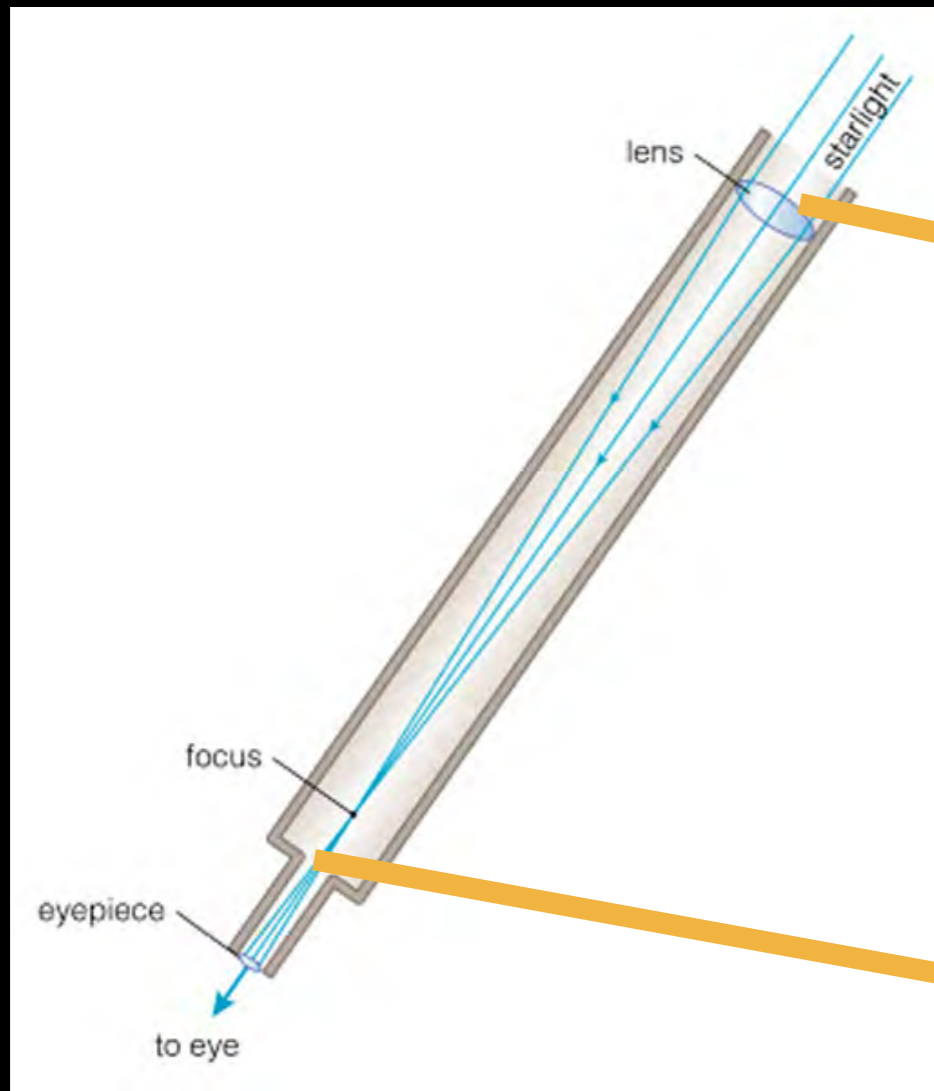
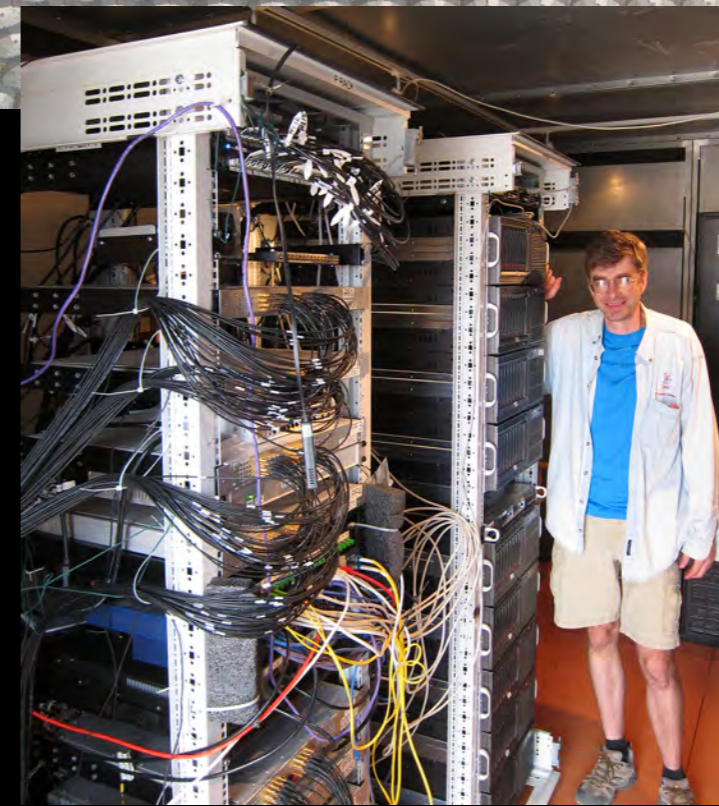
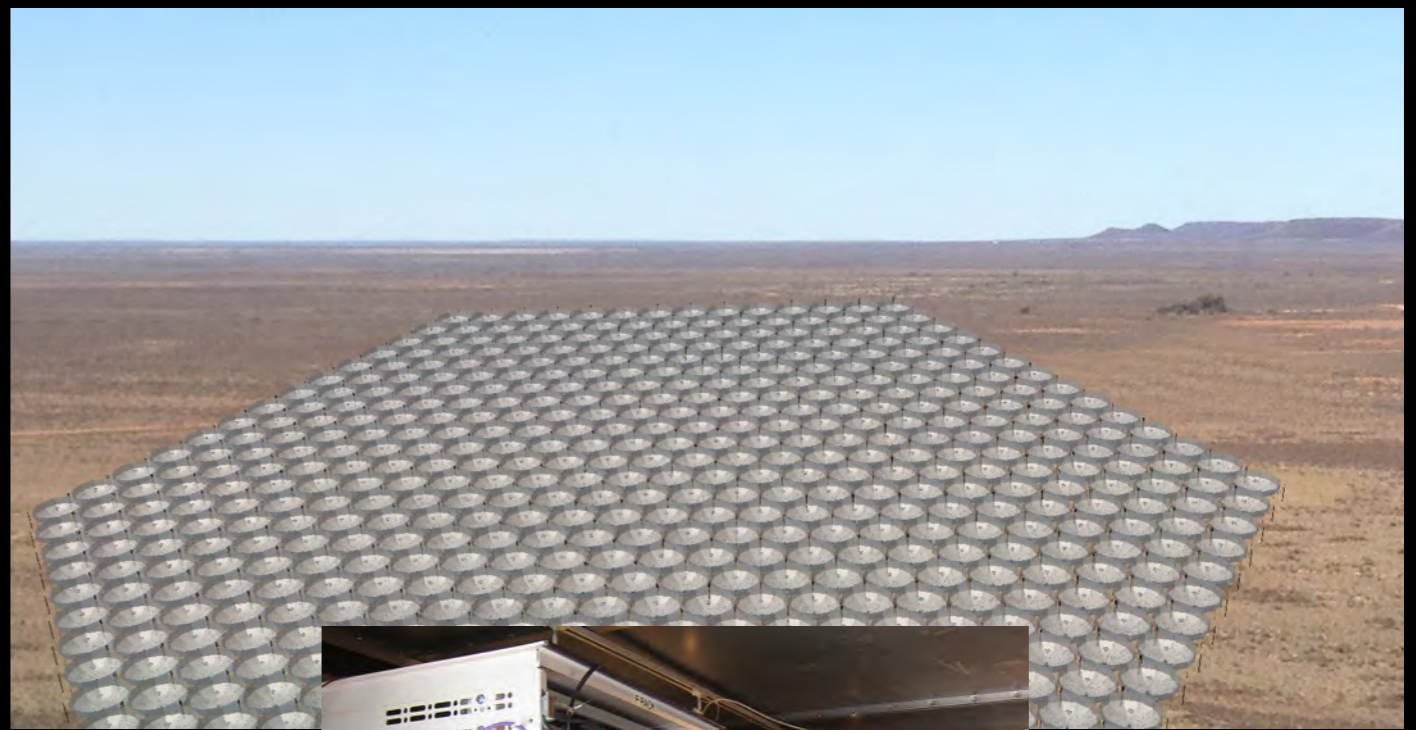




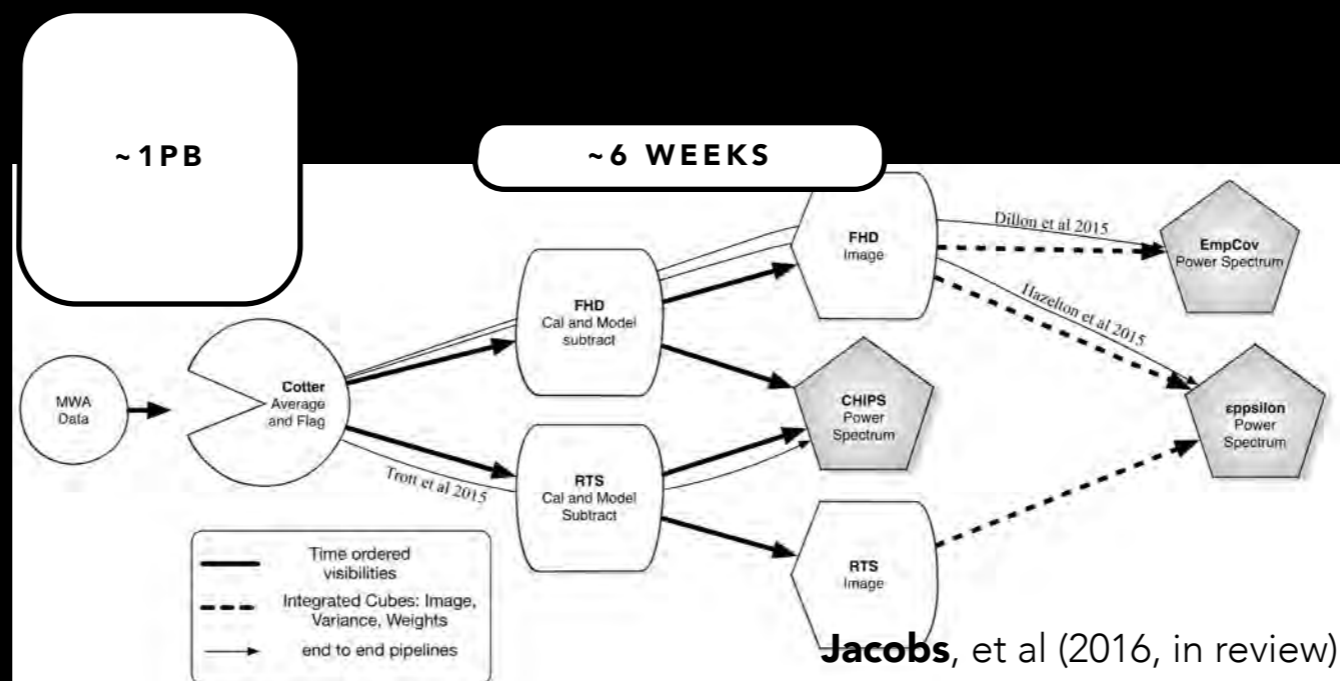


BIG INTERFEROMETERS

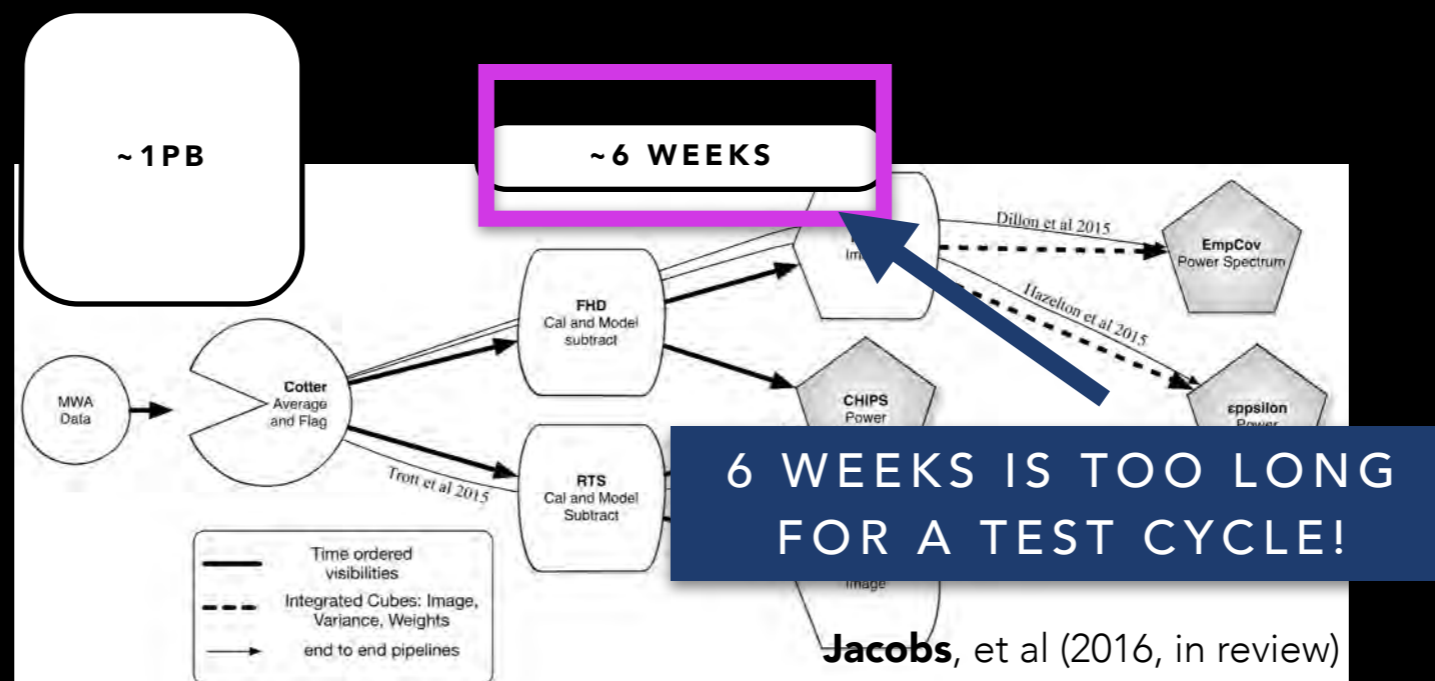
ARE **SOFTWARE** TELESCOPES



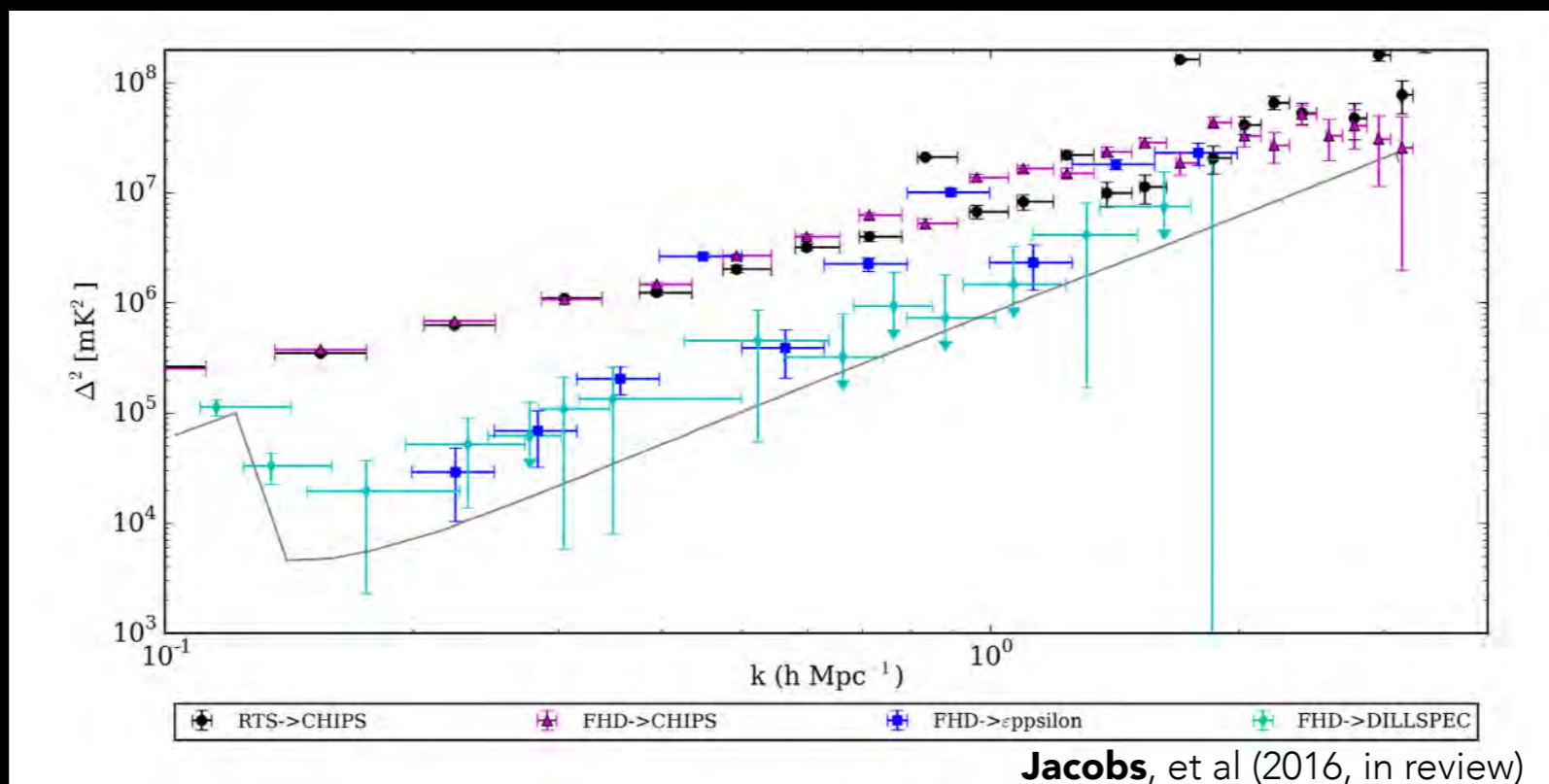
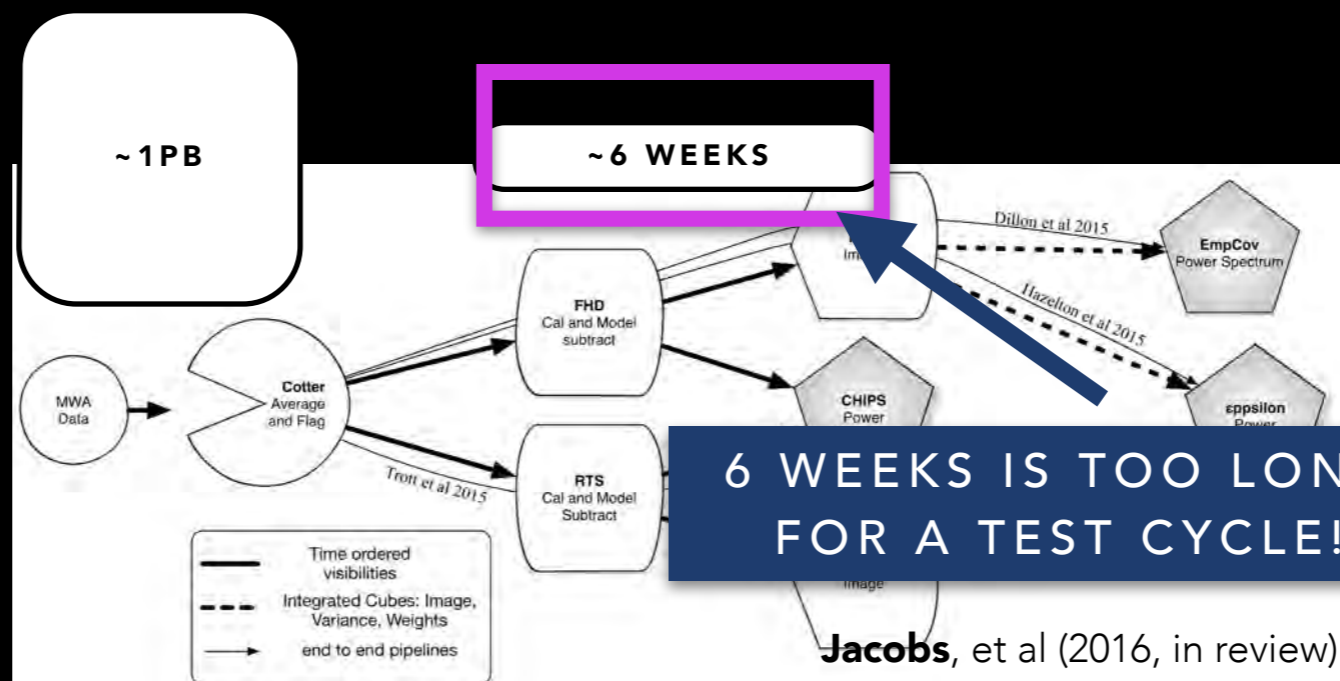
PROVING OUT THE MWA PIPELINE



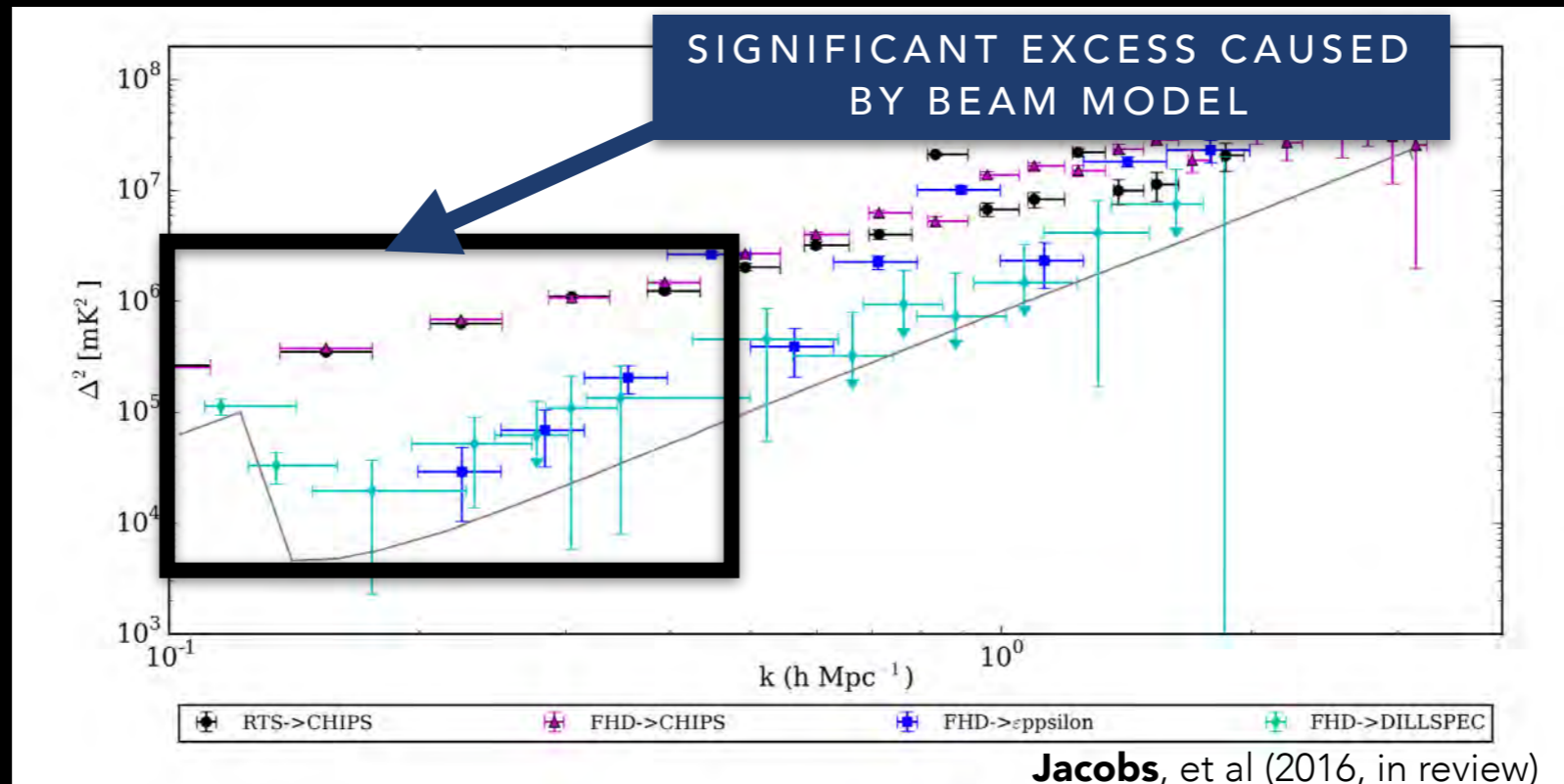
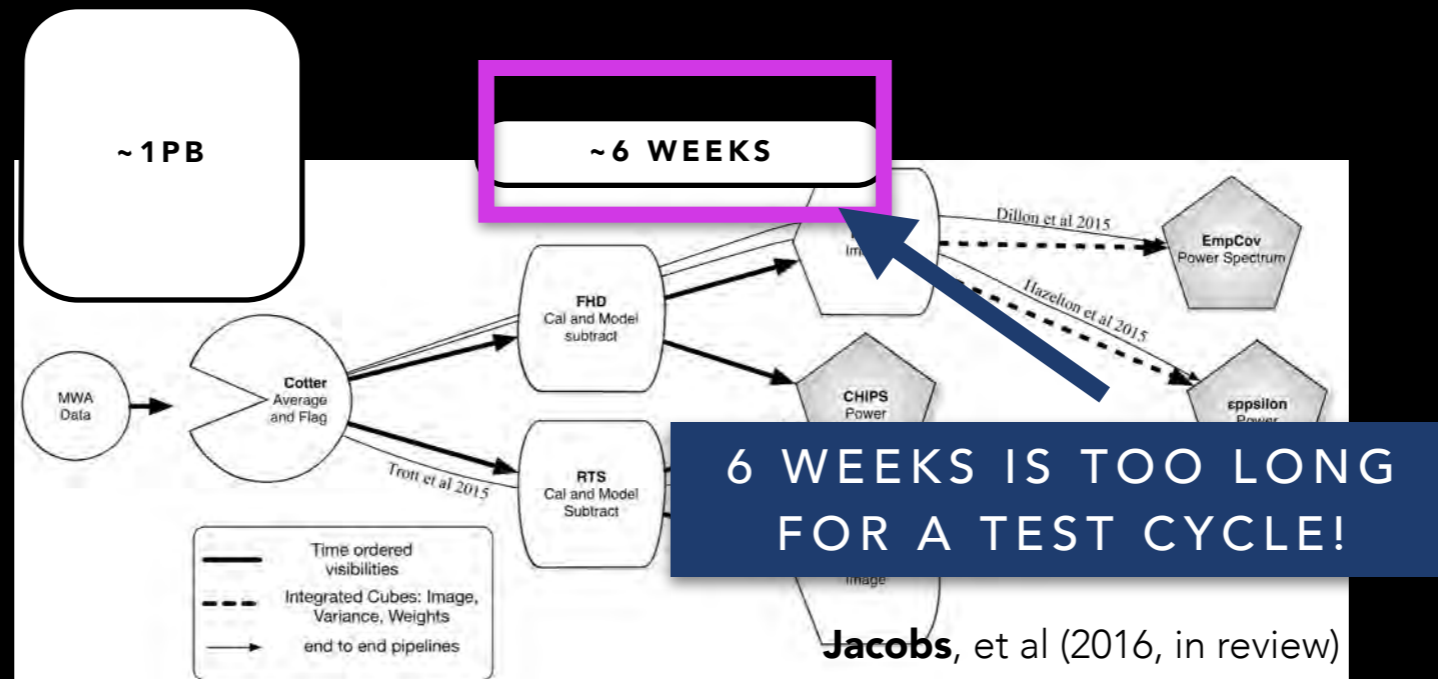
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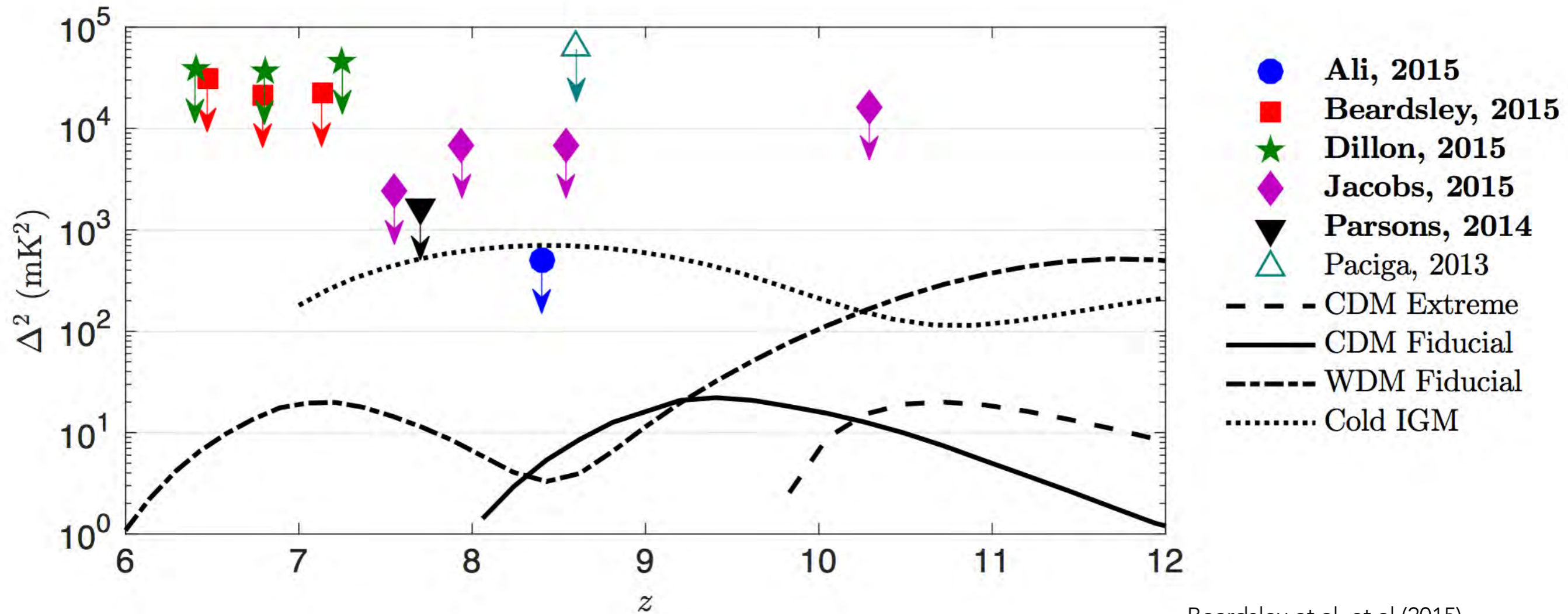
PROVING OUT THE MWA PIPELINE



PROVING OUT THE MWA PIPELINE



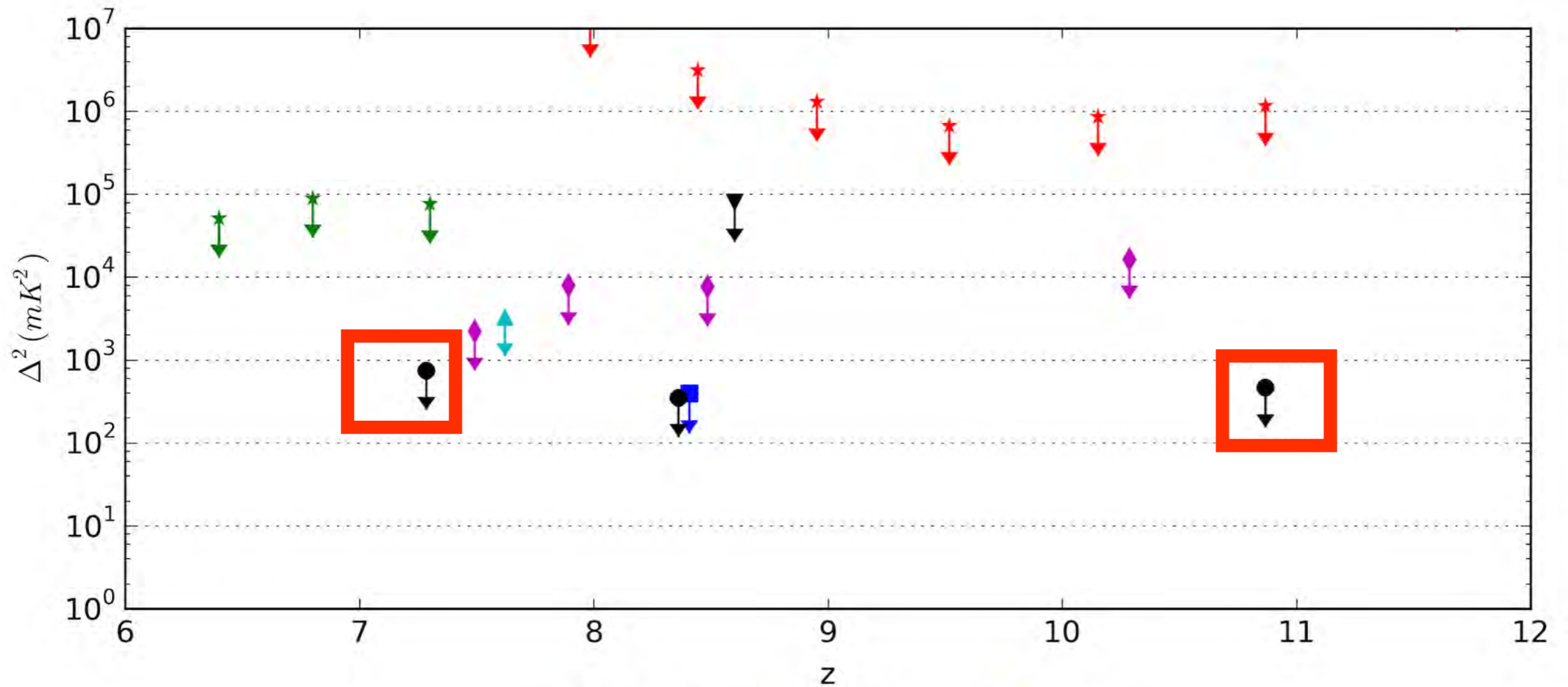
ALL CURRENT LIMITS: MWA AND PAPER



Beardsley et al, et al (2015)

COLD IGM RULED OUT. XRAYs FROM FIRST STARS!

ADDING LATEST PAPER YEAR 2 DATA

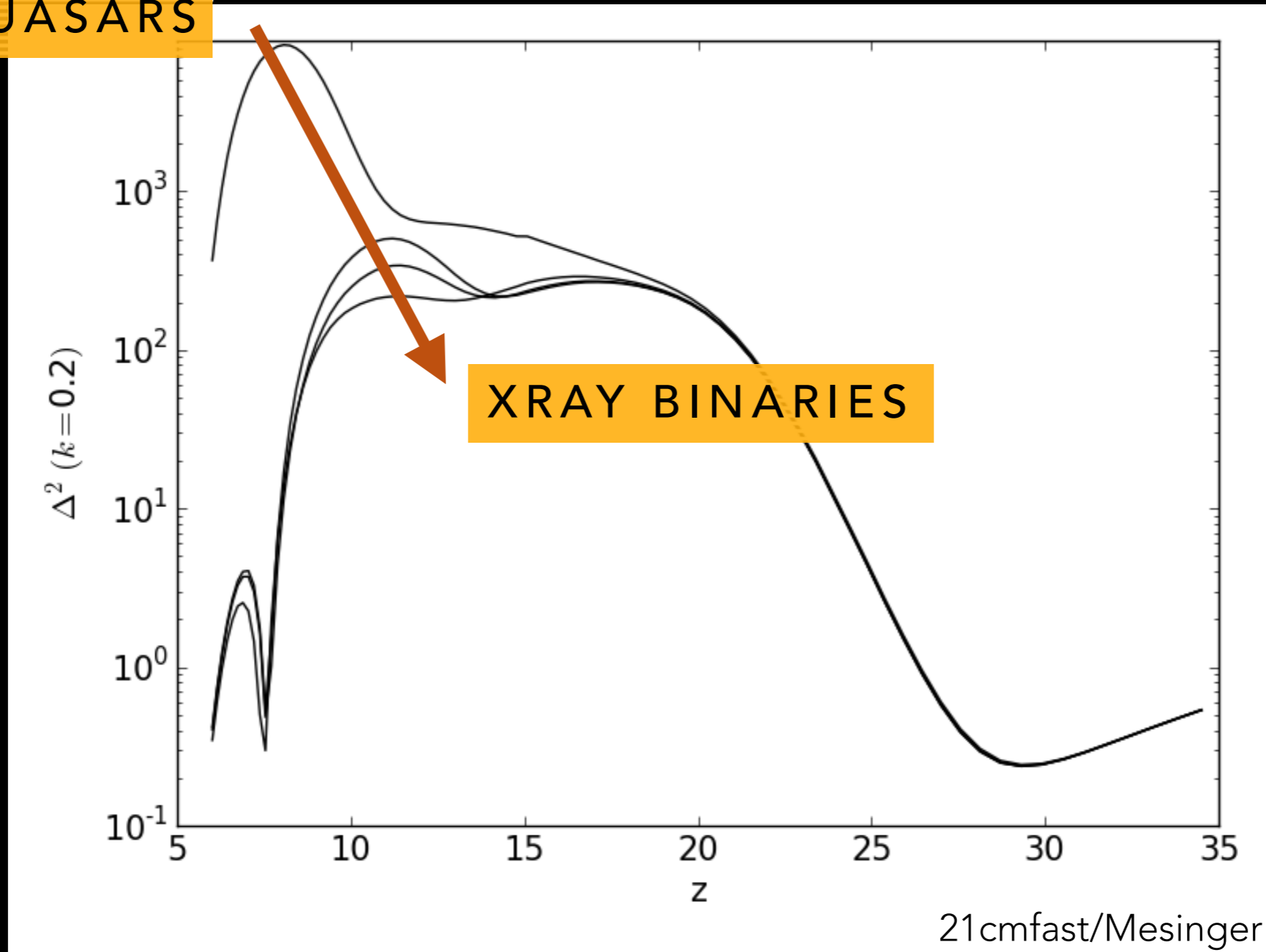


- ★ Dillon, 2014
- ★ Dillon, 2015
- ▼ Paciga, 2013
- ◆ Jacobs, 2015
- ▲ Parsons, 2014
- Ali, 2015
- Kolopanis 2016

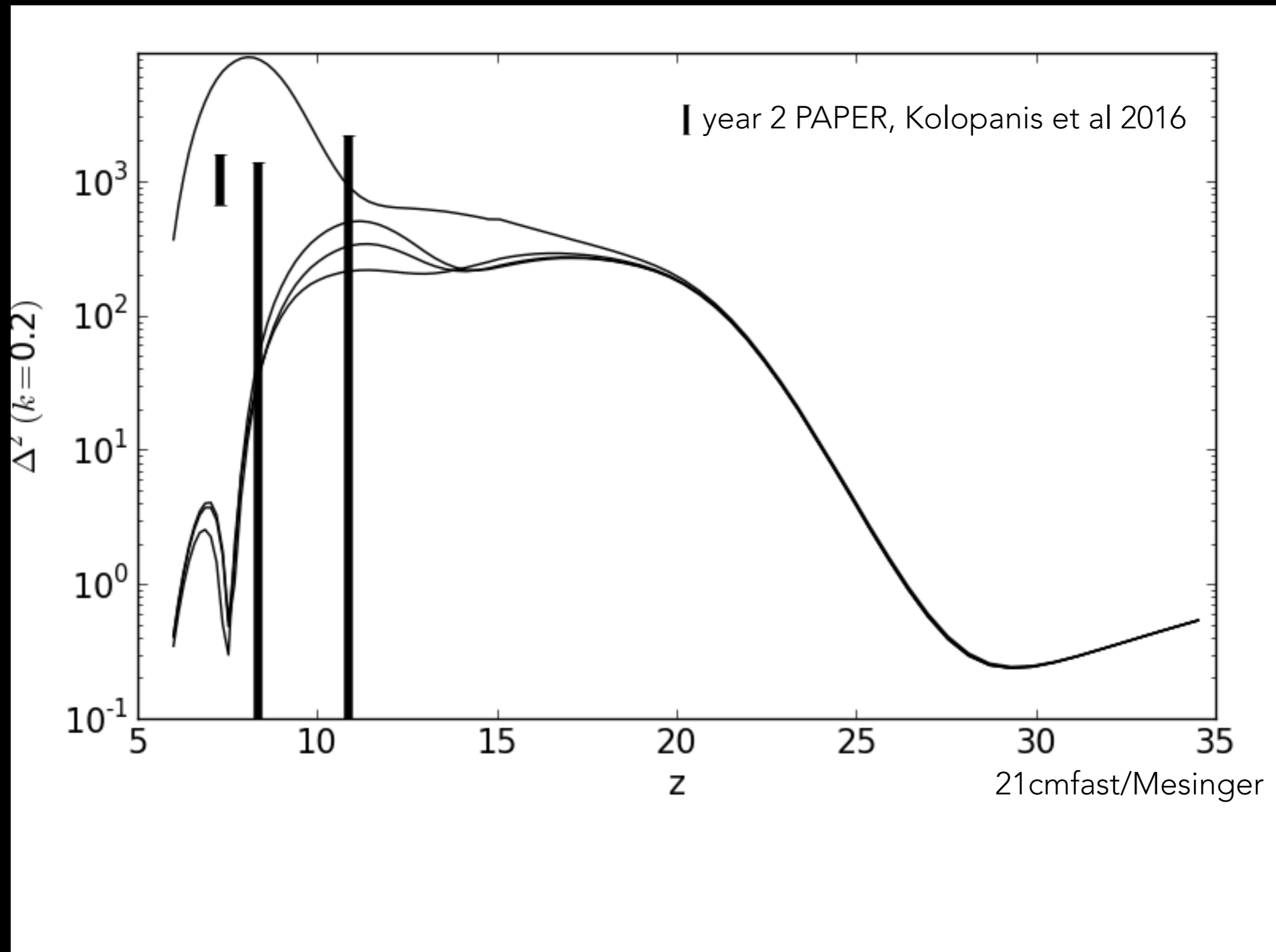
Kolopanis, **Jacobs** et al (2016, under internal review)

DETECTING THE FIRST HEAT

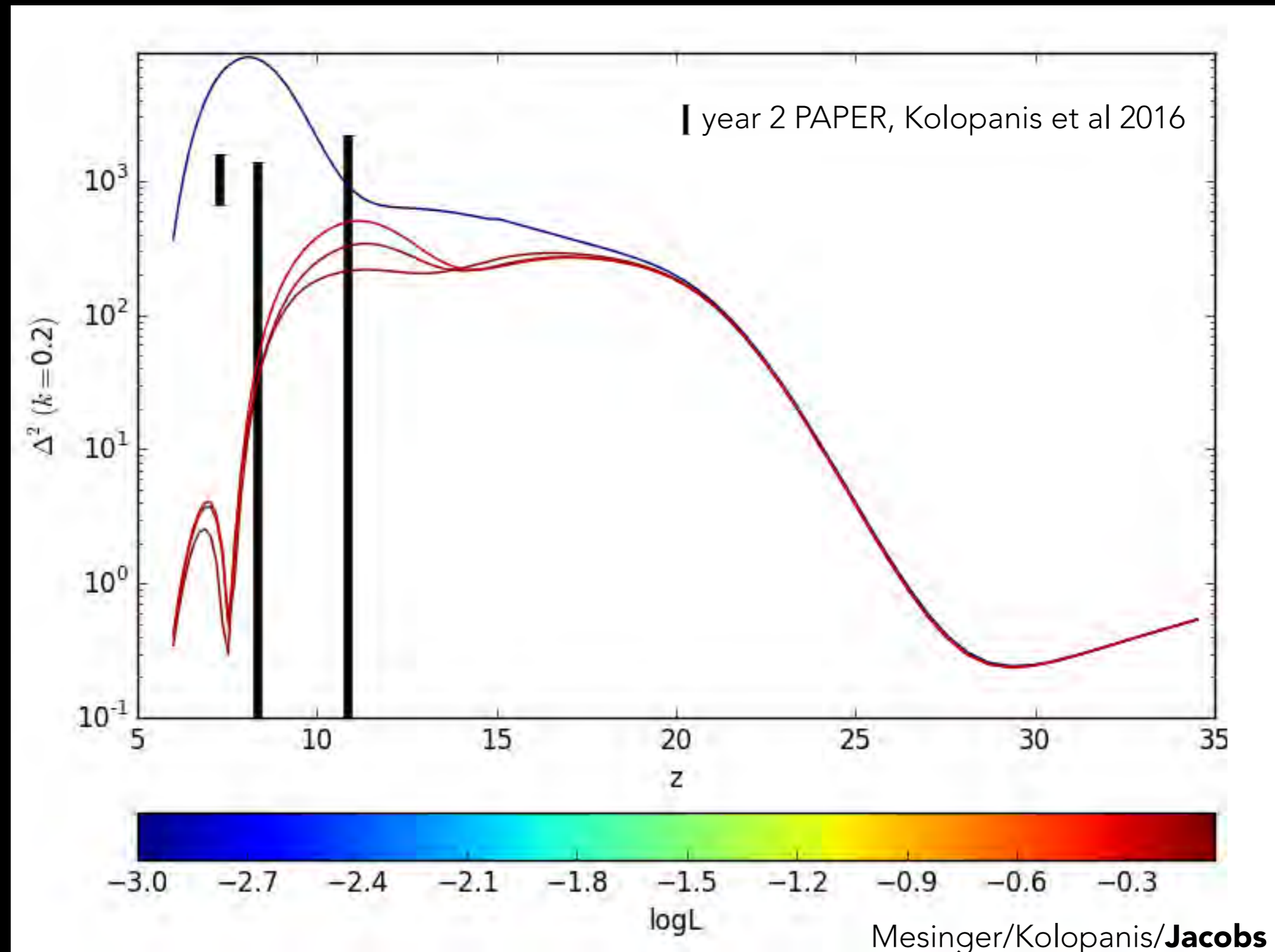
QUASARS



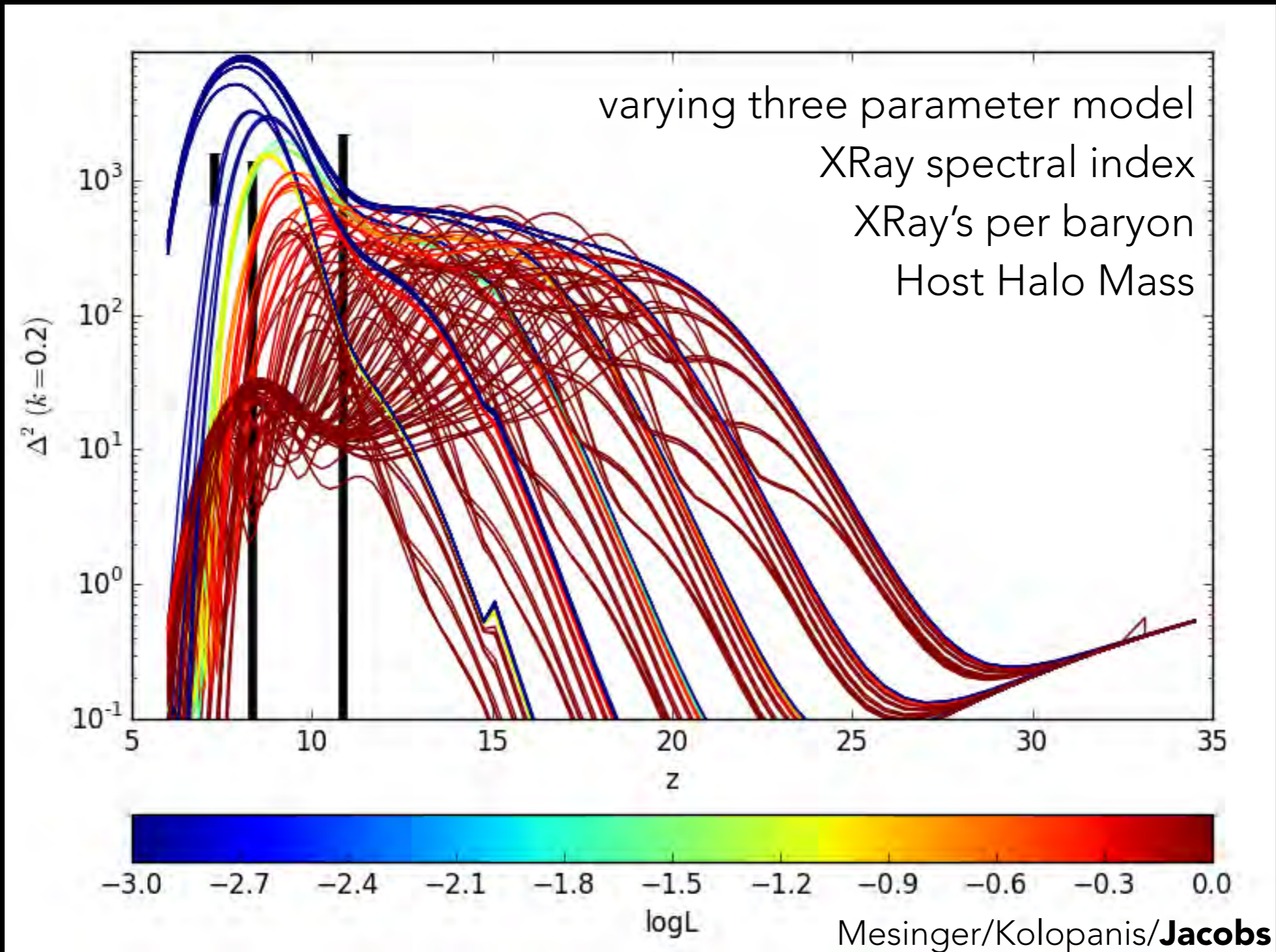
DETECTING THE FIRST HEAT



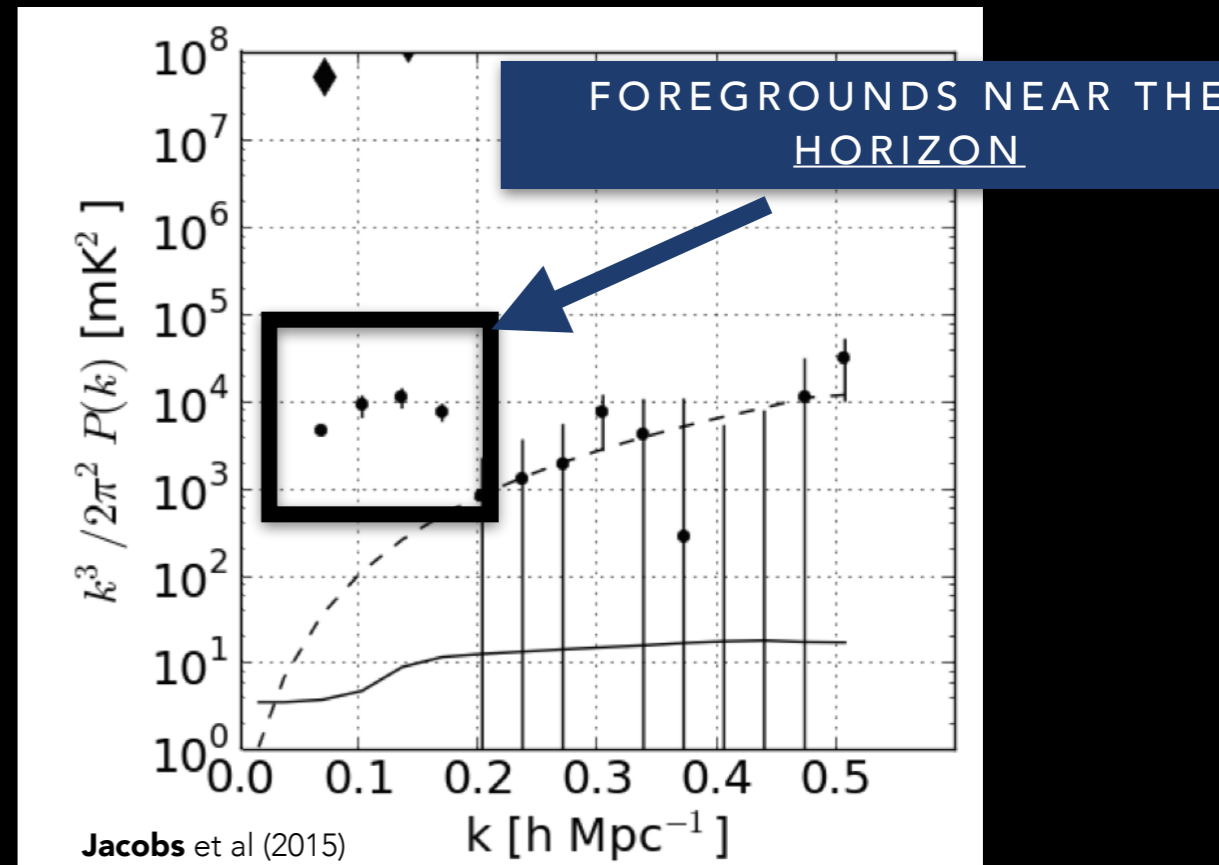
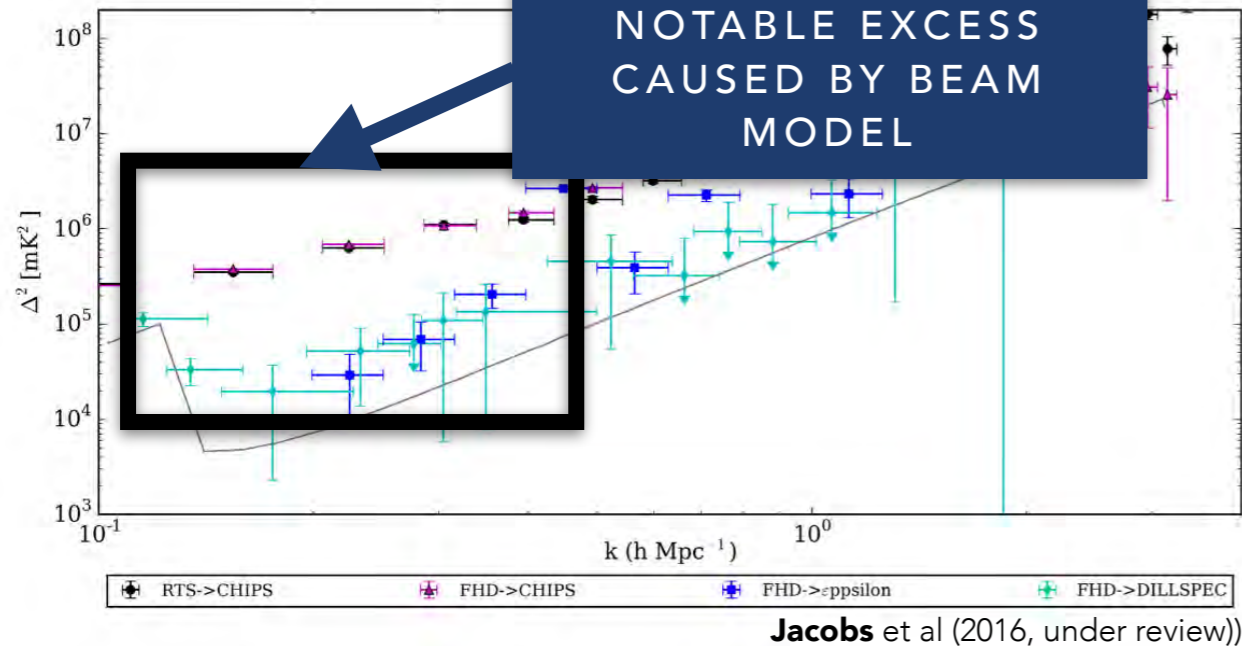
DETECTING THE FIRST HEAT



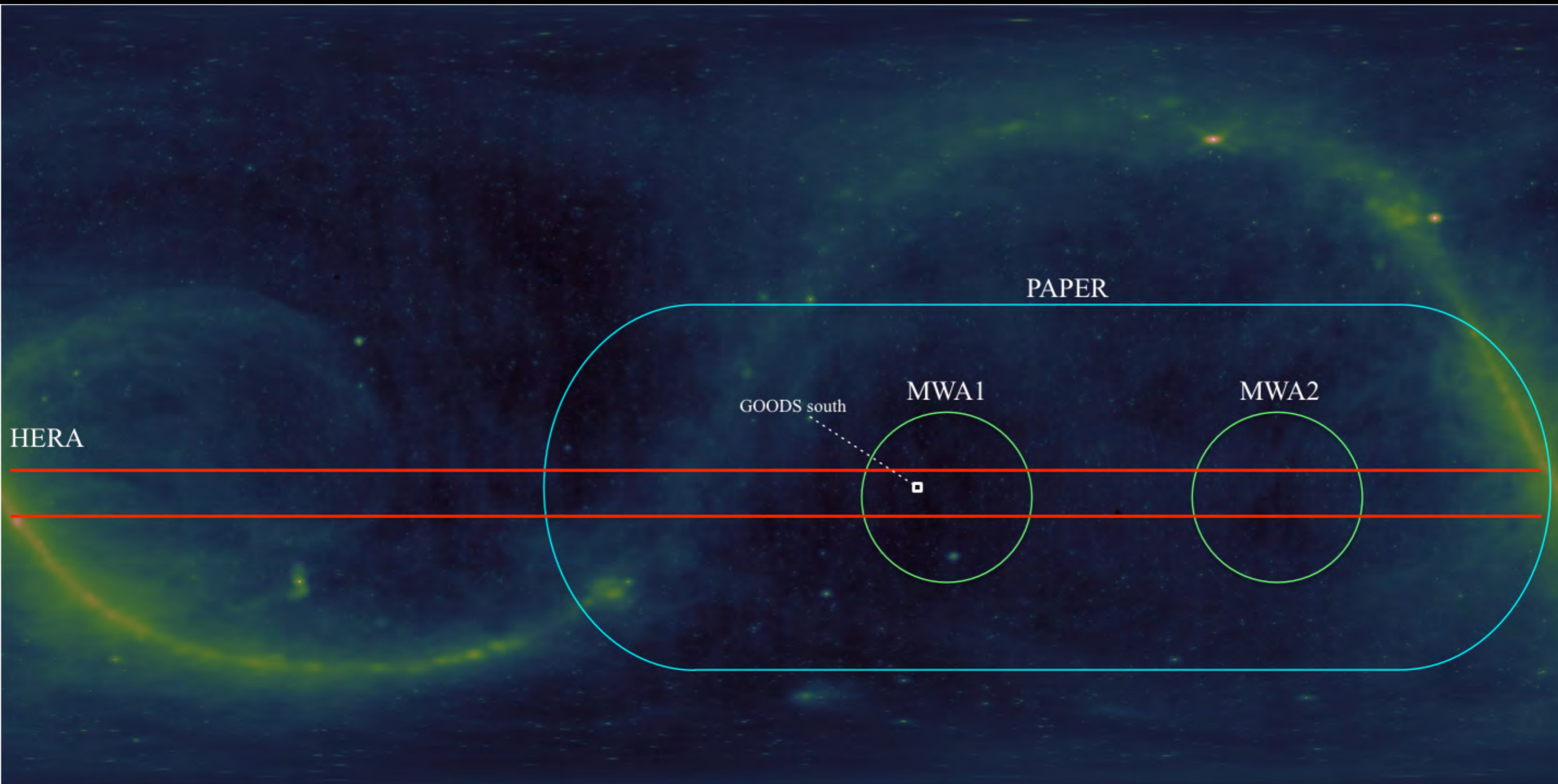
RULING OUT MORE HEATING SCENARIOS



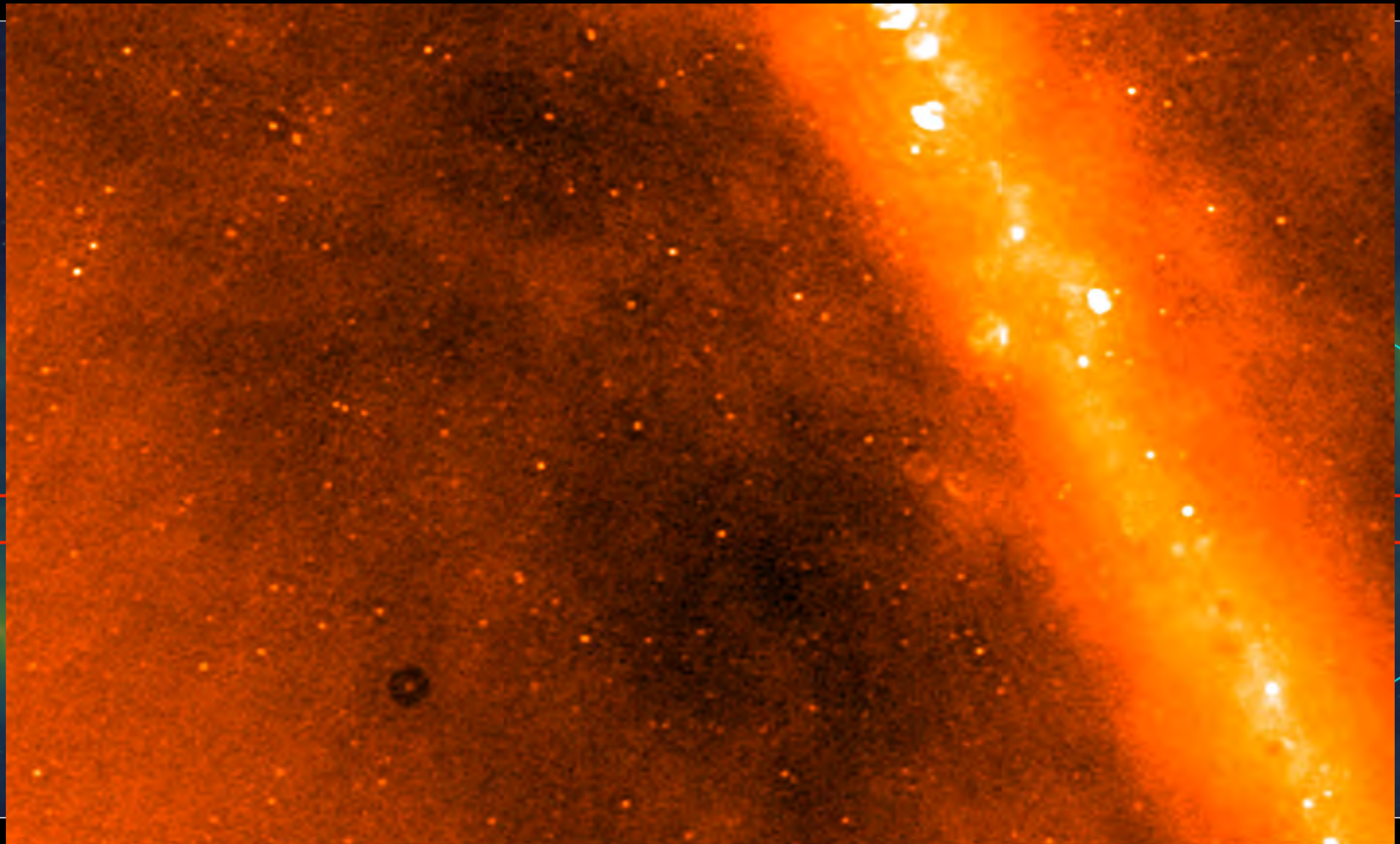
FOREGROUND EXCESSES POINT TO BEAM MODEL INACCURACIES



Foreground - Beam mixing



Foreground - Beam mixing



Foreground - Beam mixing

Bright (100s of Kelvin, compared to 10s of mK
21cm)

HERA

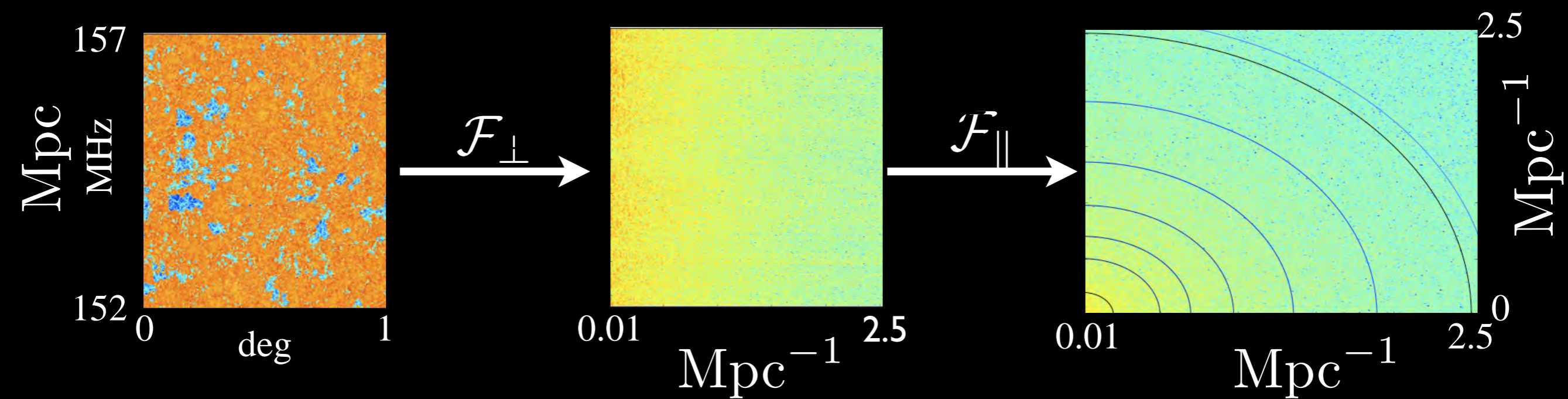
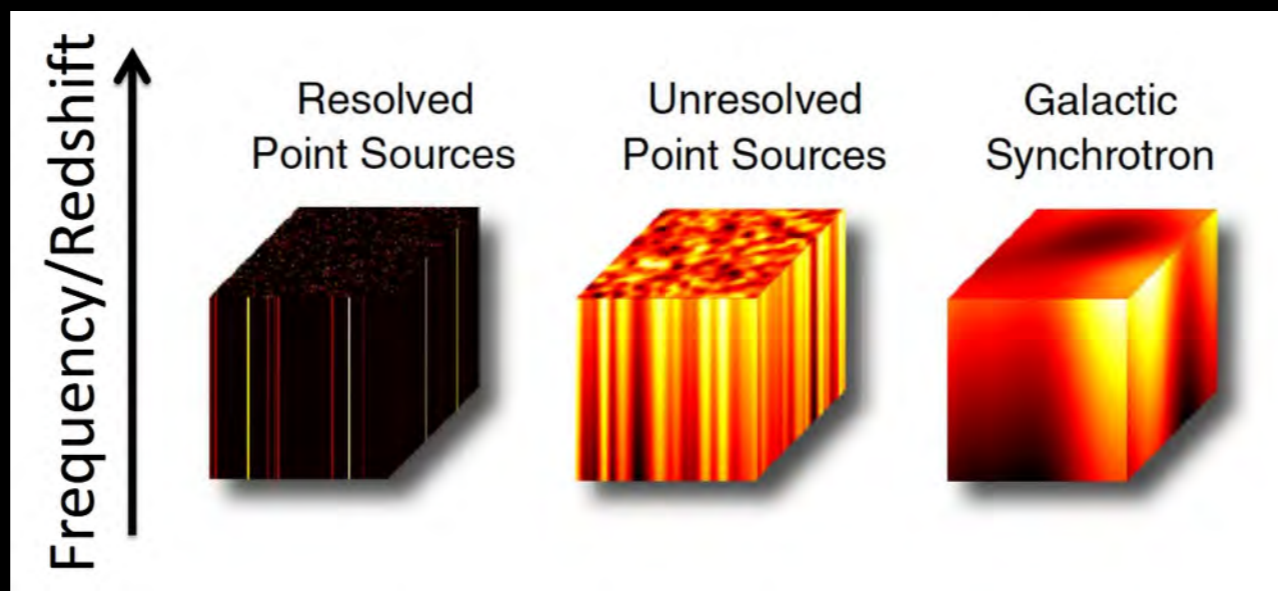
Foreground - Beam mixing

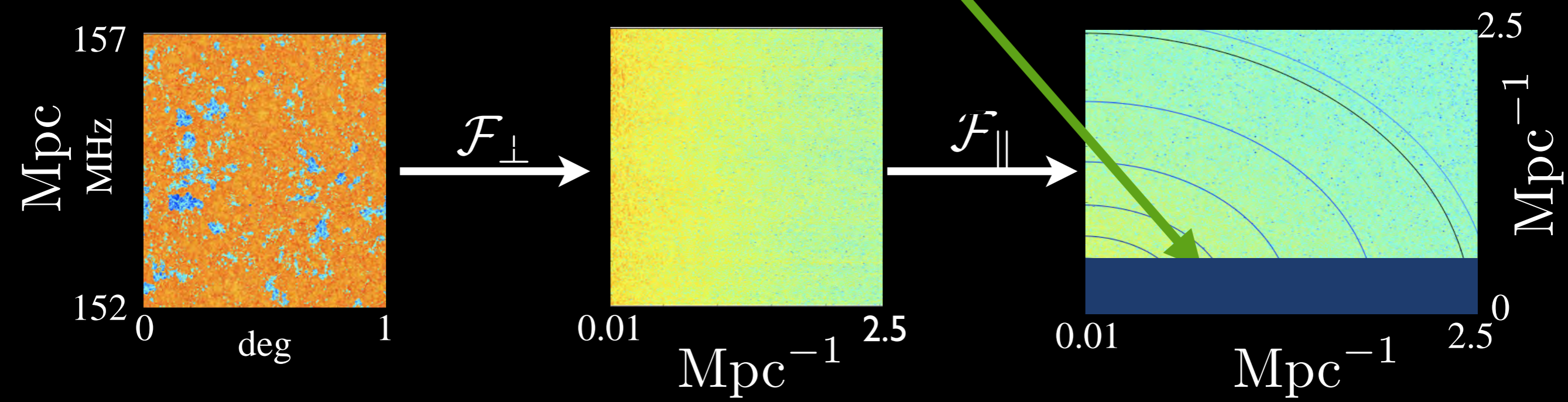
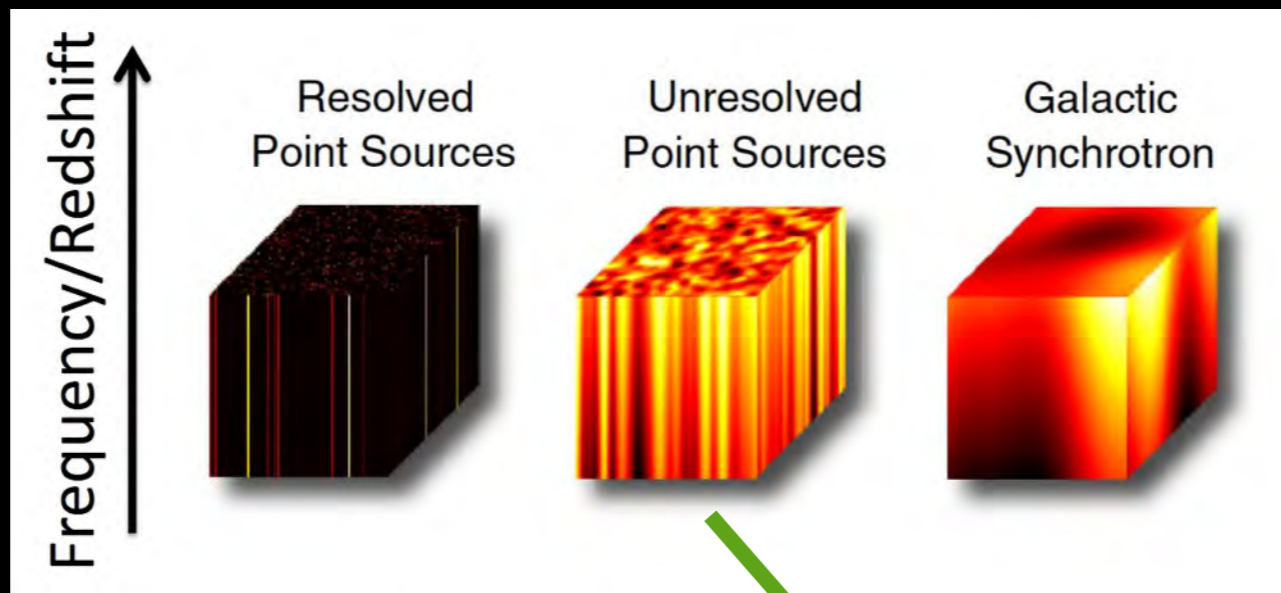


Bright (100s of Kelvin, compared to 10s of mK
21cm)

Spectrally smooth (mainly synchrotron)

HERA

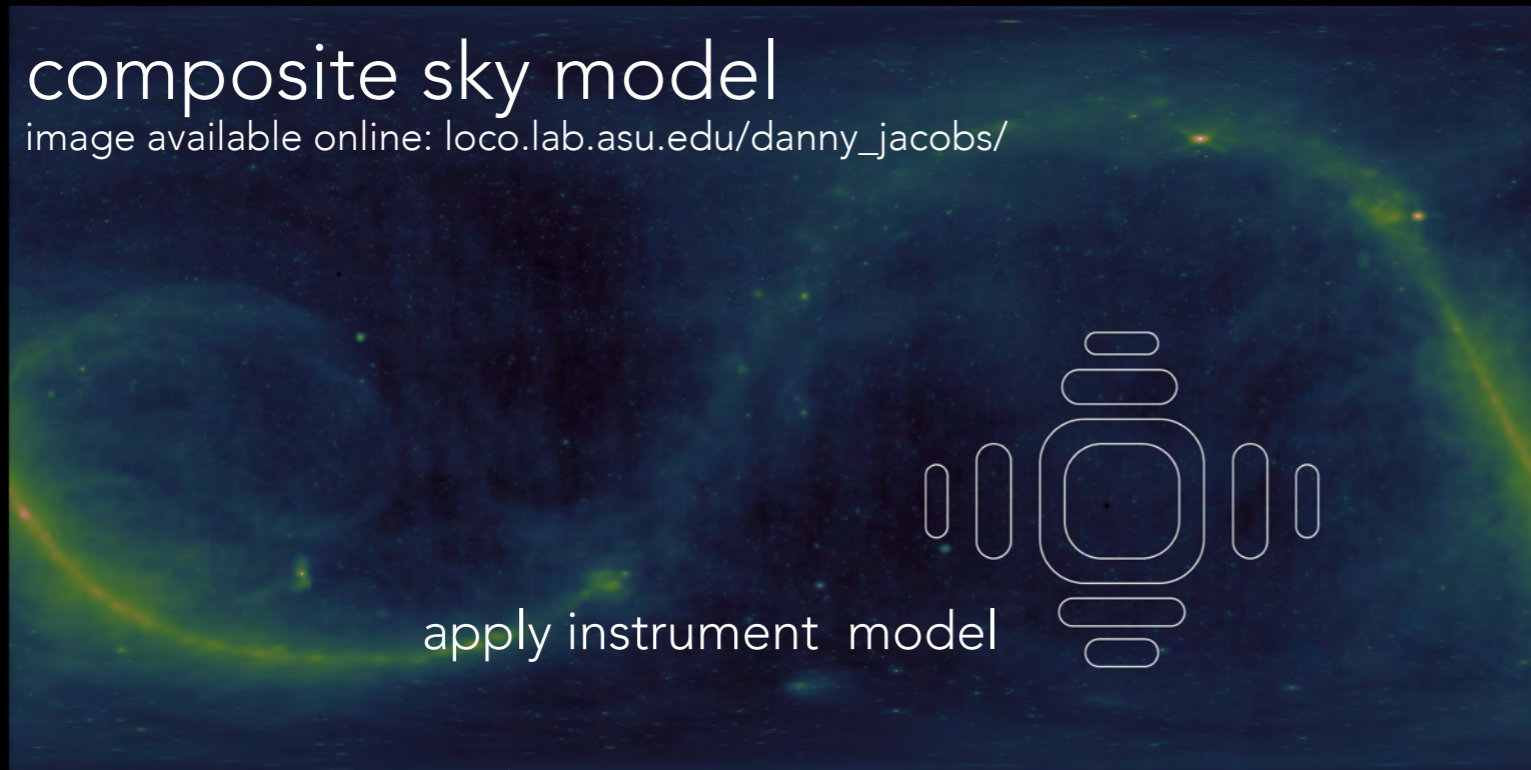




DETAILED INSTRUMENTAL SIMULATION

composite sky model

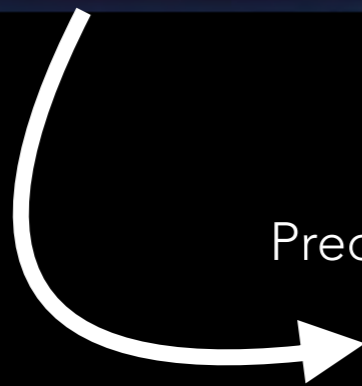
image available online: loco.lab.asu.edu/danny_jacobs/



apply instrument model



MWA

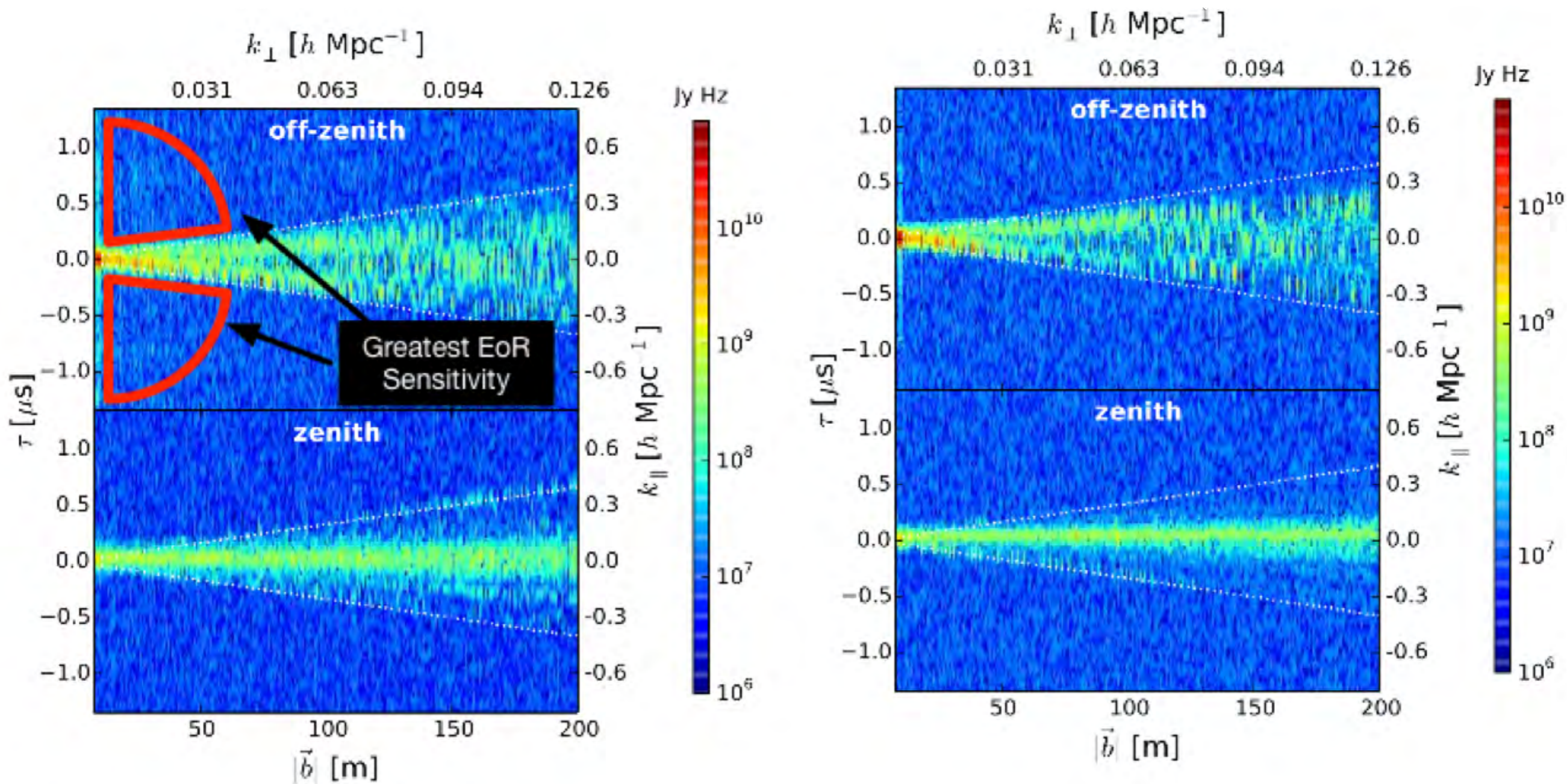


Precision Radio Interferometry Simulation Machine



<https://github.com/dannyjacobs/PRISim>
Thyagarajan, **Jacobs**, et al 2015a
Thyagarajan, **Jacobs**, et al 2015b

Widefield Foreground simulation vs data



<https://github.com/dannyjacobs/PRISim>

Thyagarajan, **Jacobs**, et al 2015a

Thyagarajan, **Jacobs**, et al 2015b

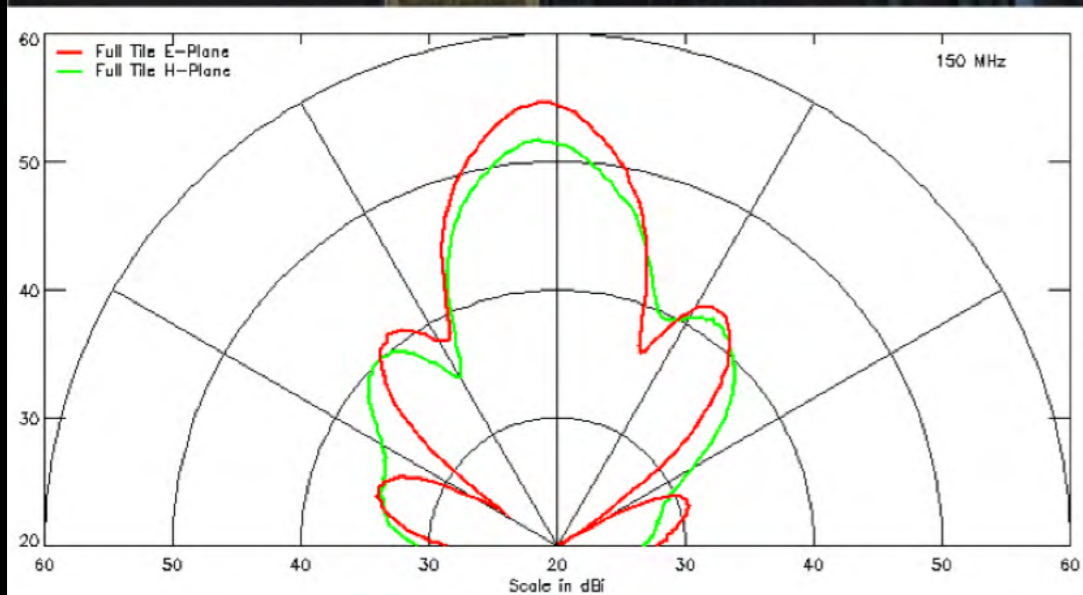
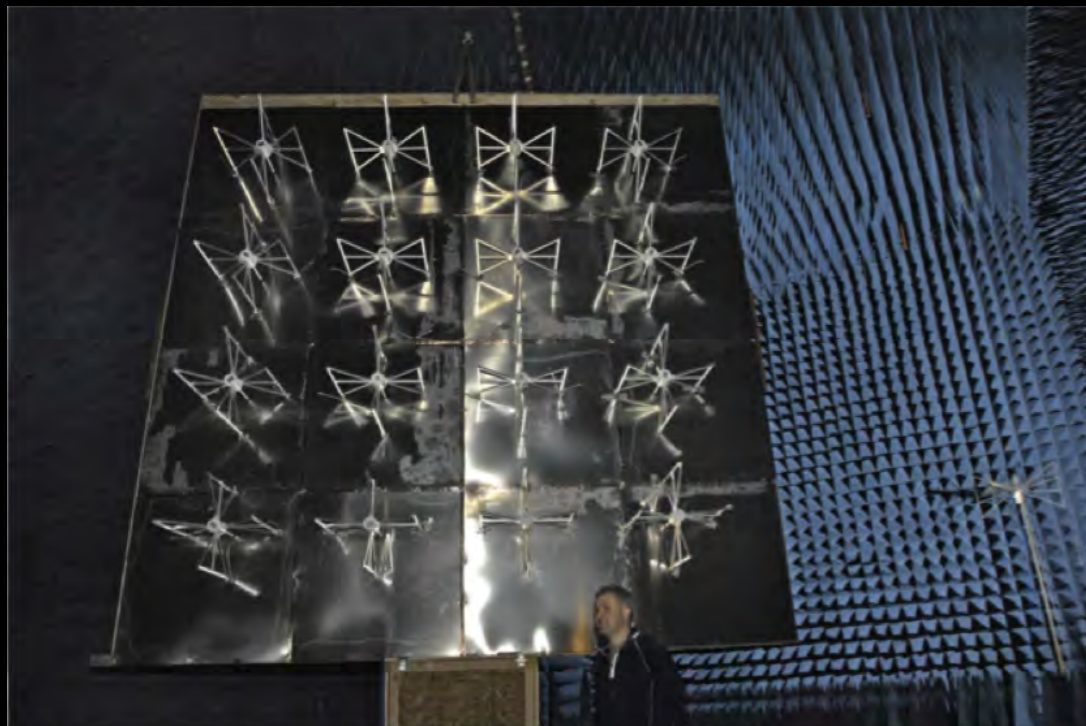
PRIMARY BEAM UNCERTAINTY IS NOT NEW

HERA beam requirement

1% at -40 dB

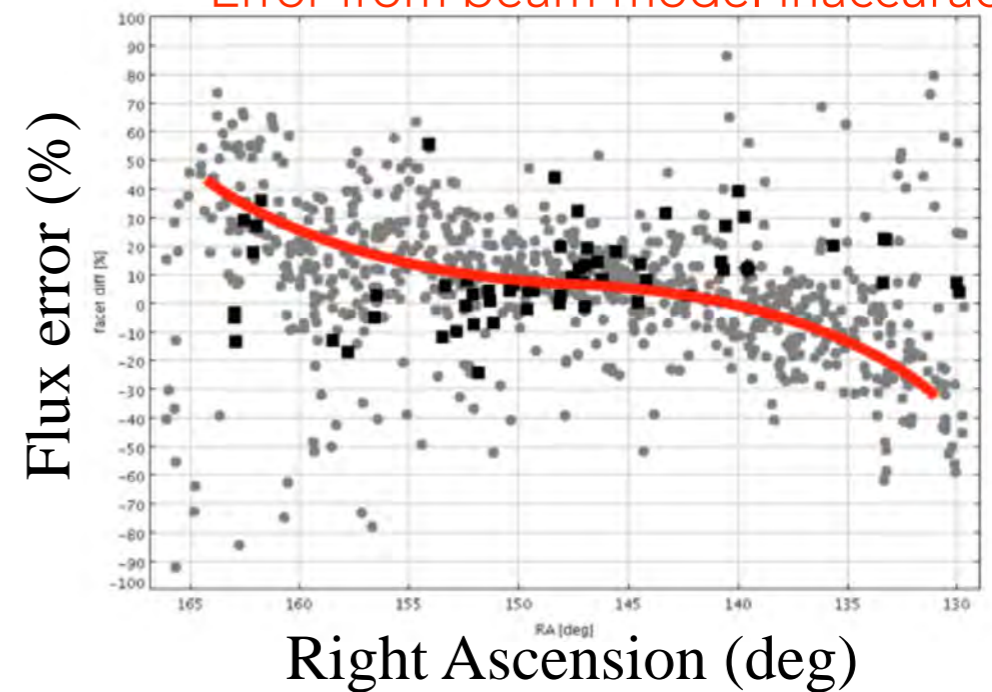
CHIME

0.1% on FWHM (Newburgh et al 2014)



MWA catalog error

— Error from beam model inaccuracy



Jacobs et al 2013

EXTERNAL CALIBRATOR FOR HYDROGEN OBSERVATORIES

ECHO

NSF Advanced Technology and Instrumentation Program
Jacobs PI

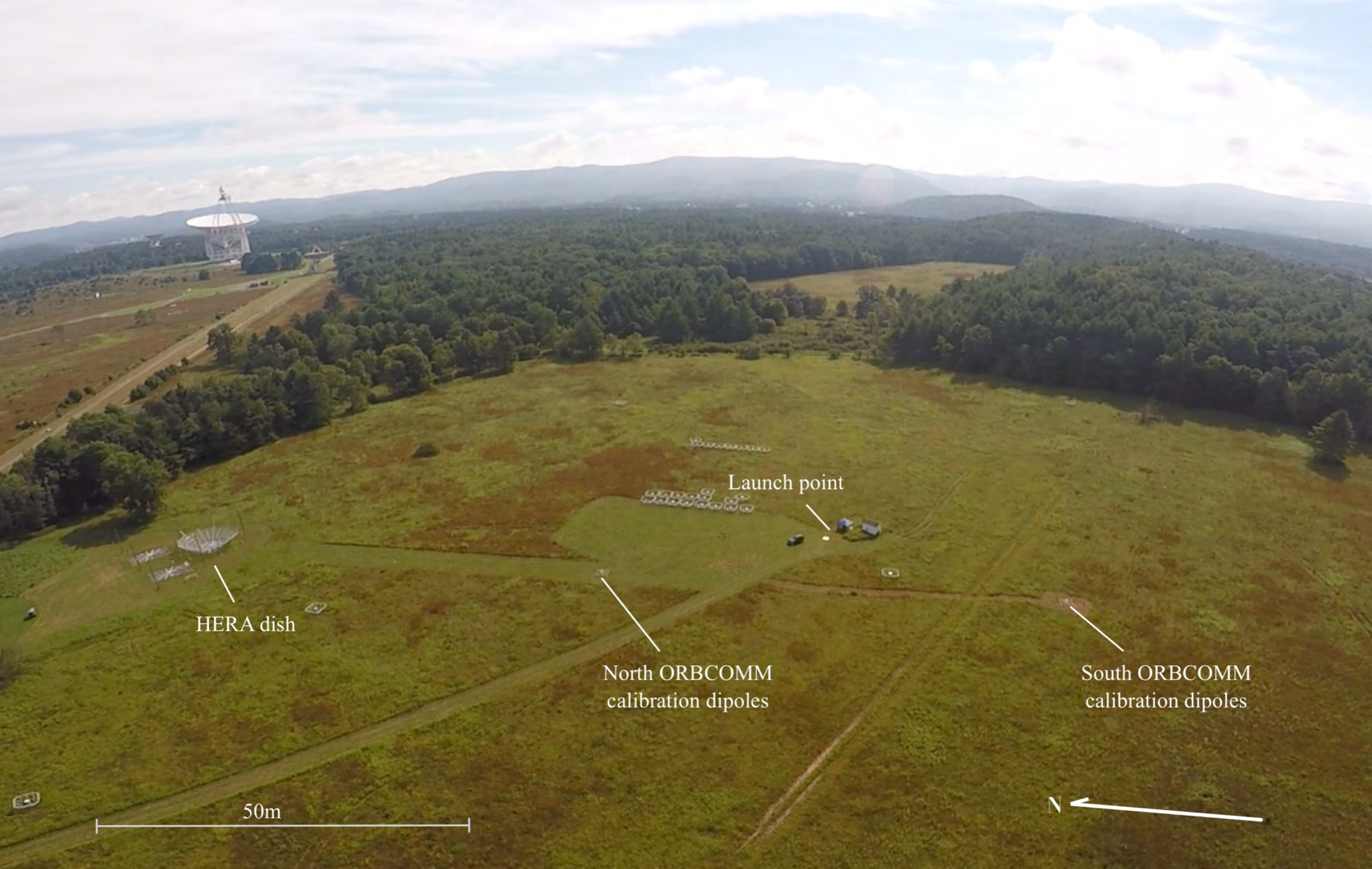


ECHO DIAGRAM



Transmits 100-200MHz
Calibration signal





HERA dish

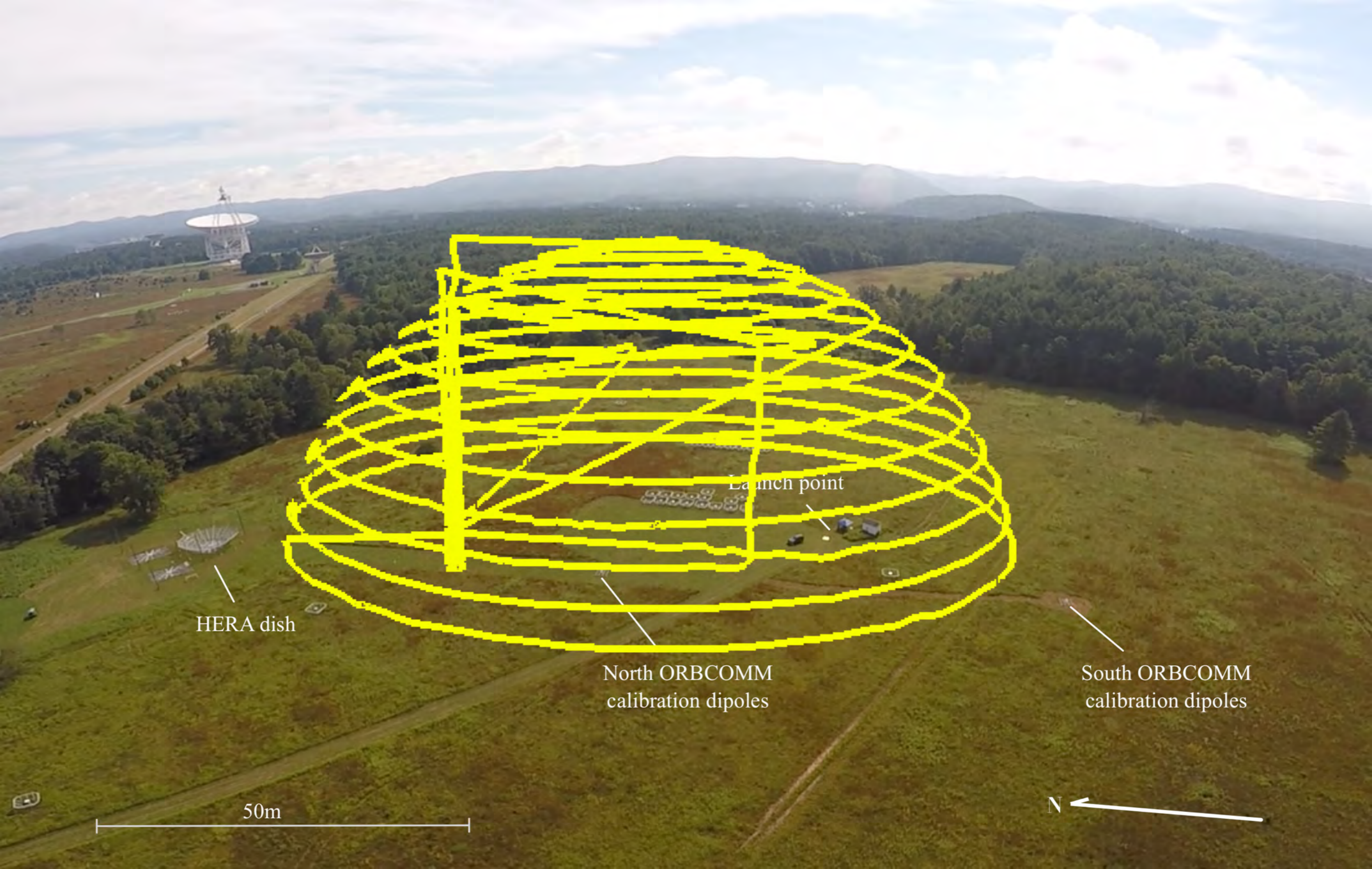
Launch point

North ORBCOMM
calibration dipoles

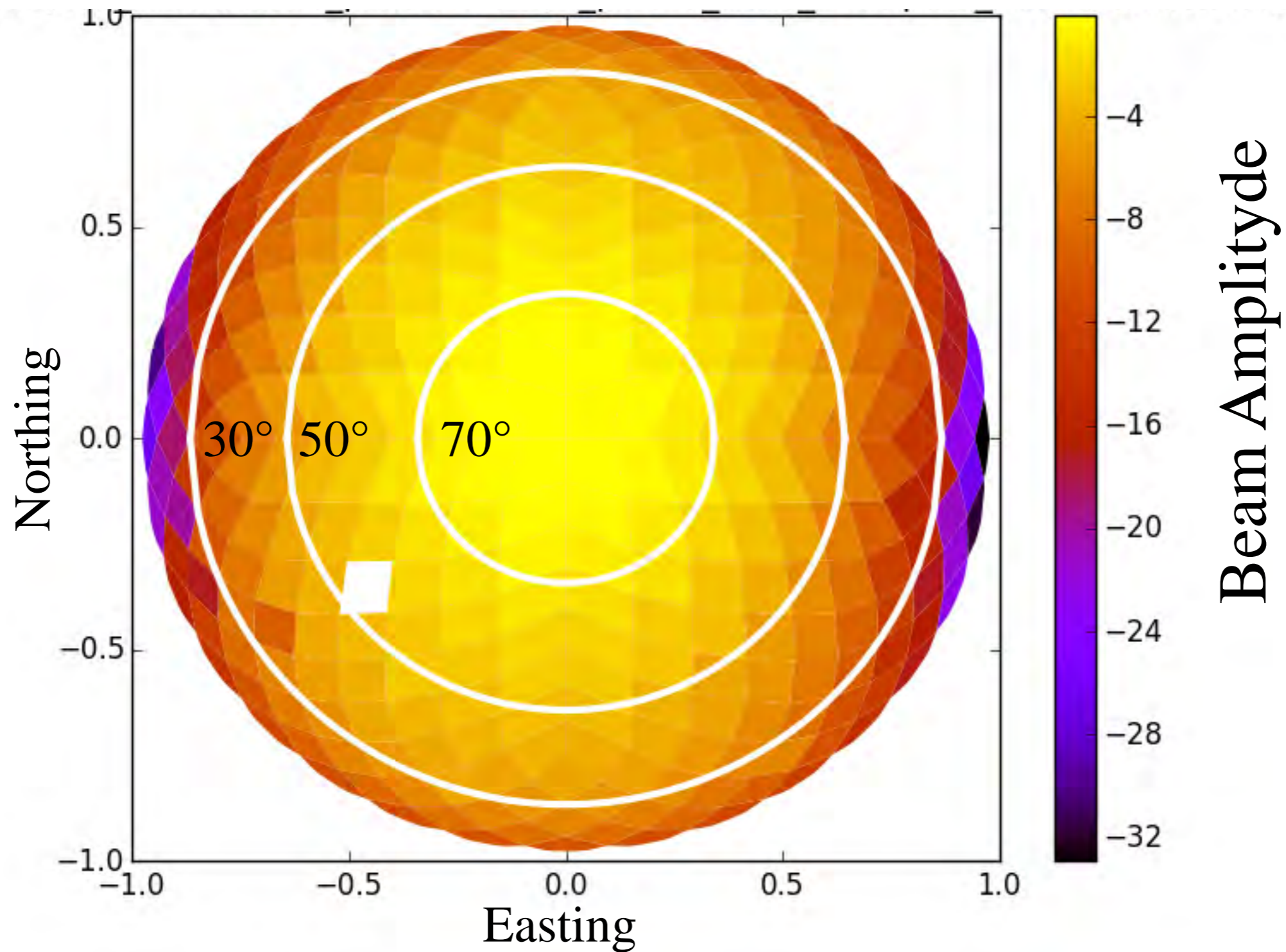
South ORBCOMM
calibration dipoles

50m

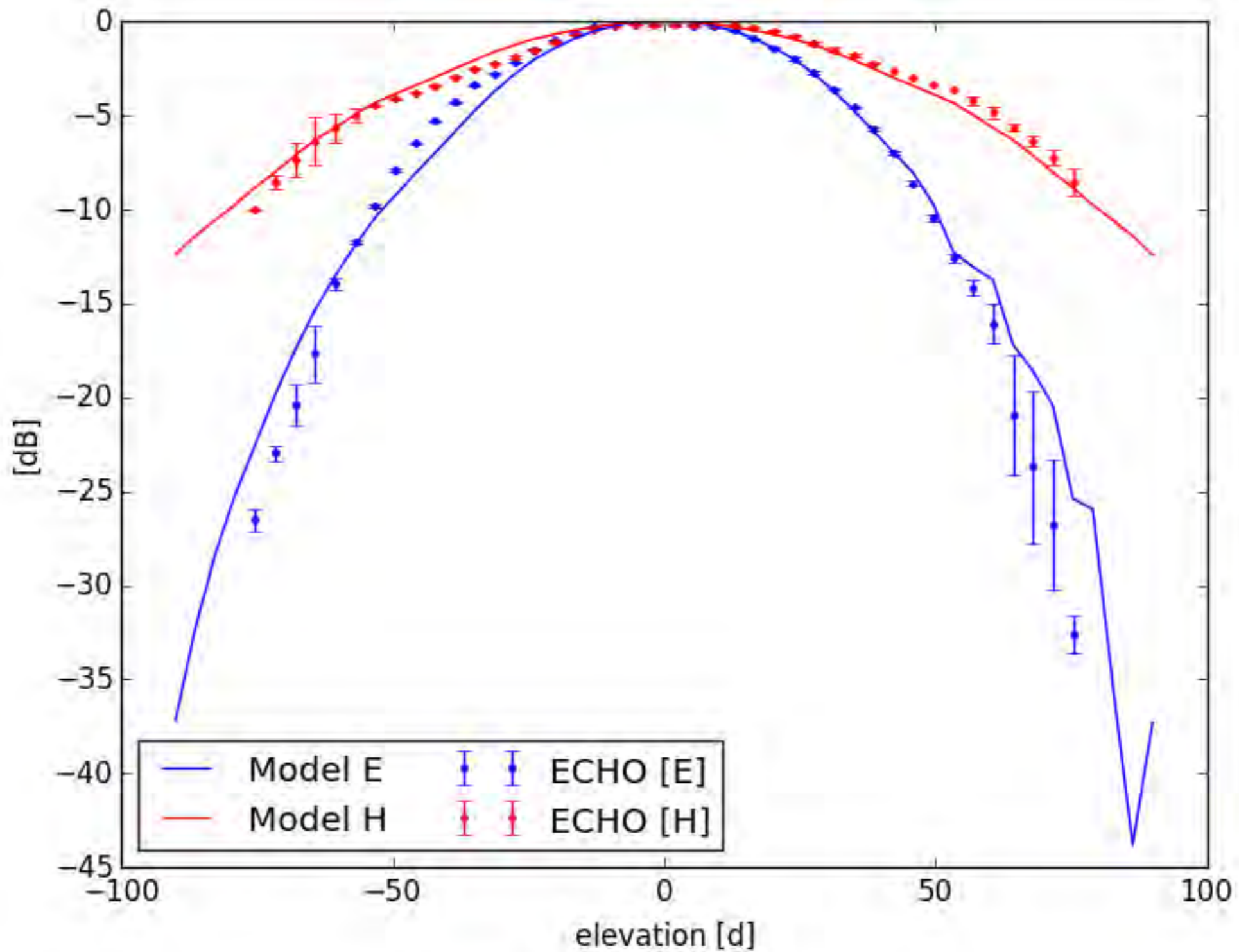
N



EXAMPLE MAP



ECHO CAL DIPOLE TEST



ECHO STUDENTS



D.Jacobs (PI)

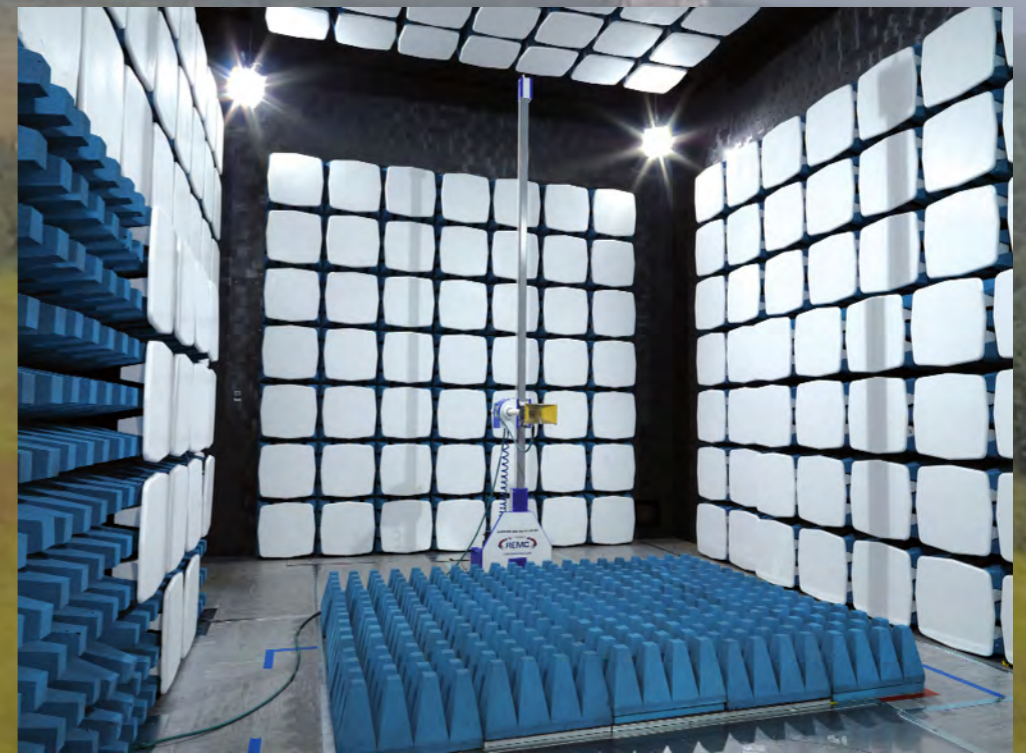
Students: J. Burba, L. Turner, B. Stinnett, M. Busch, M. Leatham, V. Serrano, M. Denney, D. Nelson, A. Neben, K. Johnson

loco.lab.asu.edu/danny_jacobs/ECHO



ECHO: CURRENT/FUTURE WORK

- Anechoic chamber measurements
- Electromagnetic simulation
- FPGA-based transmitter
- Guest Instruments
- Integration with: HERA (next field trip Feb 27) In talks with: LWA, CHIME, HIRAX, SPT?



HYDROGEN EPOCH OF REIONIZATION ARRAY (HERA)

Location: Karoo Desert, South Africa
High sensitivity on Reionization and
late Dark Ages
350 14m dishes

Goal: High SNR Power spectra and
first images

(HERA memo #0, D. Jacobs)

Expanded redshift range: from 13 to
20 via Moore Foundation

Supported by the NSF Mid-Scale
program, construction under way.



HYDROGEN EPOCH OF REIONIZATION ARRAY (HERA)



as of: 8 Feb 2016



HERA

HERA PRIMARY SCIENCE

1. Detect and characterize reionization 21cm emission at high significance
2. Constrain global parameters of First Astrophysics
3. Direct measurement of CMB optical depth (τ)
4. First true survey images suitable for cross-comparison

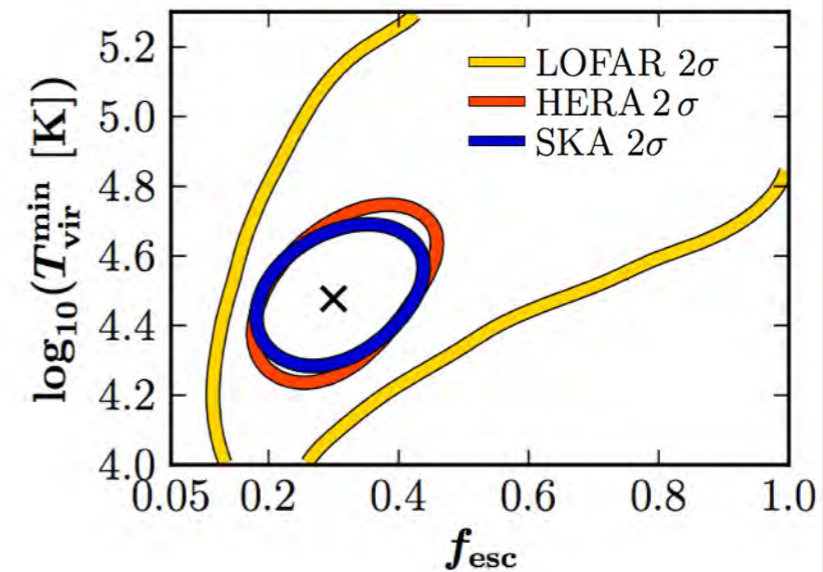
HERA PRIMARY SCIENCE

1. Detect and characterize 21cm emission at high significance

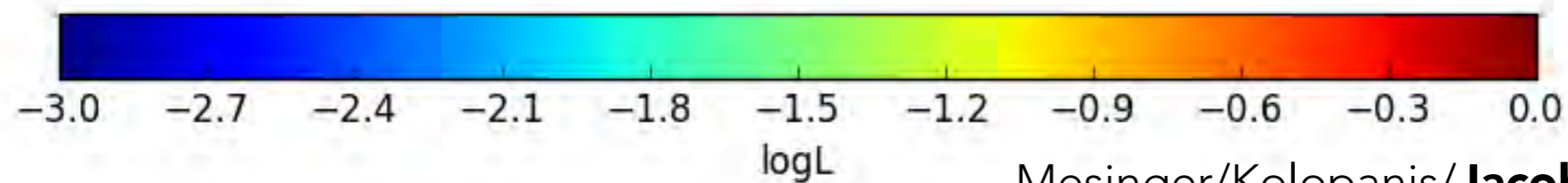
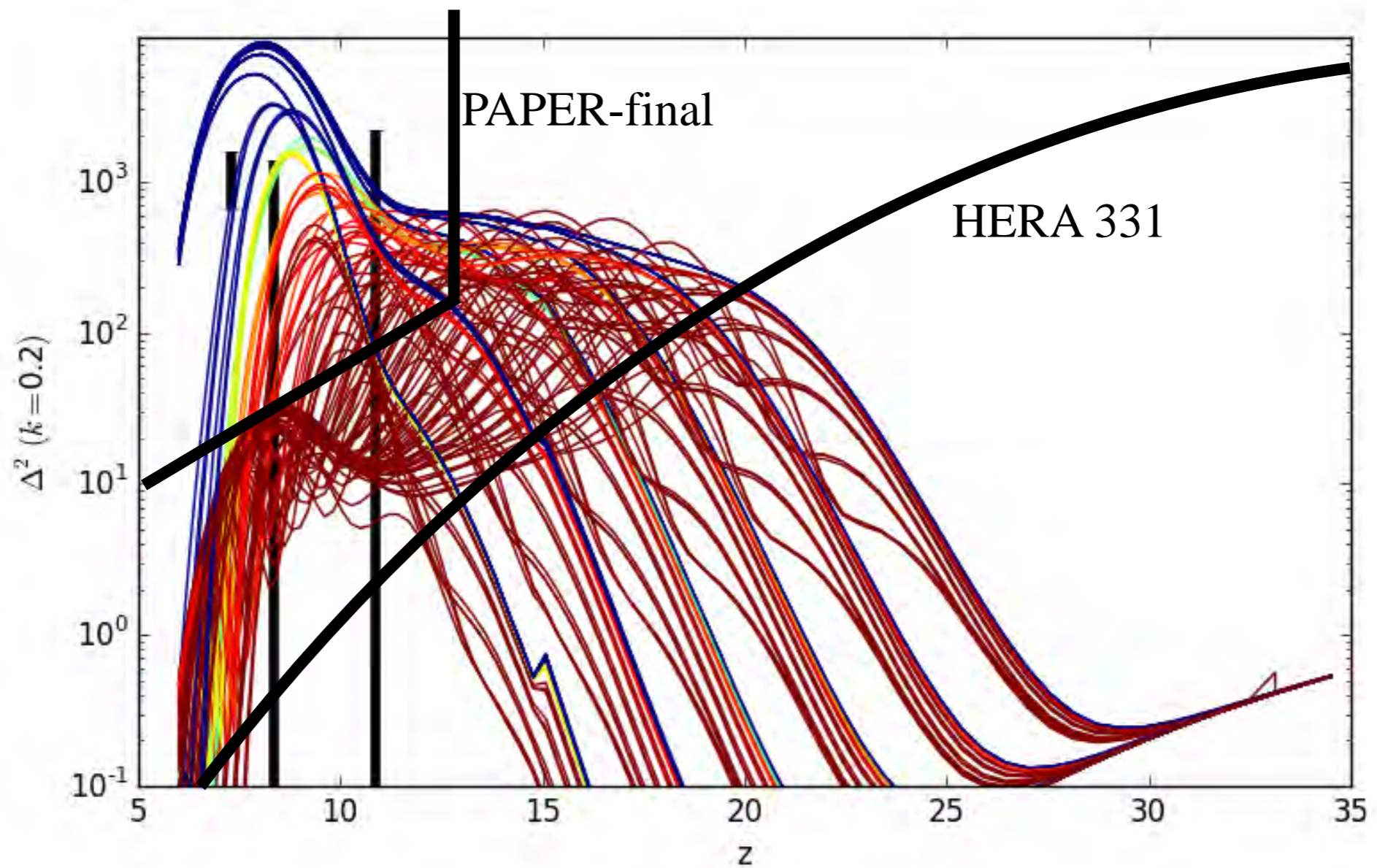
Instrume	SN
PAPER 128	1.56
MWA 128	0.66
LOFAR	0.70
HERA 37	5.67
HERA 331	38.75
MWA 256 ^a	2.40
SKA1 Low ^b	21.23

Pober, HERA memo #4

2. Constrain global parameters of First Astrophysics

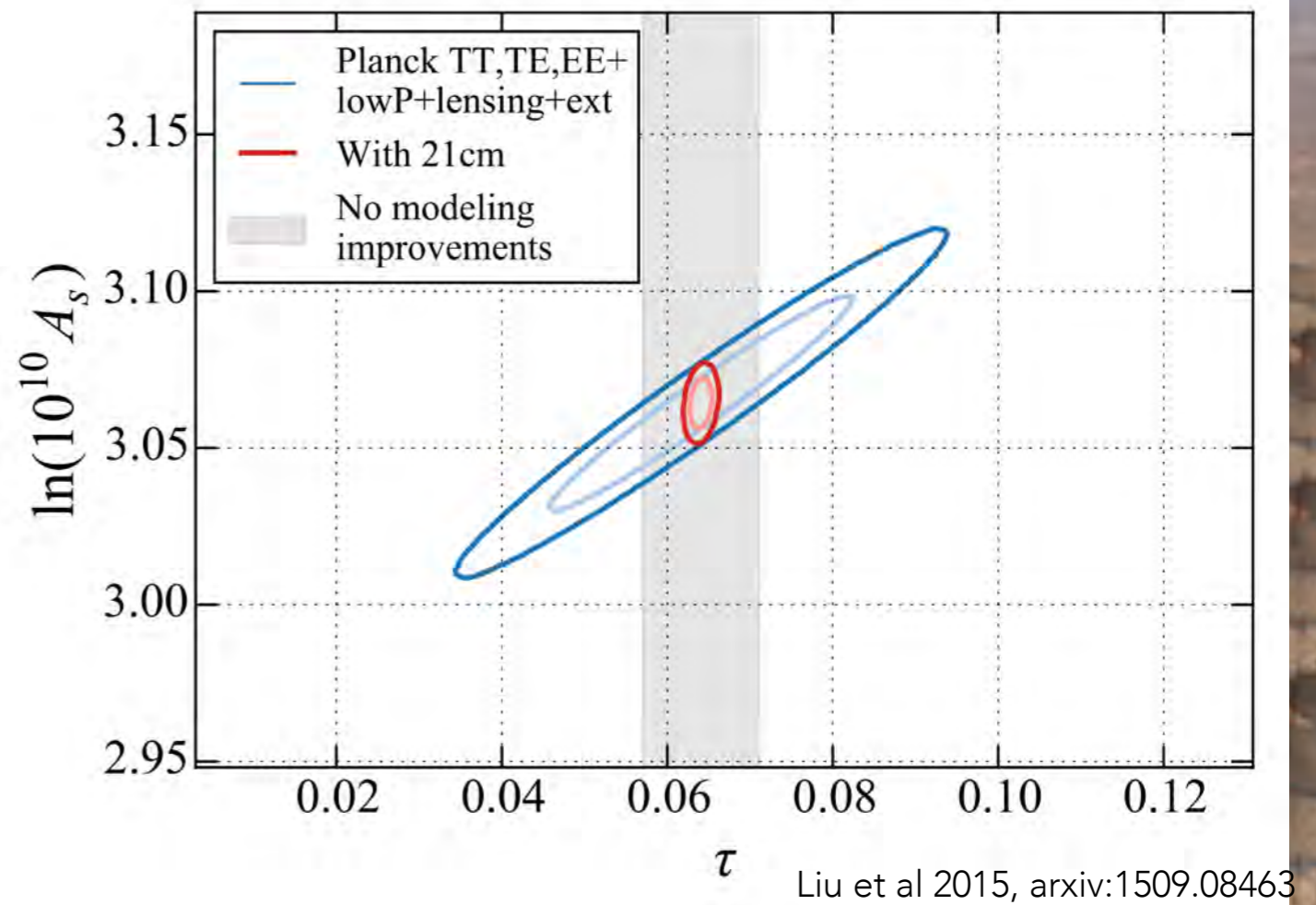
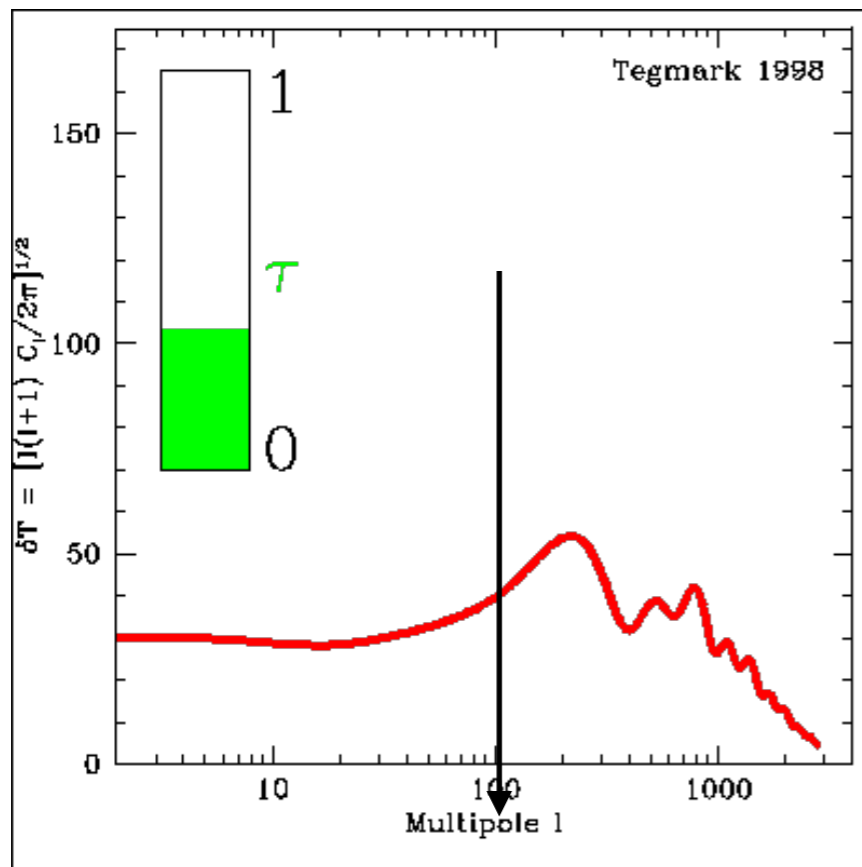


Grieg et al, 2015

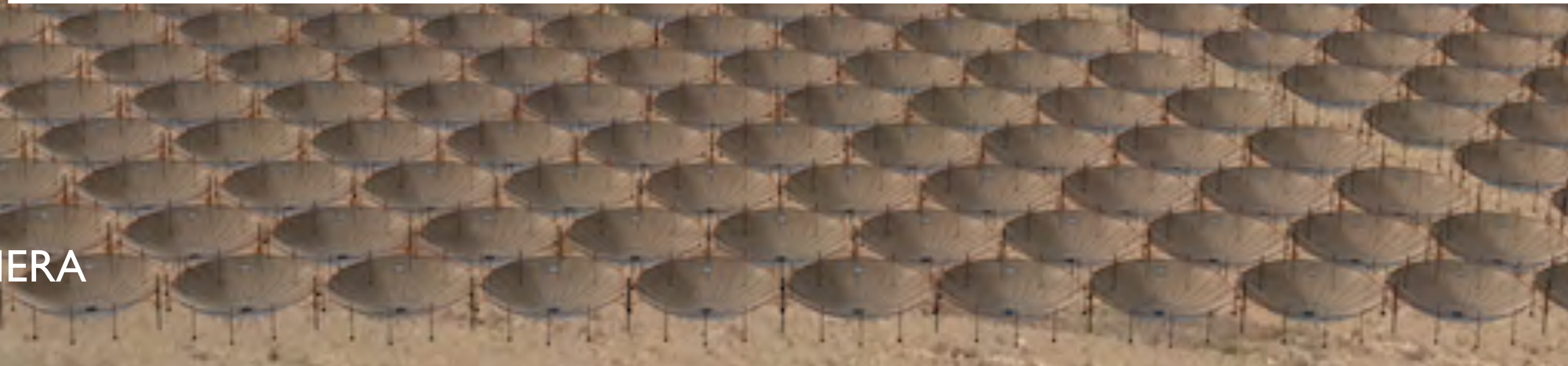
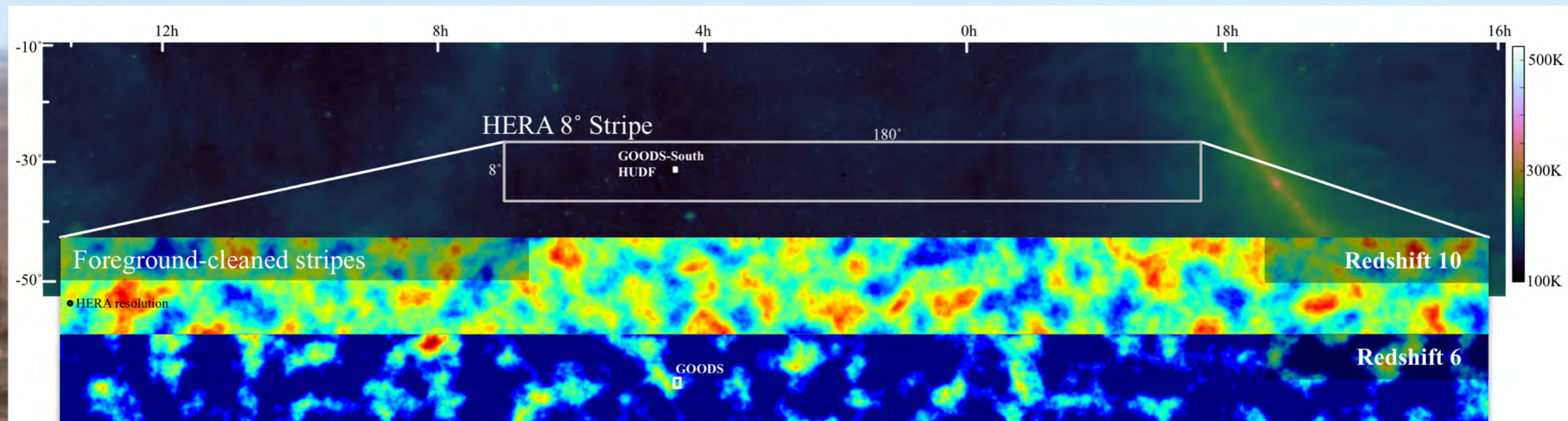


Mesinger/Kolopanis/Jacobs

3. Direct measurement of CMB optical depth (τ)

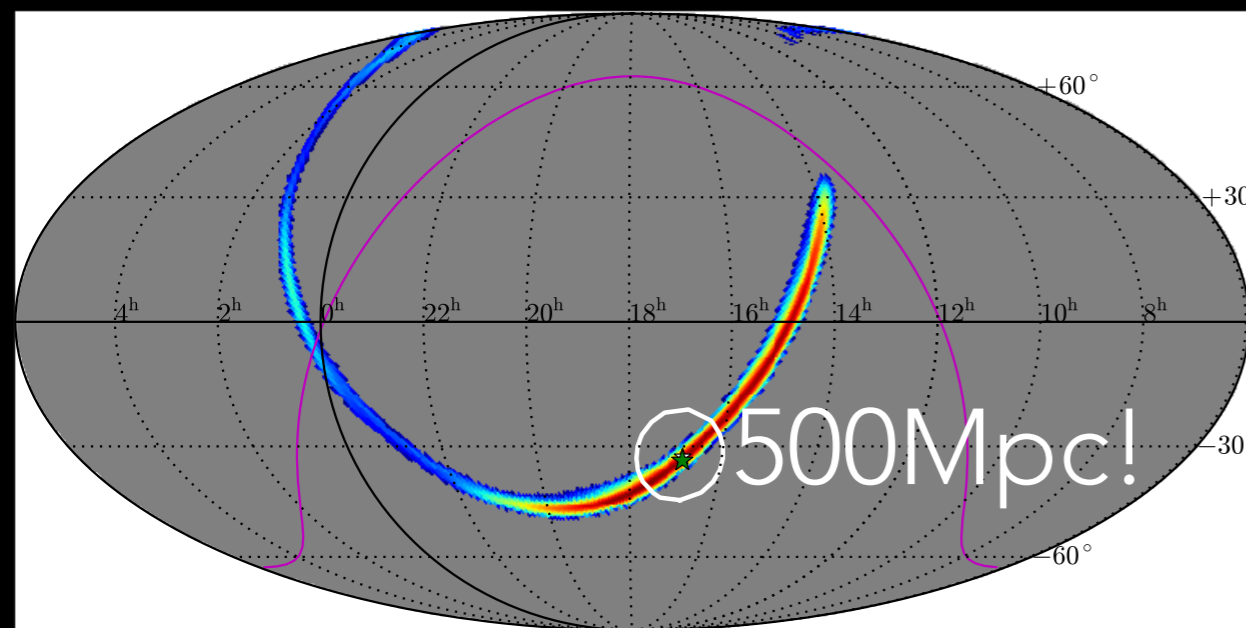


4. First true survey images suitable for cross-comparison



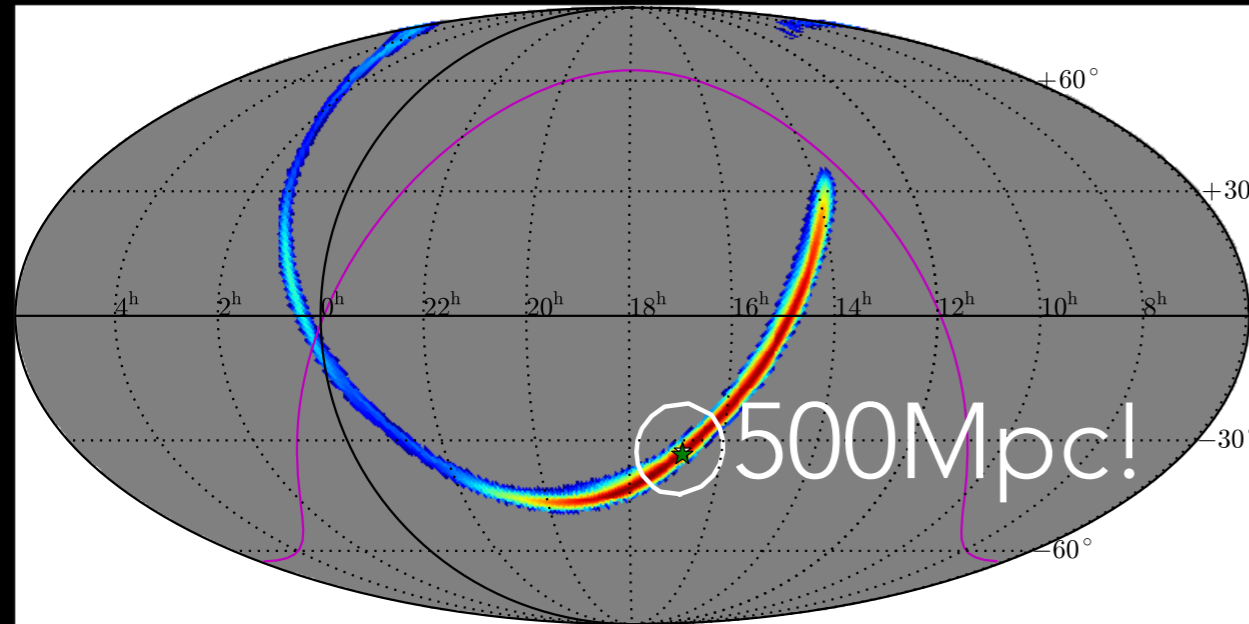
HERA

LASER INTERFEROMETER GRAVITATIONAL-WAVE OBSERVATORY (LIGO)



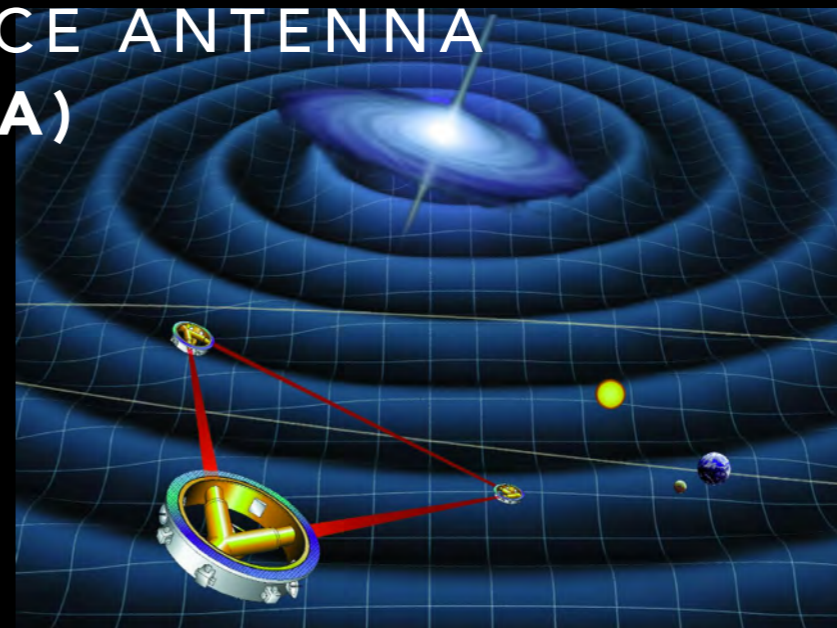
We can use inspirals as cosmological probes only if we associate the gravitational event with an electromagnetic counterpart.

LASER INTERFEROMETER GRAVITATIONAL-WAVE OBSERVATORY (LIGO)

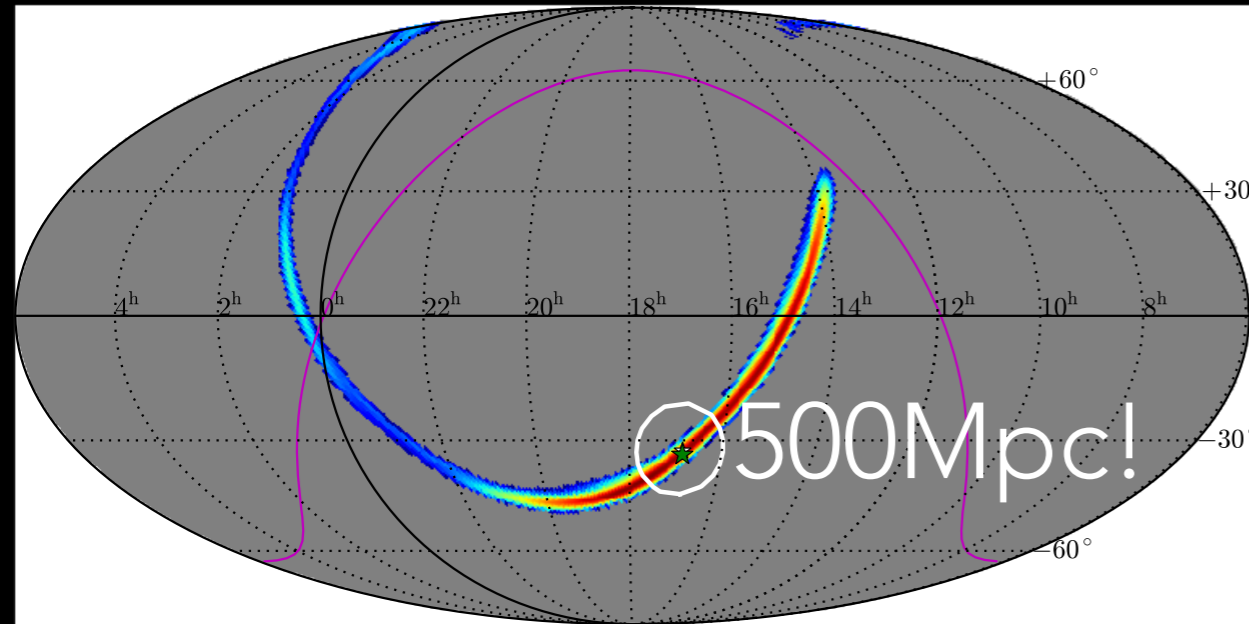


We can use inspirals as cosmological probes only if we associate the gravitational event with an electromagnetic counterpart.

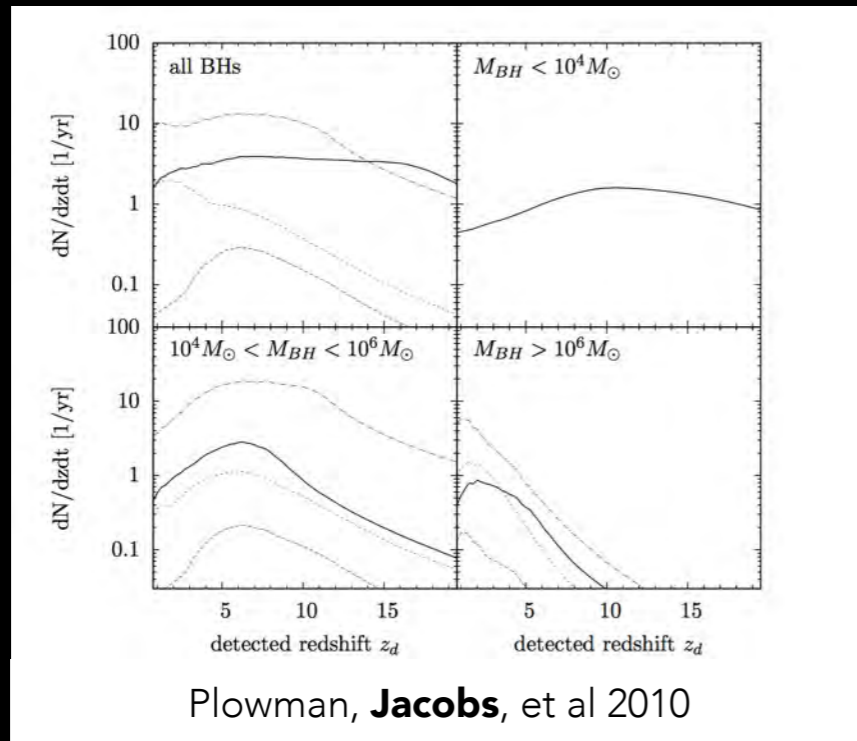
LASER INTERFEROMETRIC SPACE ANTENNA (LISA)



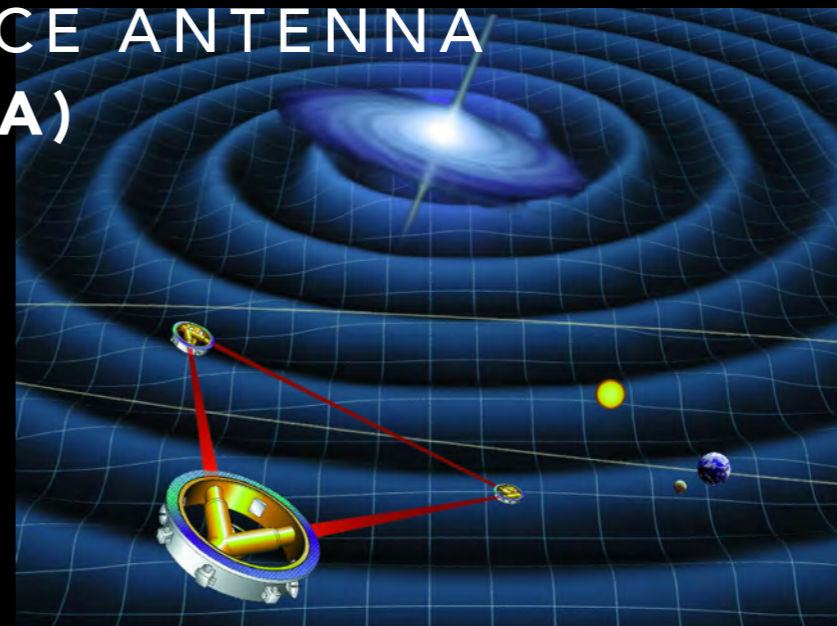
LASER INTERFEROMETER GRAVITATIONAL-WAVE OBSERVATORY (LIGO)



We can use inspirals as cosmological probes only if we associate the gravitational event with an electromagnetic counterpart.



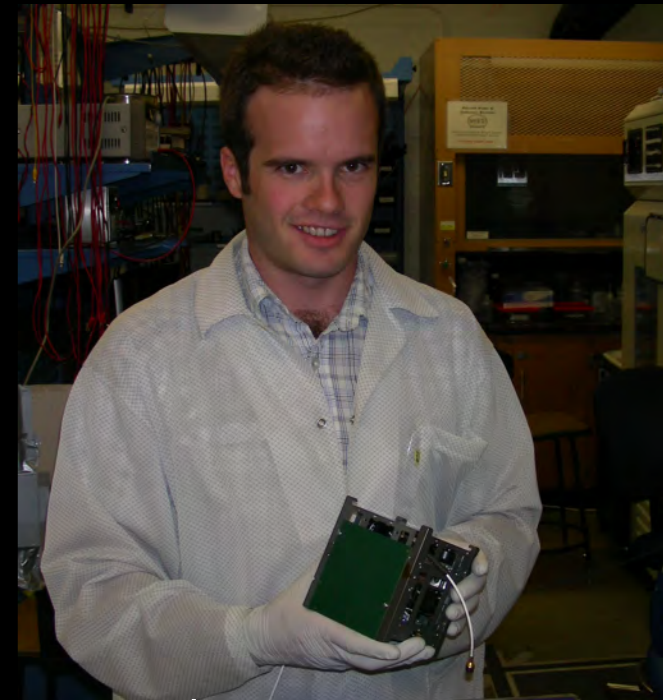
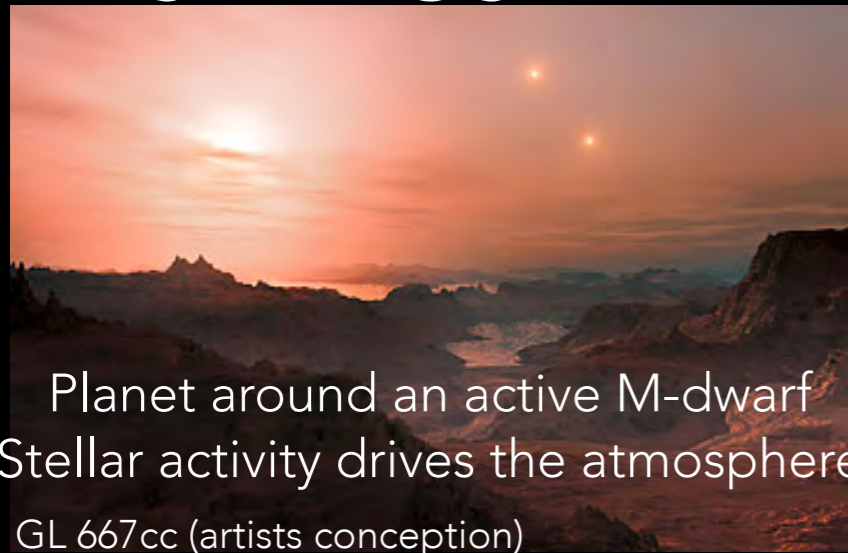
LASER INTERFEROMETRIC SPACE ANTENNA (LISA)



A SECOND PROBE AT HIGH REDSHIFT!

EXOPLANETS! CUBESATS!

SPARCS M-Dwarf activity monitor



HERA "Exo-Flares" search

Monitoring for Extrasolar stellar coronal mass ejections





HYDROGEN EPOCH OF REIONIZATION ARRAY

Parsons (UCB)

Aguirre (UPenn)

Bernardi (SKA-SA)

Bowman (ASU)

Carilli (NRAO/
Cambridge)

Furlanetto (UCLA)

Hewitt (MIT-Kavli)

Jacobs (ASU)

Loeb (Harvard)

Pober (Brown)

Sievers (UKZN)

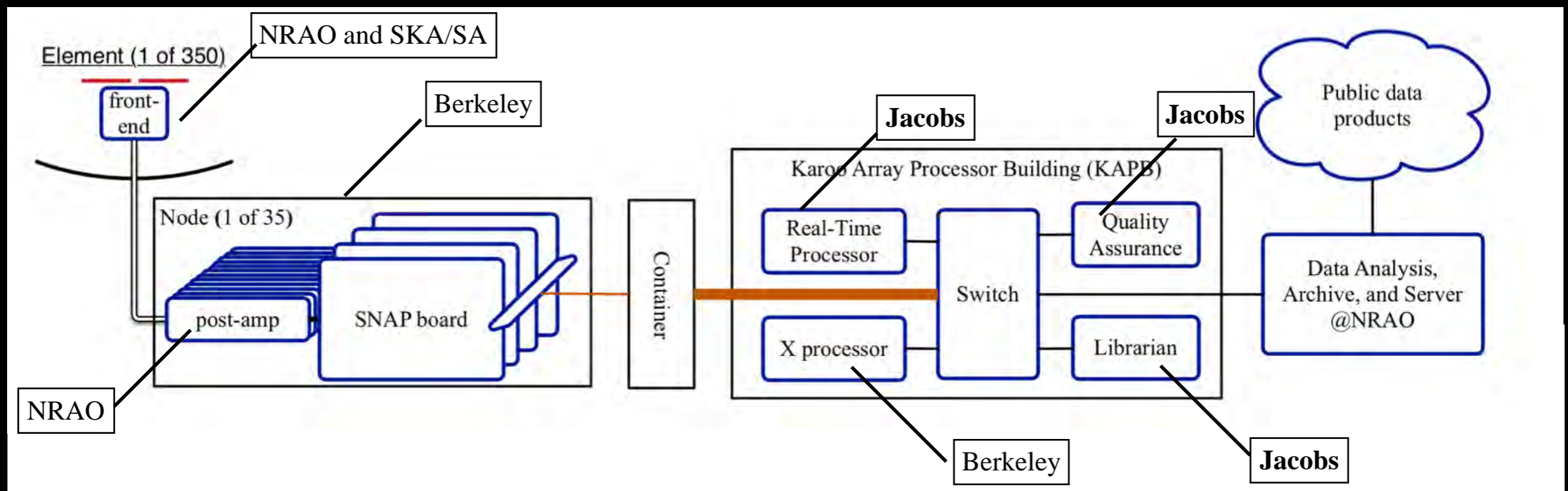
REIONIZATION.ORG

JACOBS LAB HERA RESPONSIBILITIES

Data archive: 1.5 PB of storage, autonomously managed

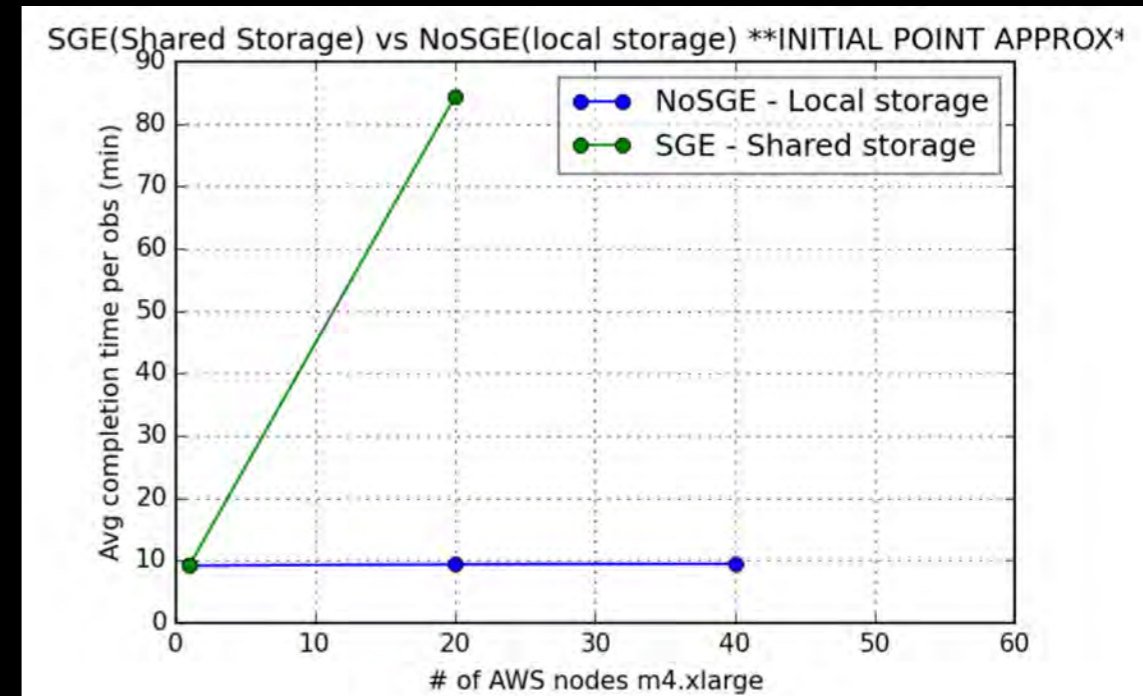
Online processing: executes automated calibration workflow in the field

- Builds on successful PAPER and MWA deployments
- ~15 node, 200 disk system
- Custom python-based software stack
- Cluster built in US, deployed on site

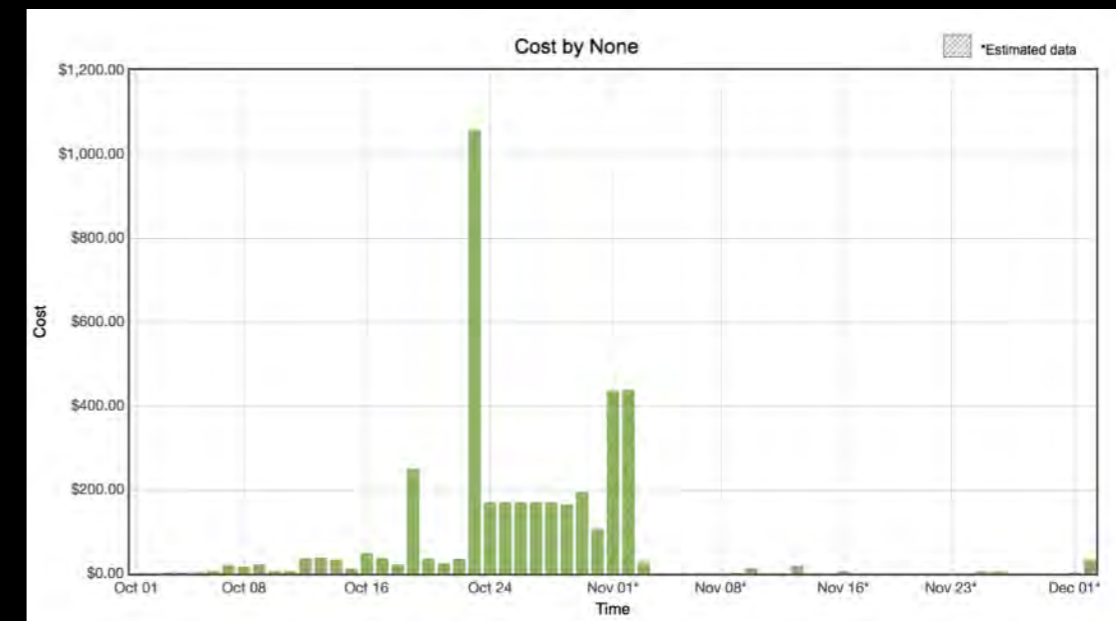


ACCELERATED OFFLINE ANALYSIS

- widefield imaging/foreground subtraction is under heavy development
- needs testing on a large amount of data
- typical run: 50TB of data in ~6 weeks on dedicated cluster
- with Amazon/XSEDE burst resources, same run ~**48 hours**
- Developed AstroTaskr for portable workflow execution
https://github.com/HERA-Team/still_workflow



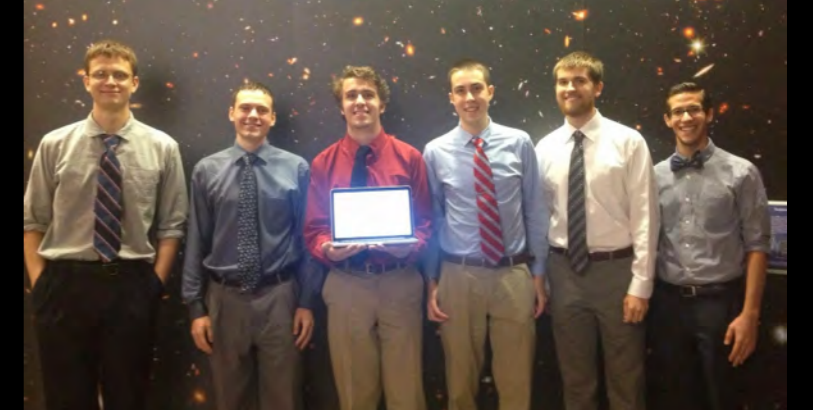
J. Ringuette, UW undergraduate (working under my direction)



supported by: 


CURRENT/UPCOMING JACOBS LAB PROJECTS

- Instrument simulation (PRISim)
Thyagarajan, Jacobs et al 2015a,b and Jacobs, et al, 2015
- ECHO #3 construction, lab characterization
- ECHO mapping of HERA, extension to CHIME, LWA, HYRAX, et al. (field work)
- HERA analog signal chain characterization
ala HERA memo #10, Jacobs et al 2015
- HERA online systems
processing cluster, deploy on site,
commissioning and operations
- HERA commissioning analysis,
Jacobs, et al 2010, Jacobs et al 2014, Kolopanis et al 2016
- cloud data processing
Jacobs, et al 2016



BIG PICTURE INSTRUMENT TIMELINE

- HERA construction (2016-2019)
- MWA upgrade
 - Phase II: 2016-2018 antenna doubling
 - Phase III: 2018-2020 x6 increase in bandwidth
- SKA Phase Low: Phase I (construction start ~2018)



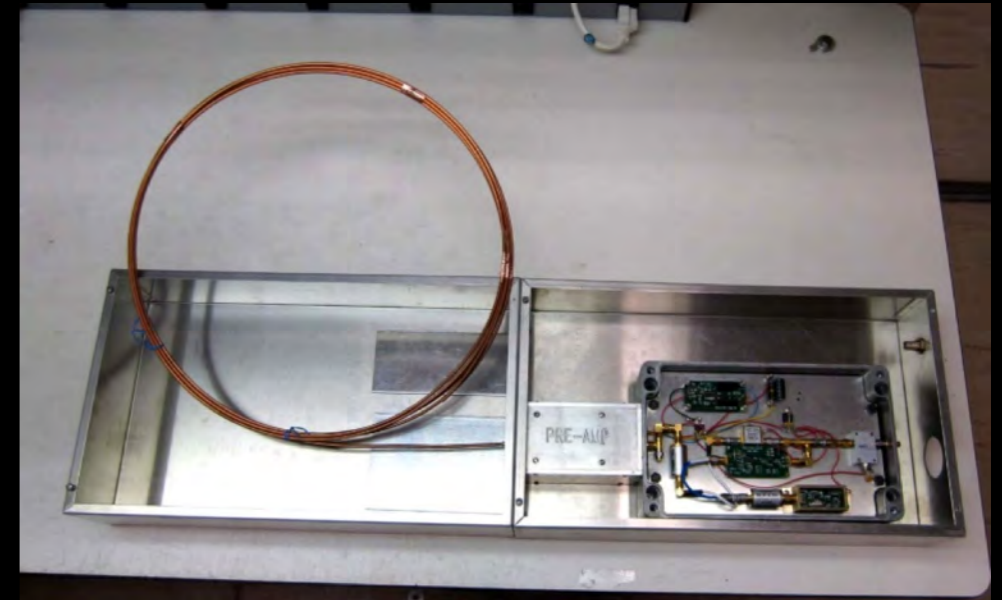
Thank you!

AMPLIFIER CHARACTERIZATION AND IMPROVEMENT



ANALOG SIGNAL CHAIN VERIFICATION

EDGES Absolute Calibration with "Sky Simulator"
(curtesy Alan Rogers, MIT and Judd Bowman, ASU)



- System Temperature

(HERA memo #10, Jacobs et al 2015)

- Cross-coupling and reflections

Jacobs et al 2011

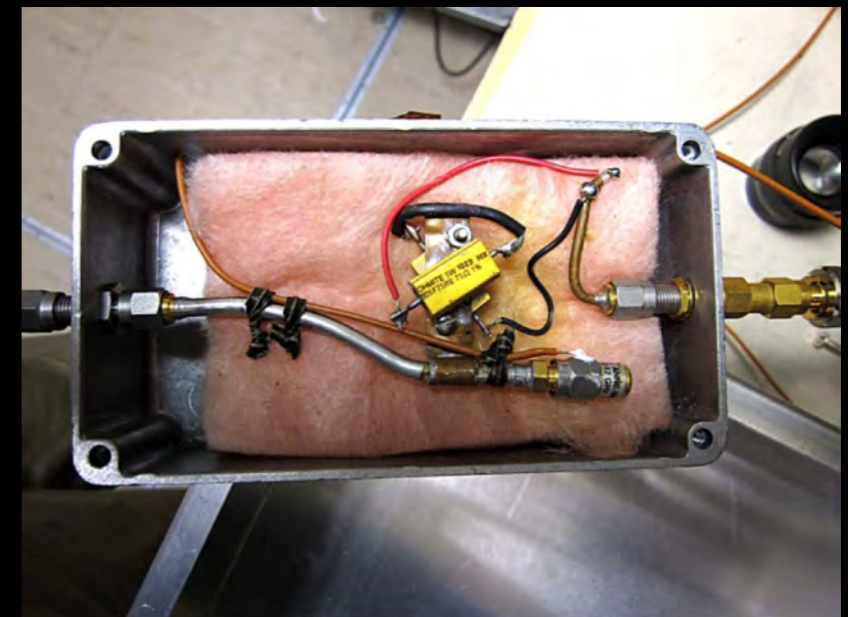
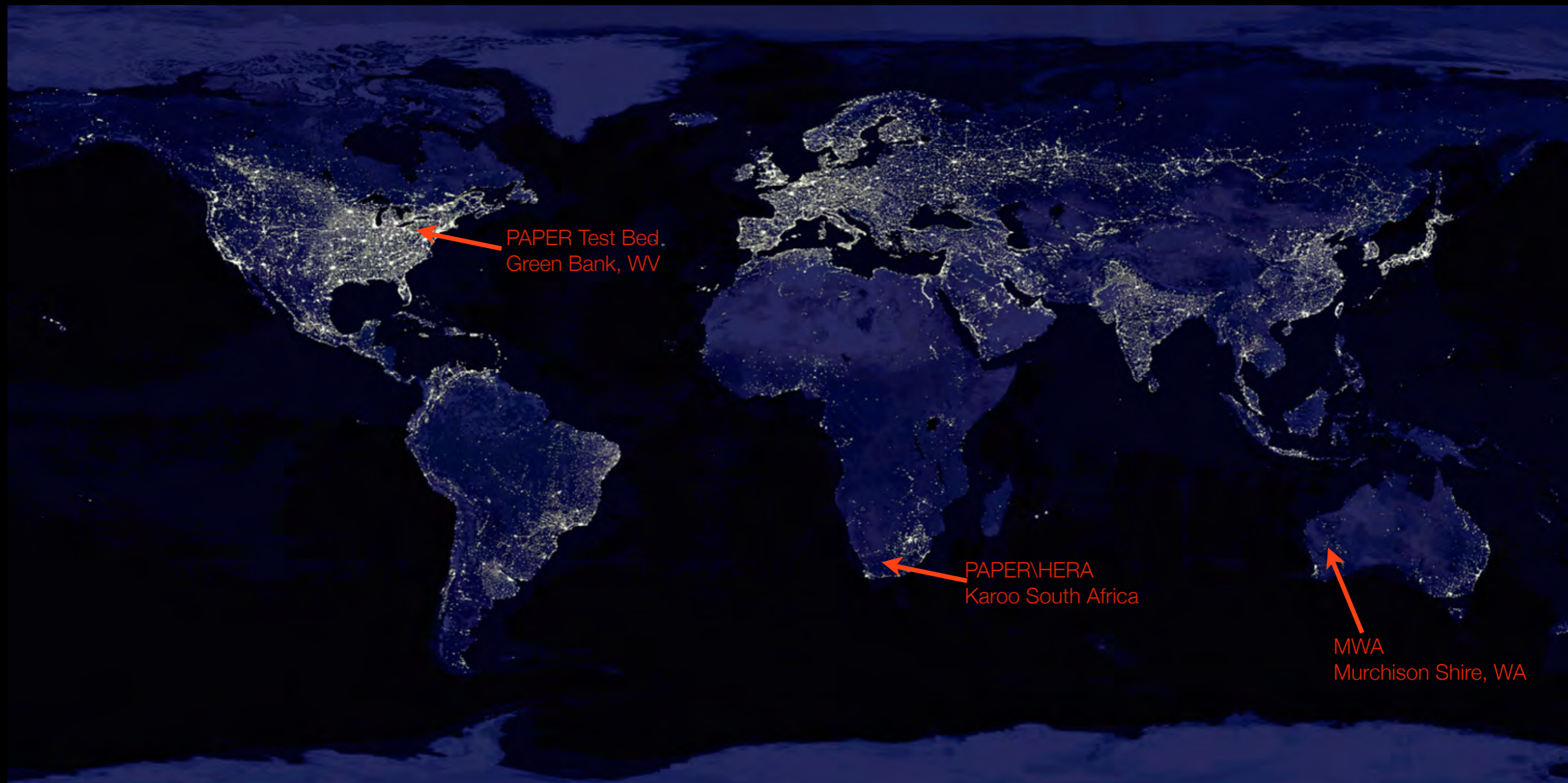


Fig. 1C. Hot/Cold load

RADIO FREQUENCY INTERFERENCE

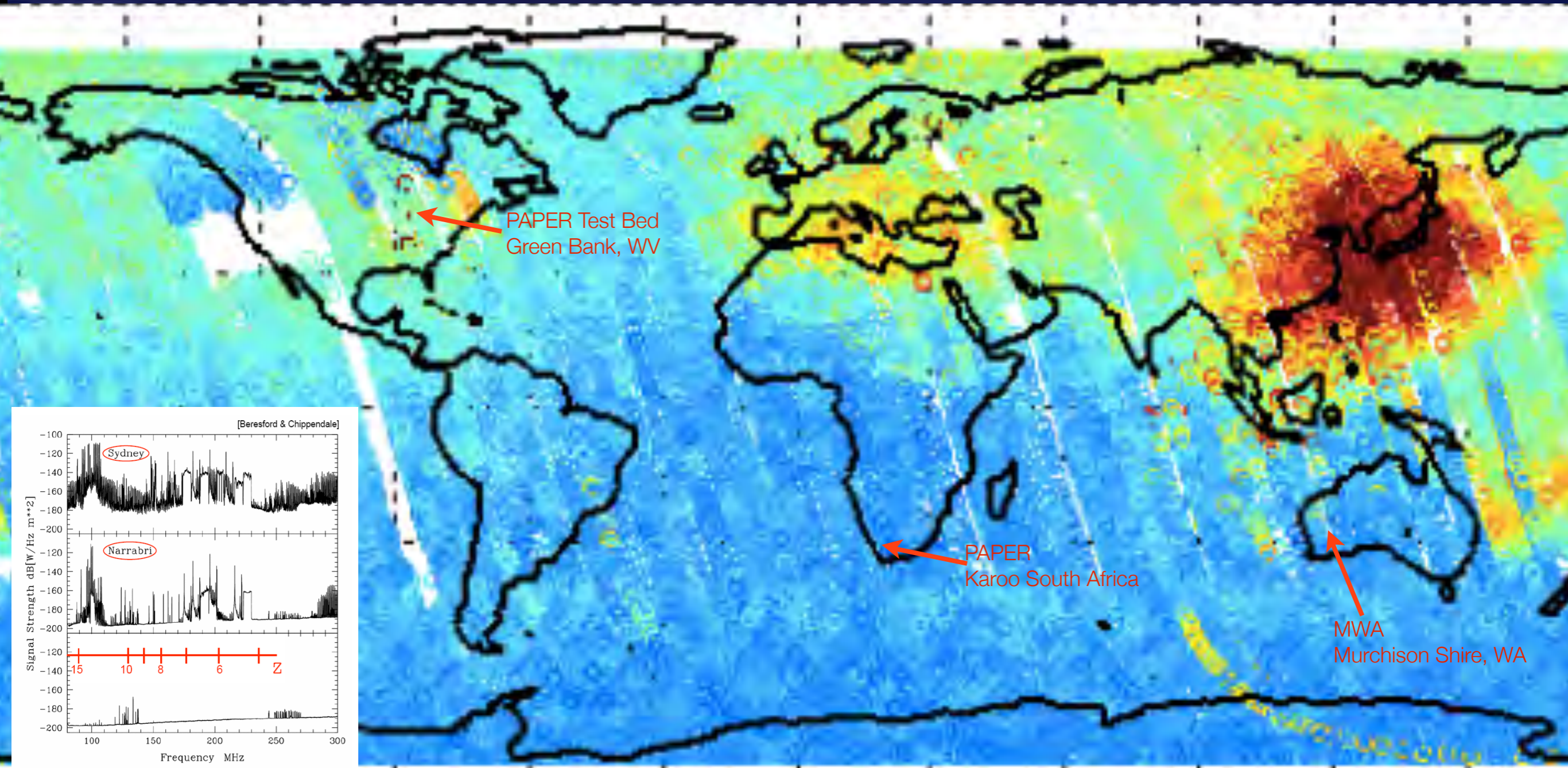


PAPER Test Bed,
Green Bank, WV

PAPER\HERA
Karoo South Africa

MWA
Murchison Shire, WA

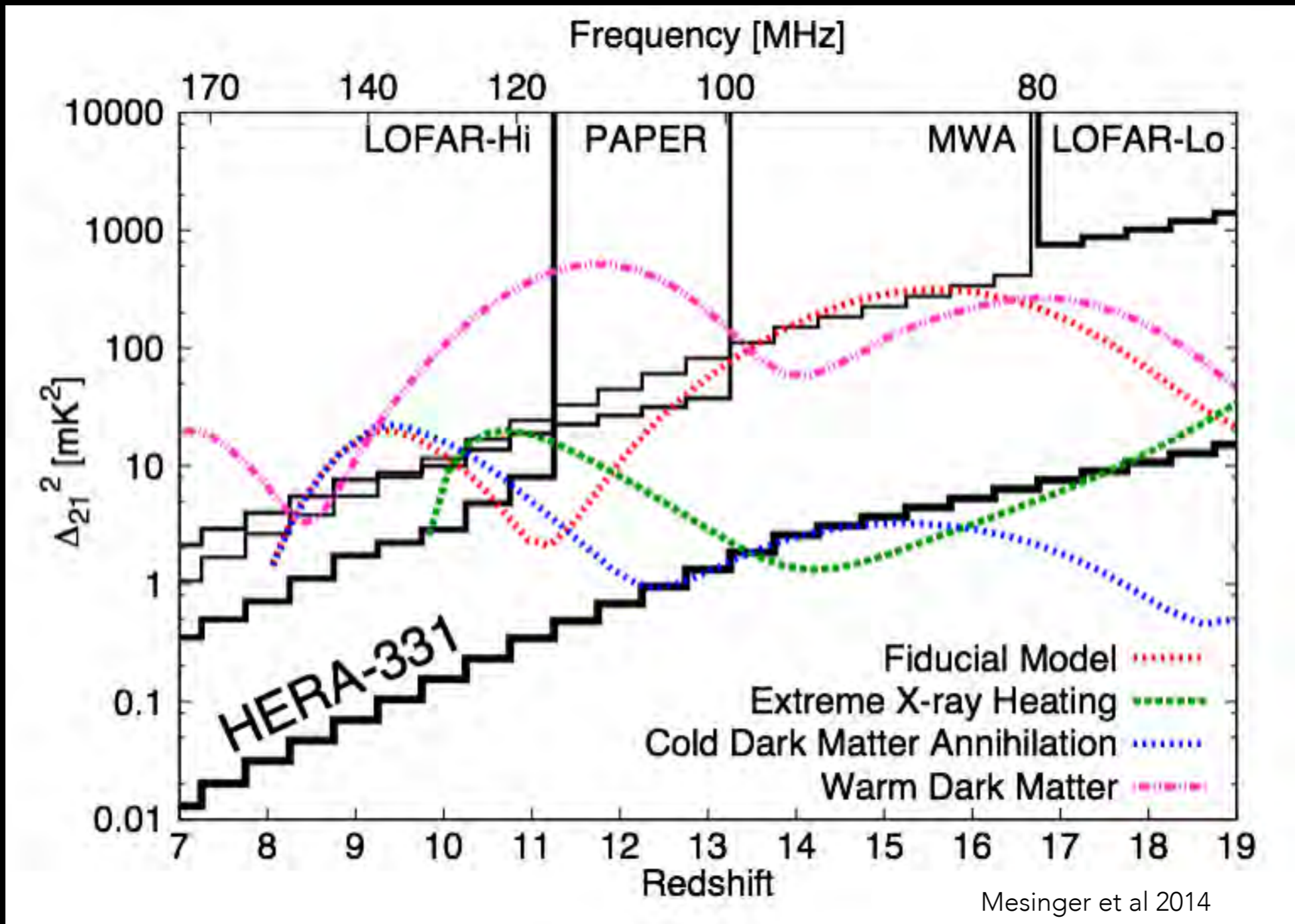
RADIO FREQUENCY INTERFERENCE





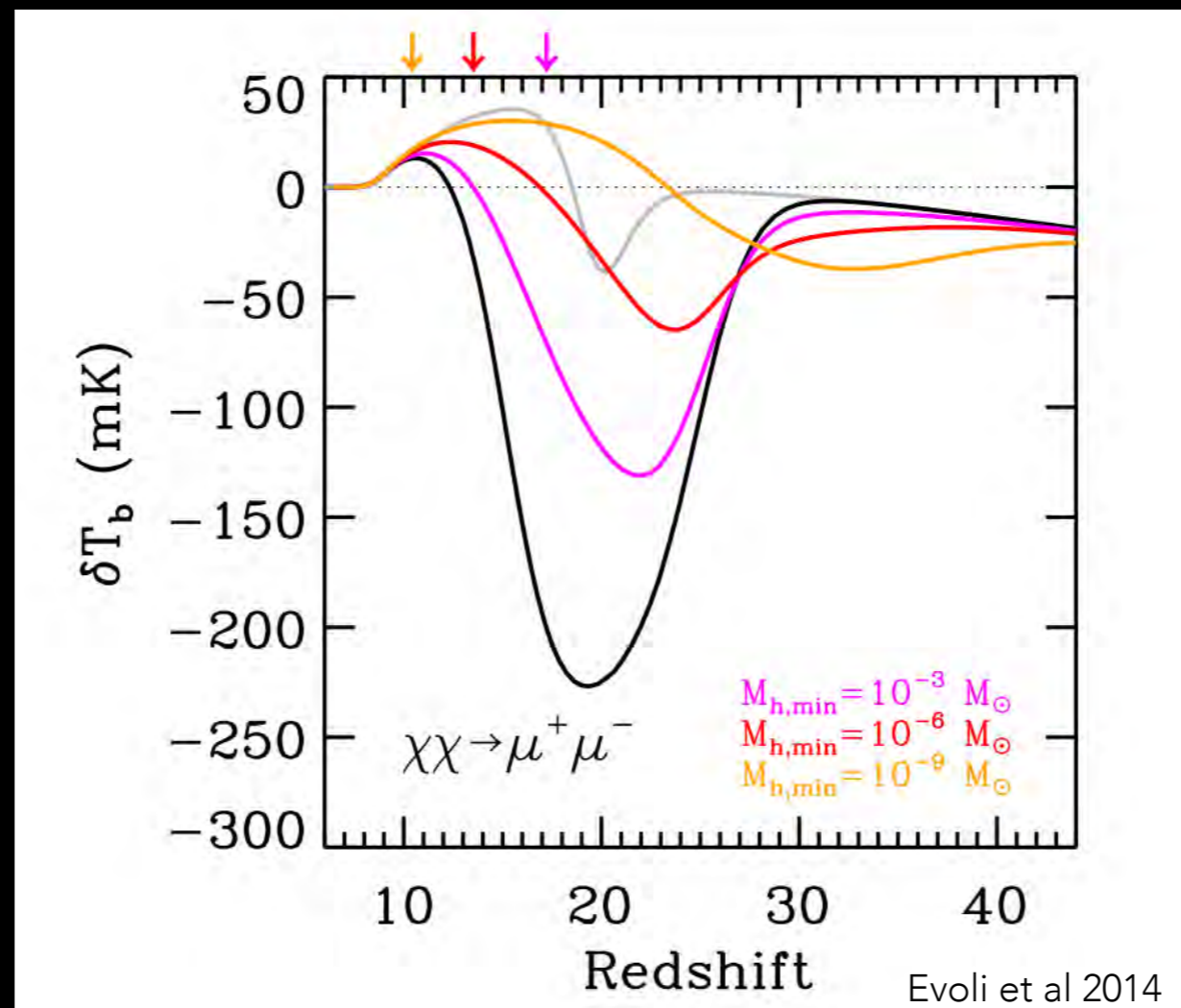
DARK AGES AND
BEYOND

DARK AGES: DARK MATTER

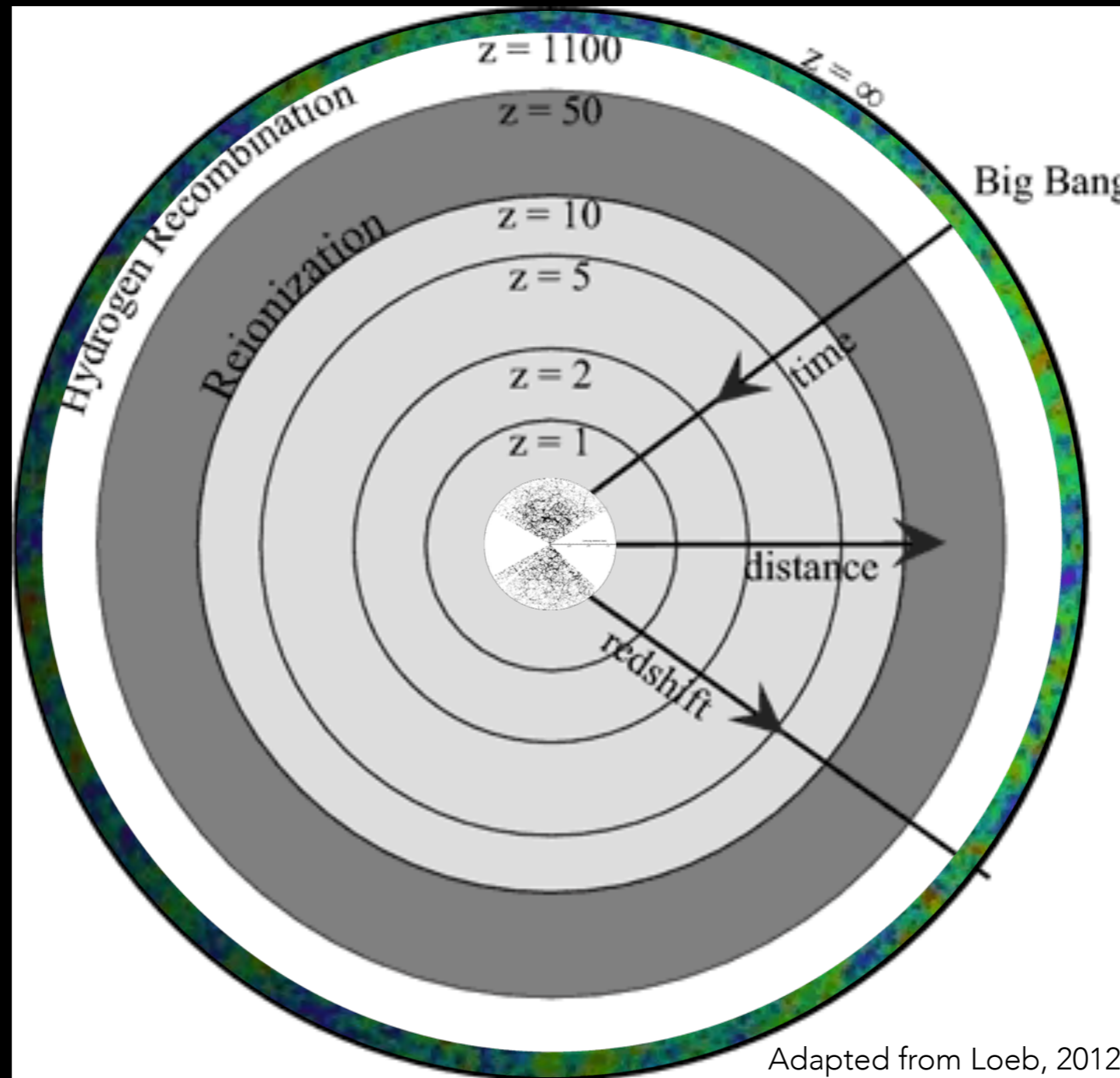


DARK AGES: DARK MATTER

Cross section drives power spectrum



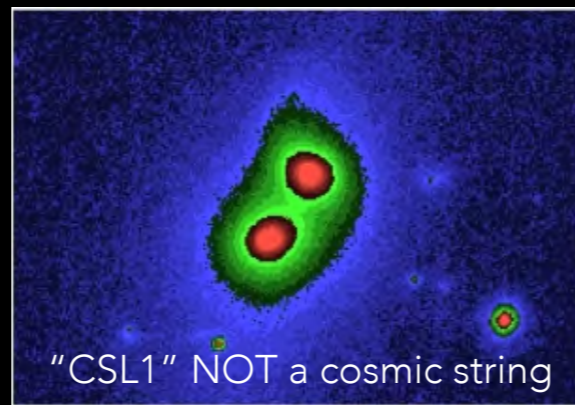
21 CM OPENS 10¹² MORE MODES



21 CM OPENS 10¹² MORE MODES

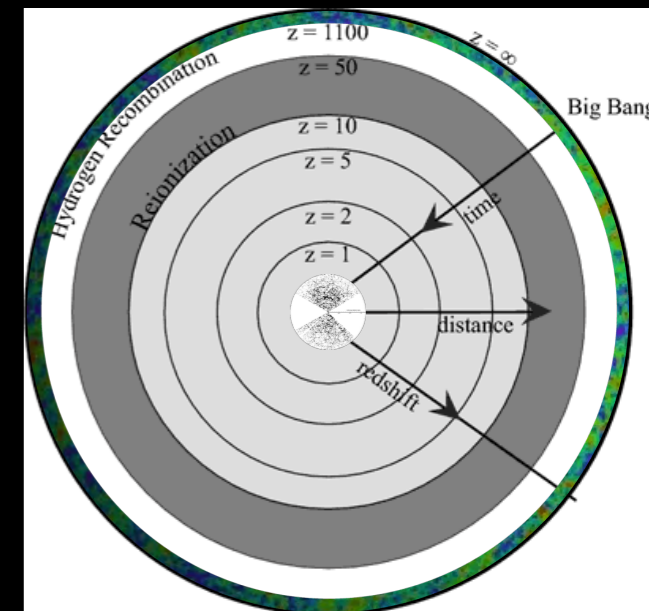
Cosmic Strings

Pagano and Brandenberger, 2012



Primordial Non-gaussianity

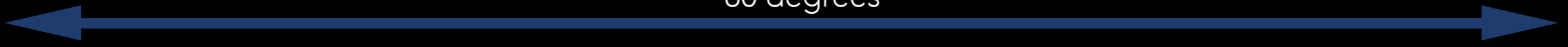
Joudaki et al 2011



Adapted from Loeb, 2012

MWA SCIENCE

80 degrees

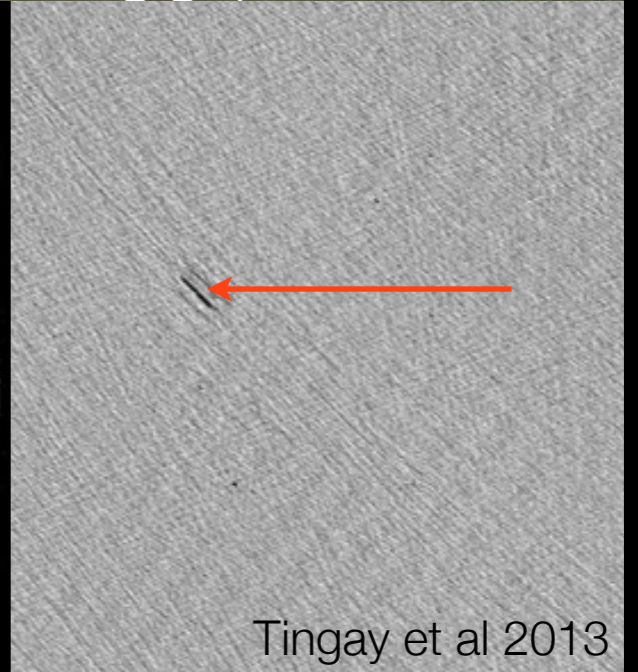
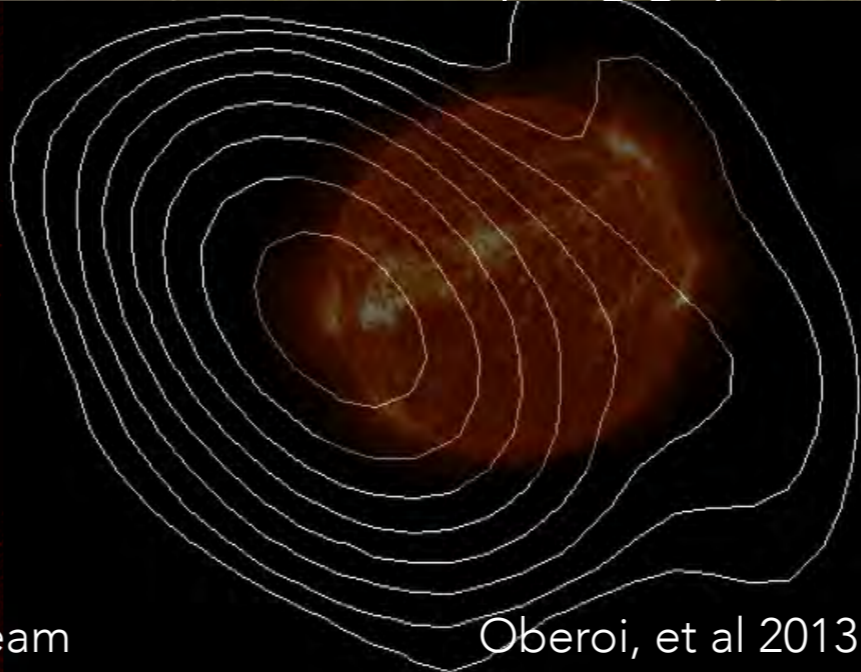
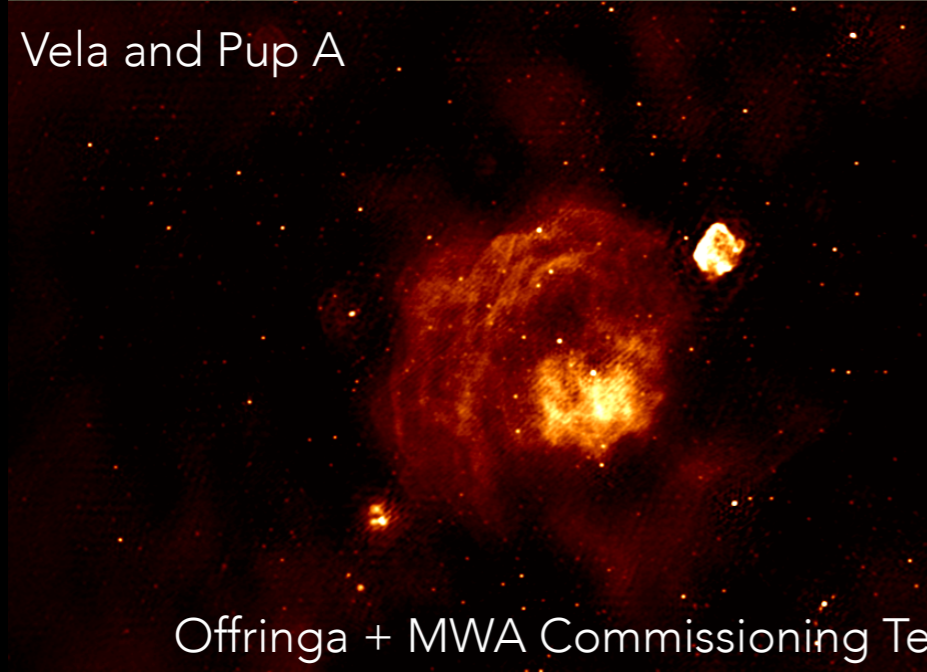


D. Kaplan



<http://gigapan.com/gigapans/141985>

Vela and Pup A



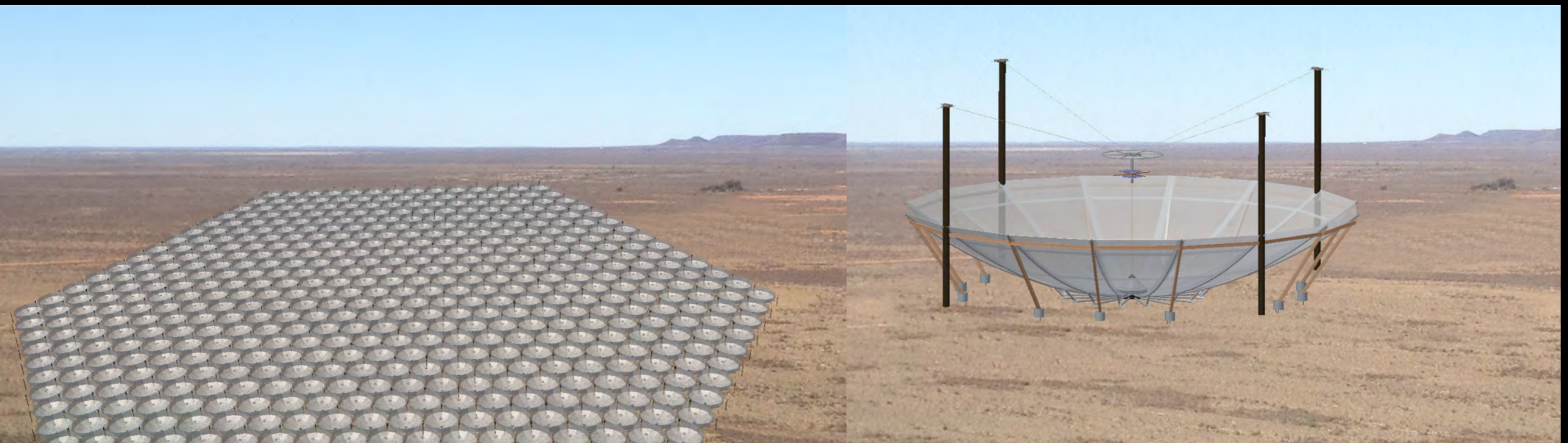
Offringa + MWA Commissioning Team

Oberoi, et al 2013

Tingay et al 2013

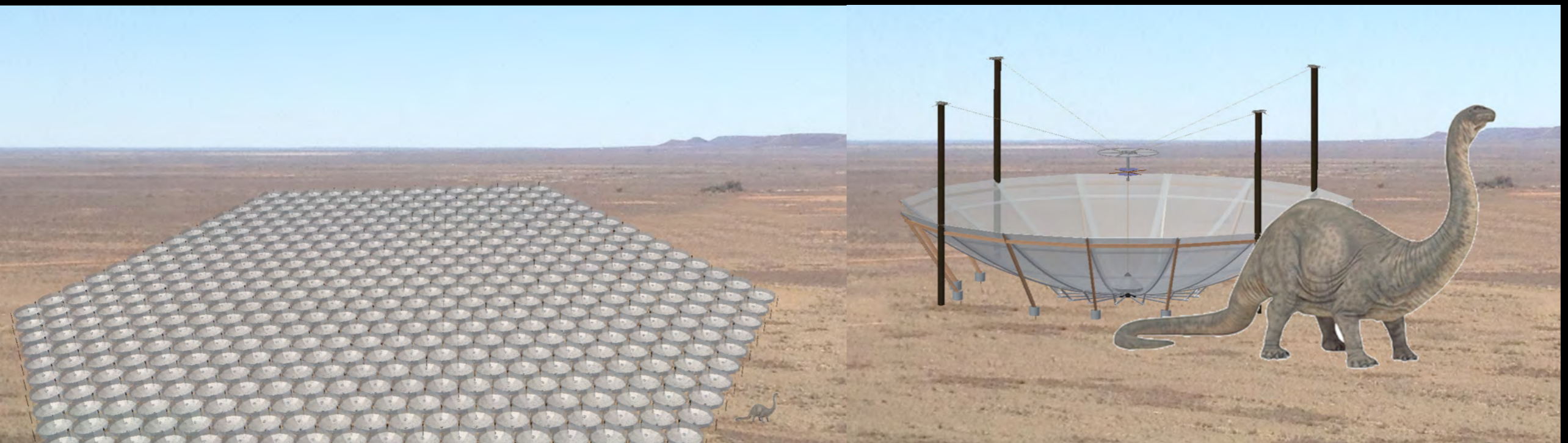
HYDROGEN EPOCH OF REIONIZATION ARRAY

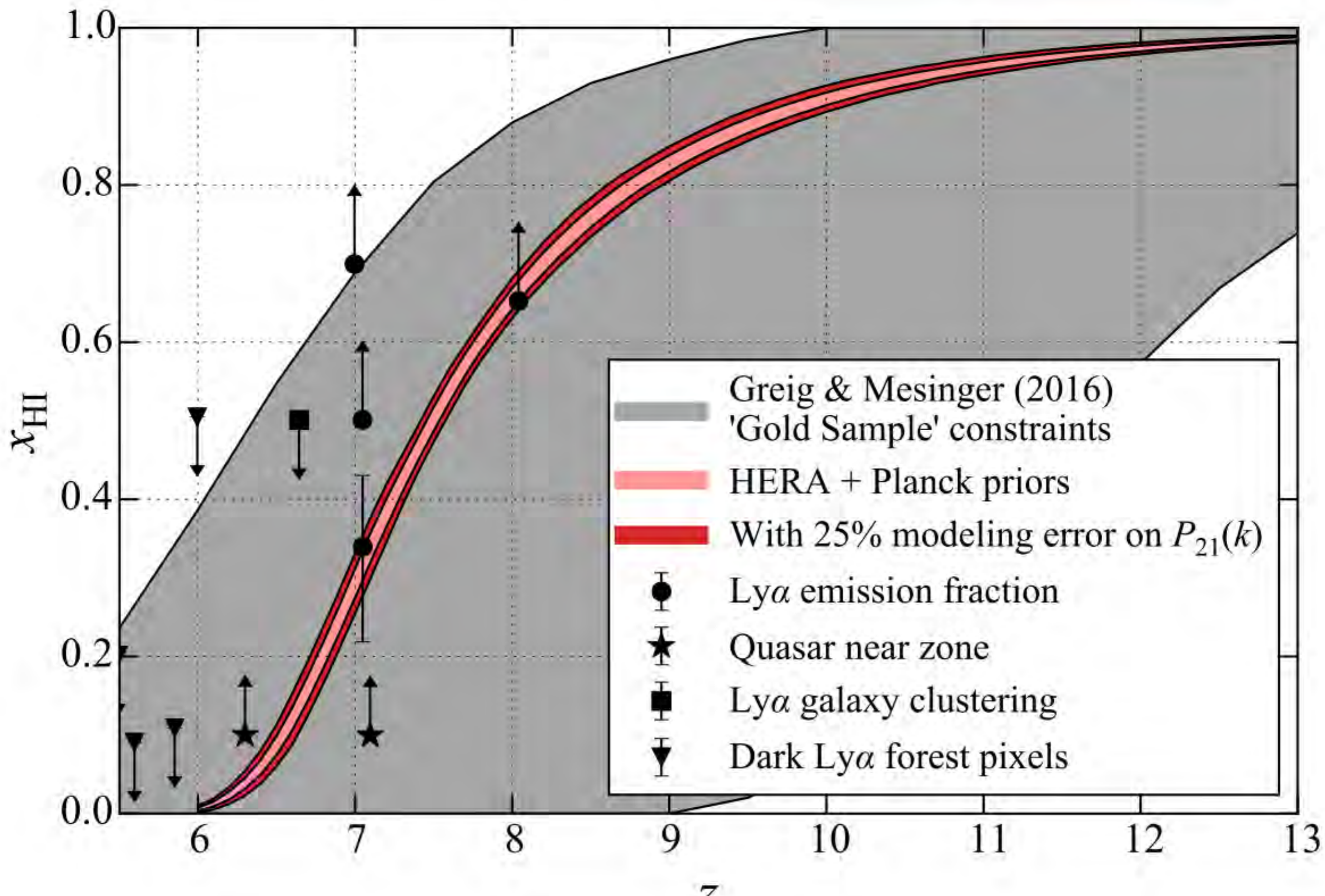
- 14m transit dish, 331 element array
- PAPER feed
- MWA-type node architecture
- Fast focus minimizes chromaticity
- Joint MWA - PAPER enterprise
- 0.1 km²



HYDROGEN EPOCH OF REIONIZATION ARRAY

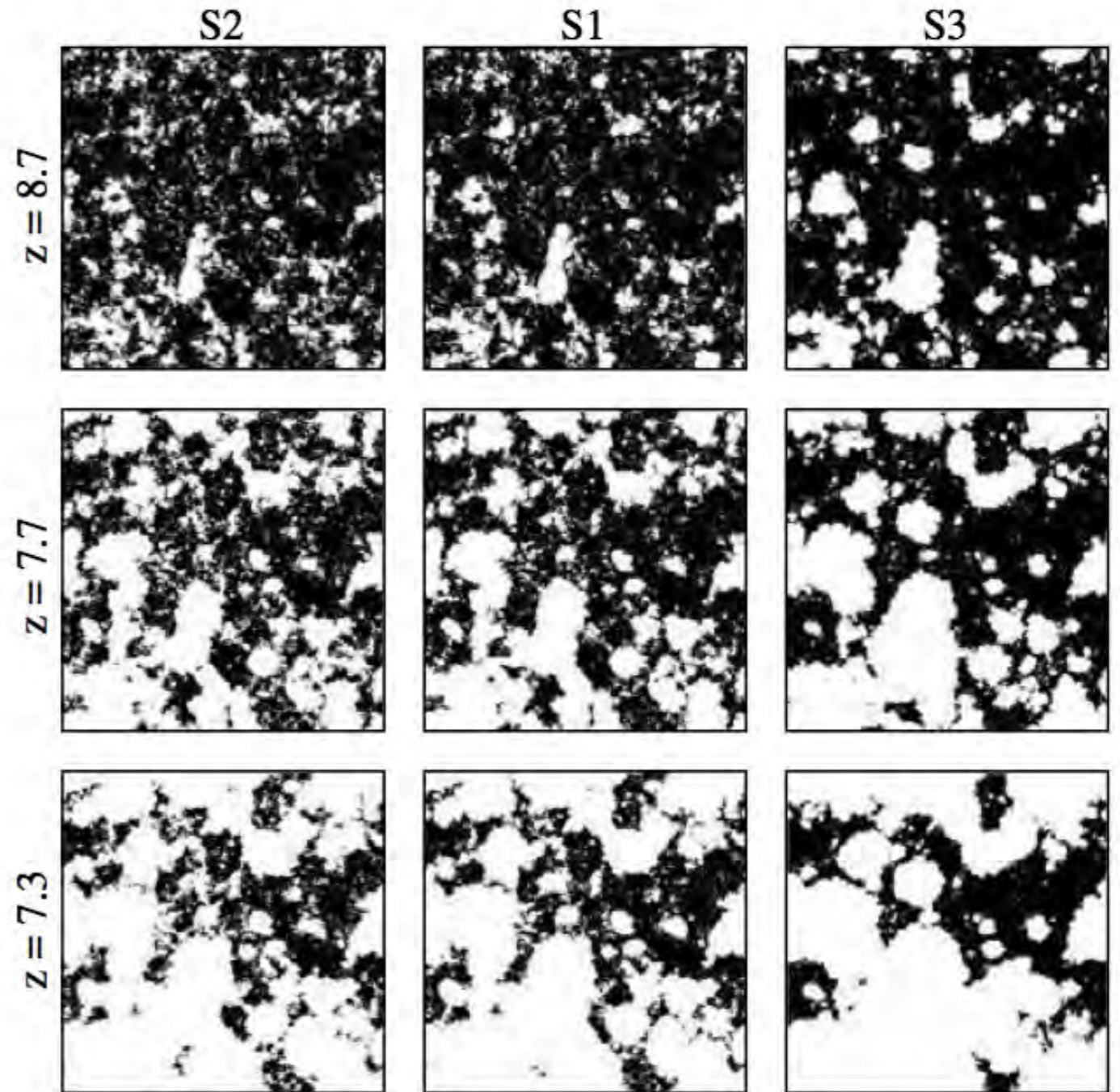
- 14m transit dish, 331 element array
- PAPER feed
- MWA-type node architecture
- Fast focus minimizes chromaticity
- Joint MWA - PAPER enterprise
- 0.1 km²





imaging

- signal amplitude $\sim 20\text{mK}$
- first generation sensitivity: 80mK
- SKA sensitivity: 4mK
- near future: **statistical measures**



McQuinn et al. 2007 MNRAS 377

320kya

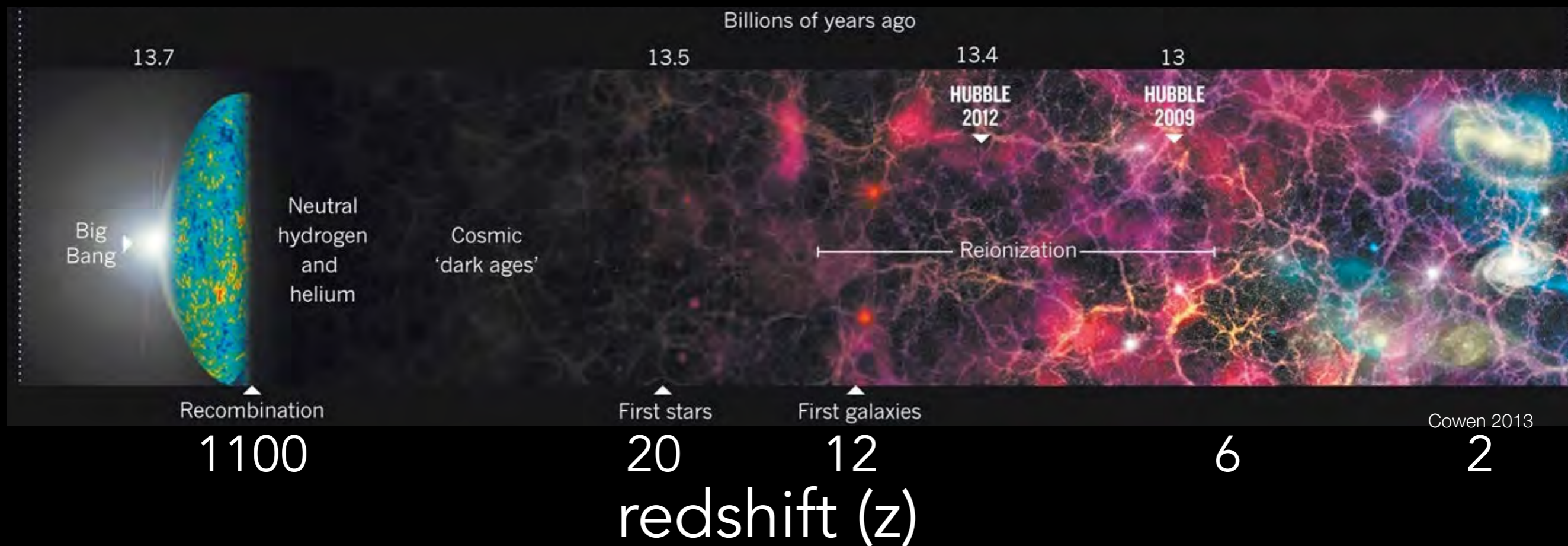
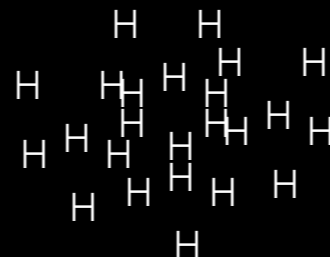
500Mya

Now

CMB photons

recombined Hydrogen

→
2 mm

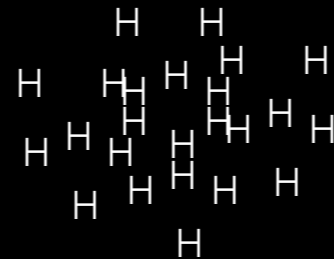


320kya

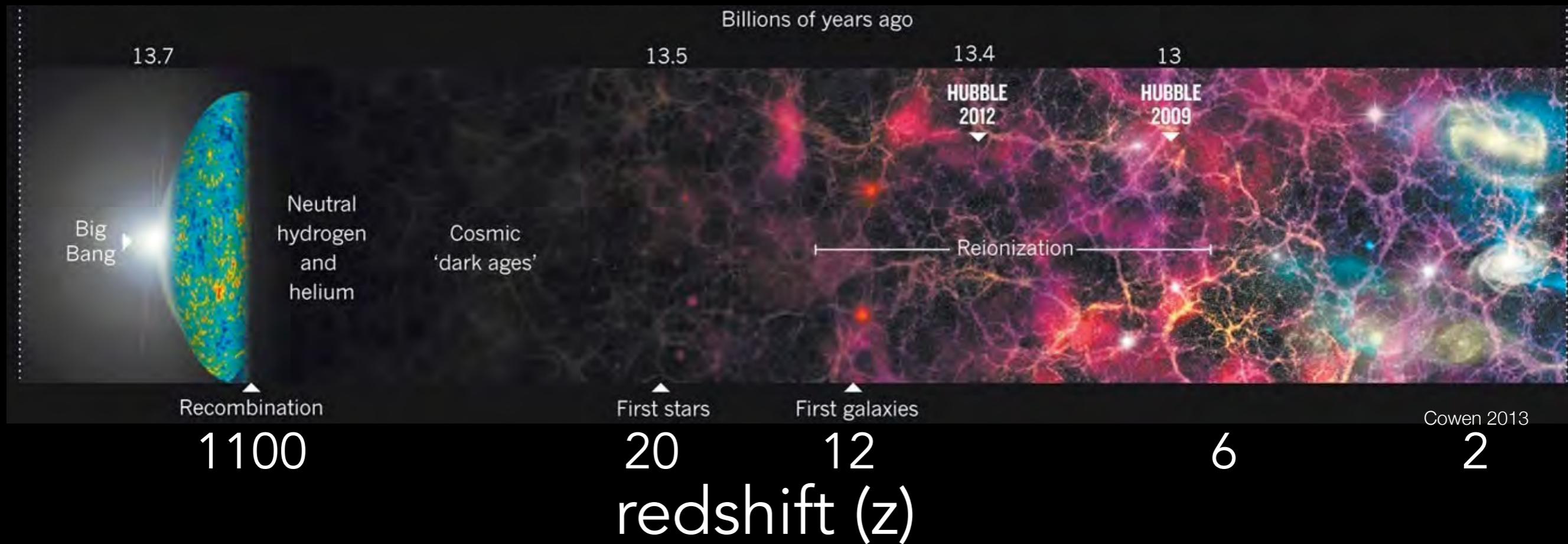
500Mya

Now

recombined Hydrogen



~3m



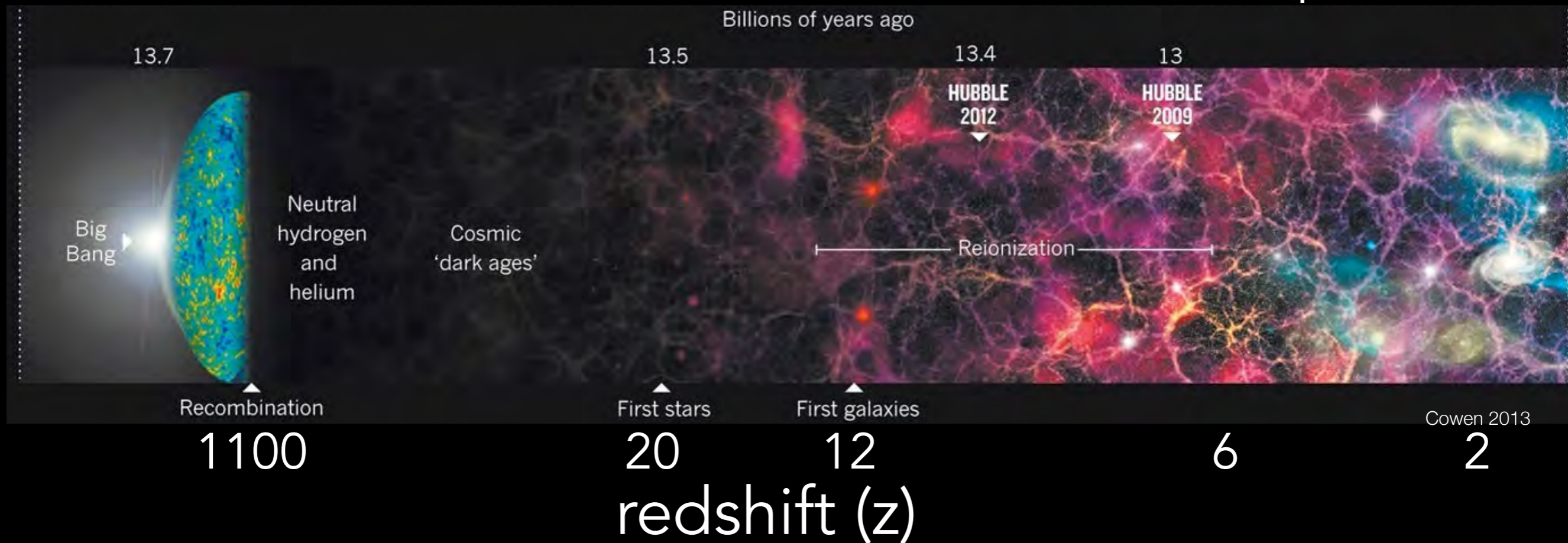
ionization fraction

matter density

$$T_b = 27 x_{\text{HI}} \left(1 + \frac{4}{3} \delta_b \right) \left(\frac{\Omega_b h^2}{0.023} \right) \left(\frac{0.15}{\Omega_m h^2} \frac{1+z}{10} \right)^{1/2} \times \left(\frac{T_S - T_\gamma}{T_S} \right) \text{mK},$$

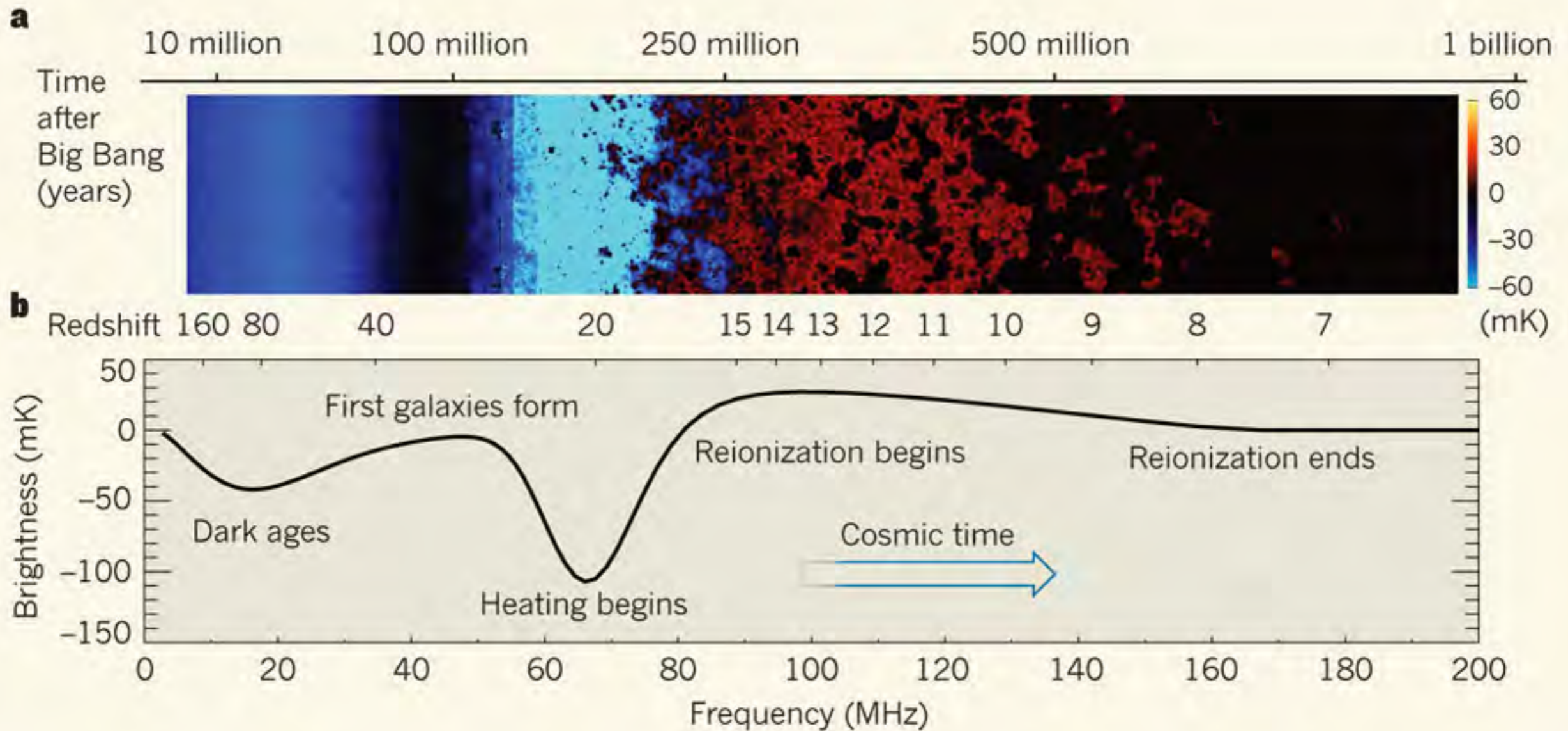
CMB Temp

H temperature



$$T_b = 27 x_{\text{HI}} \left(1 + \frac{4}{3} \delta_b \right) \left(\frac{\Omega_b h^2}{0.023} \right) \left(\frac{0.15}{\Omega_m h^2} \frac{1+z}{10} \right)^{1/2} \times \left(\frac{T_S - T_\gamma}{T_S} \right) \text{ mK},$$

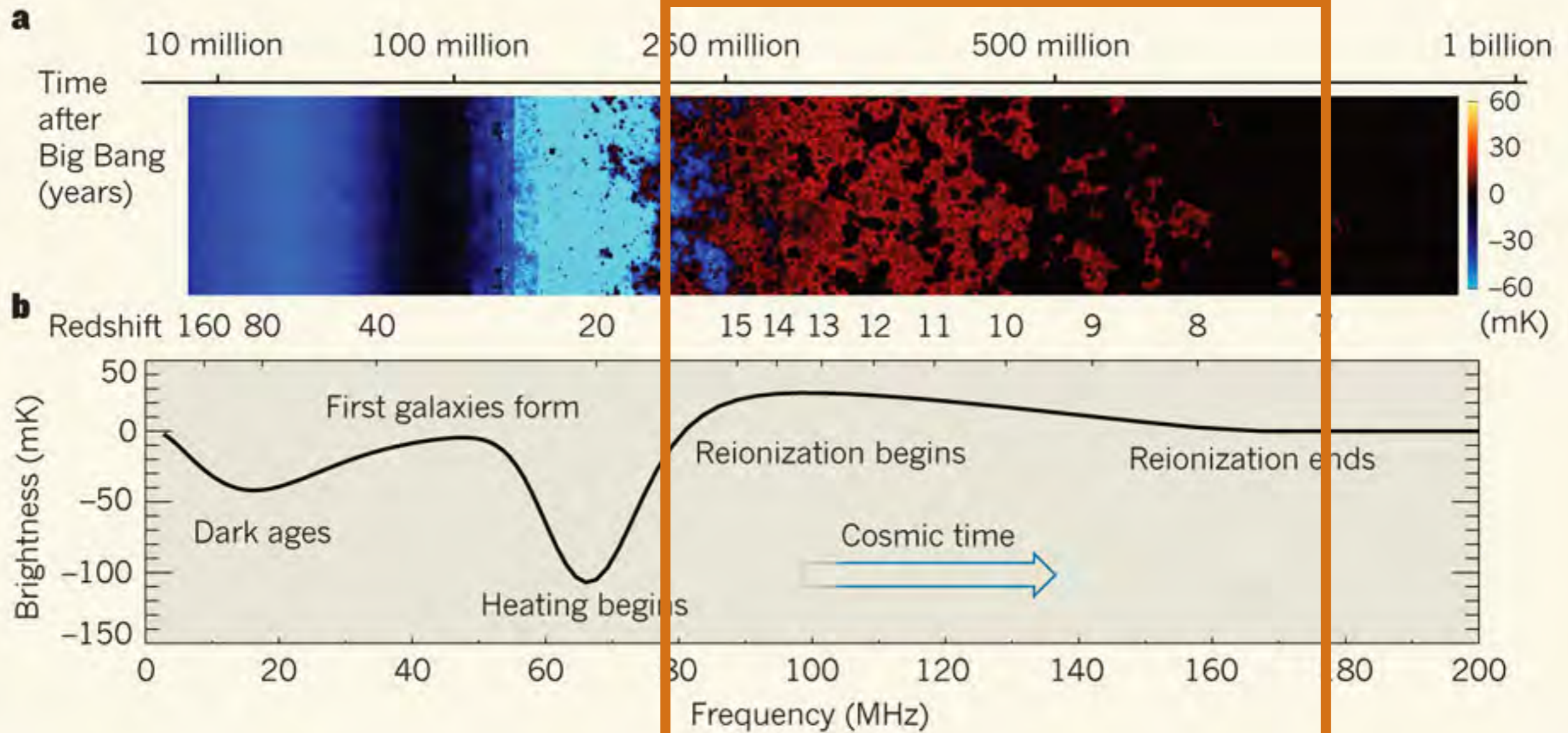
Pritchard and Loeb, PrD, 2008



Pritchard and Loeb, Nature, 2010

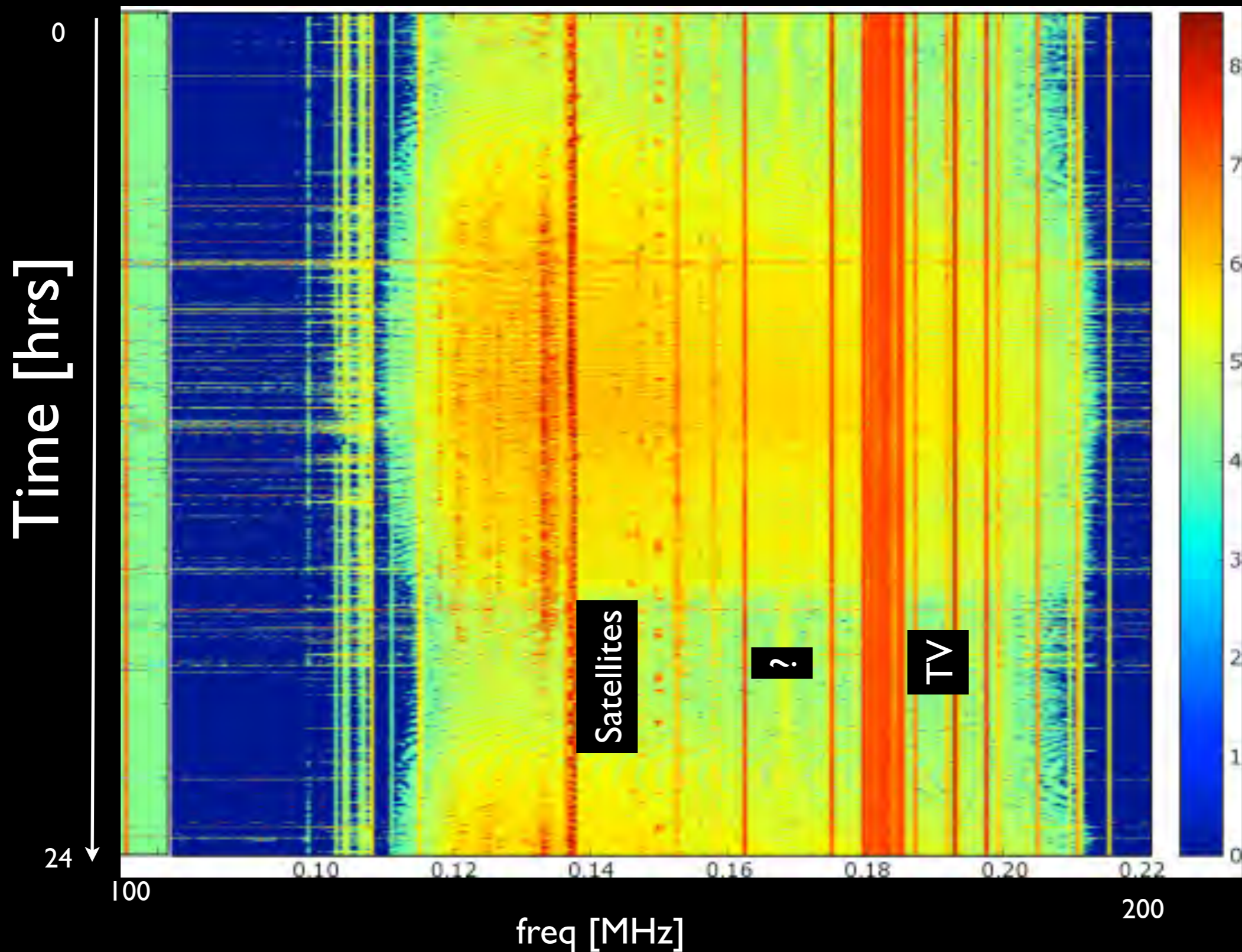
$$T_b = 27 x_{\text{HI}} \left(1 + \frac{4}{3} \delta_b \right) \left(\frac{\Omega_b h^2}{0.023} \right) \left(\frac{0.15}{\Omega_m h^2} \frac{1+z}{10} \right)^{1/2} \times \left(\frac{T_S - T_\gamma}{T_S} \right) \text{ mK},$$

Pritchard and Loeb, PrD, 2008

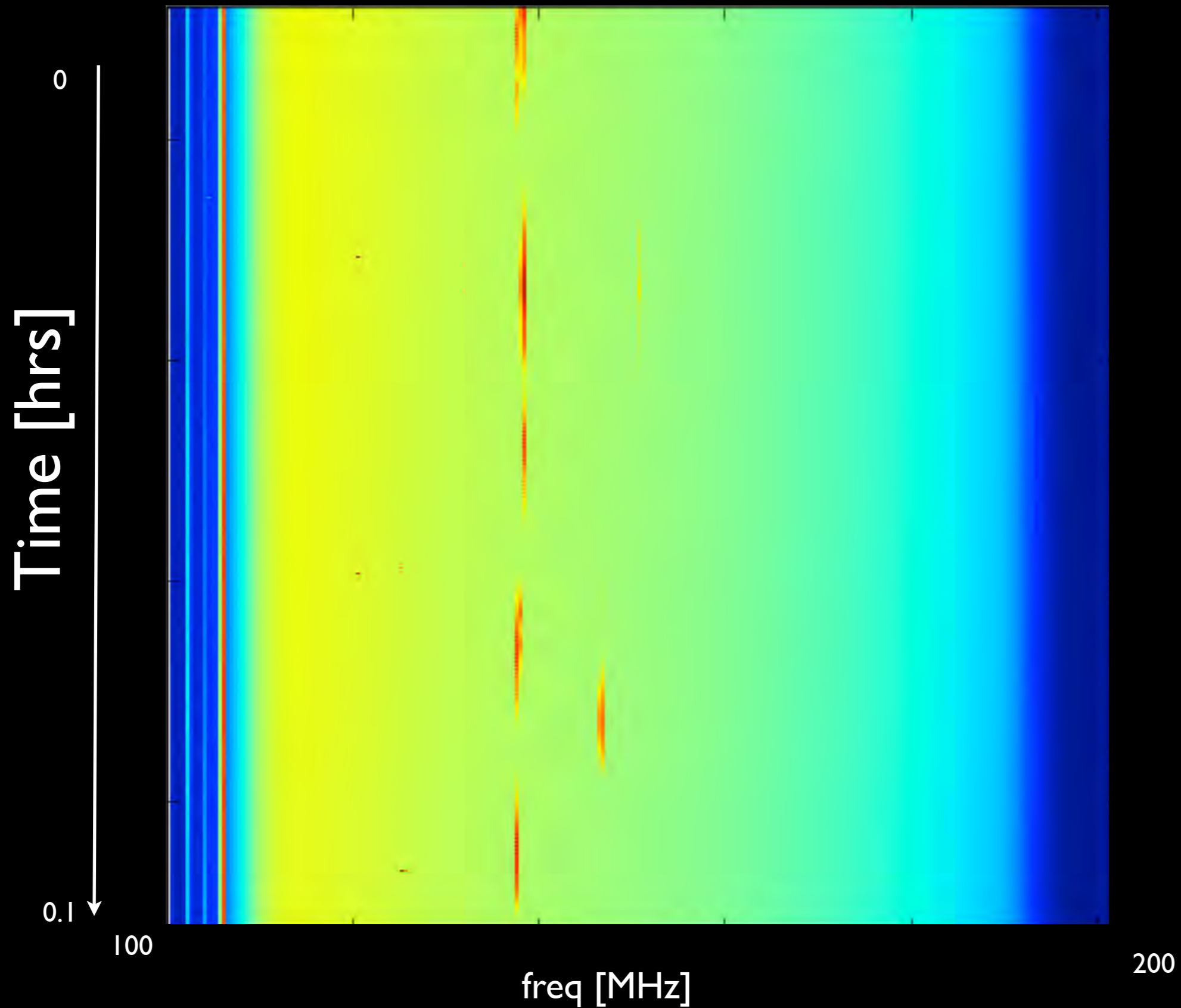


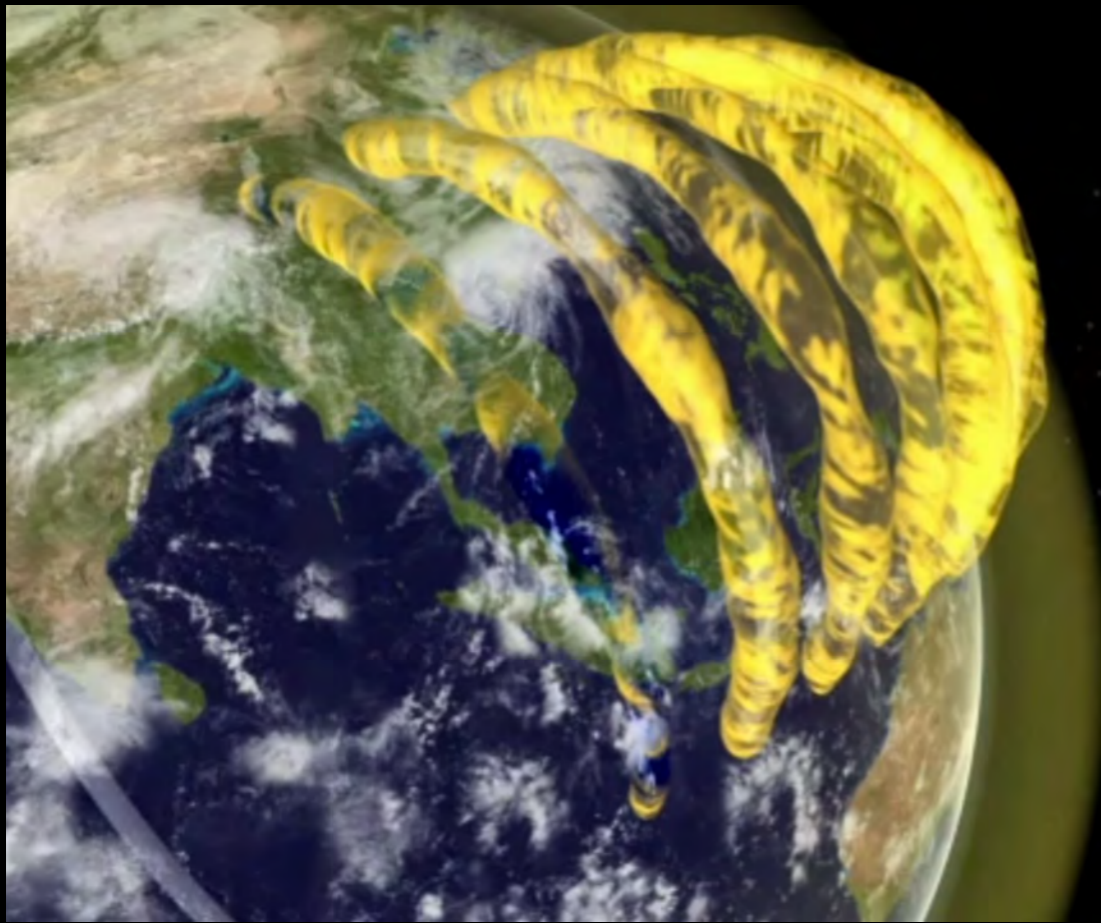
Pritchard and Loeb, Nature, 2010

PAPER Green Bank

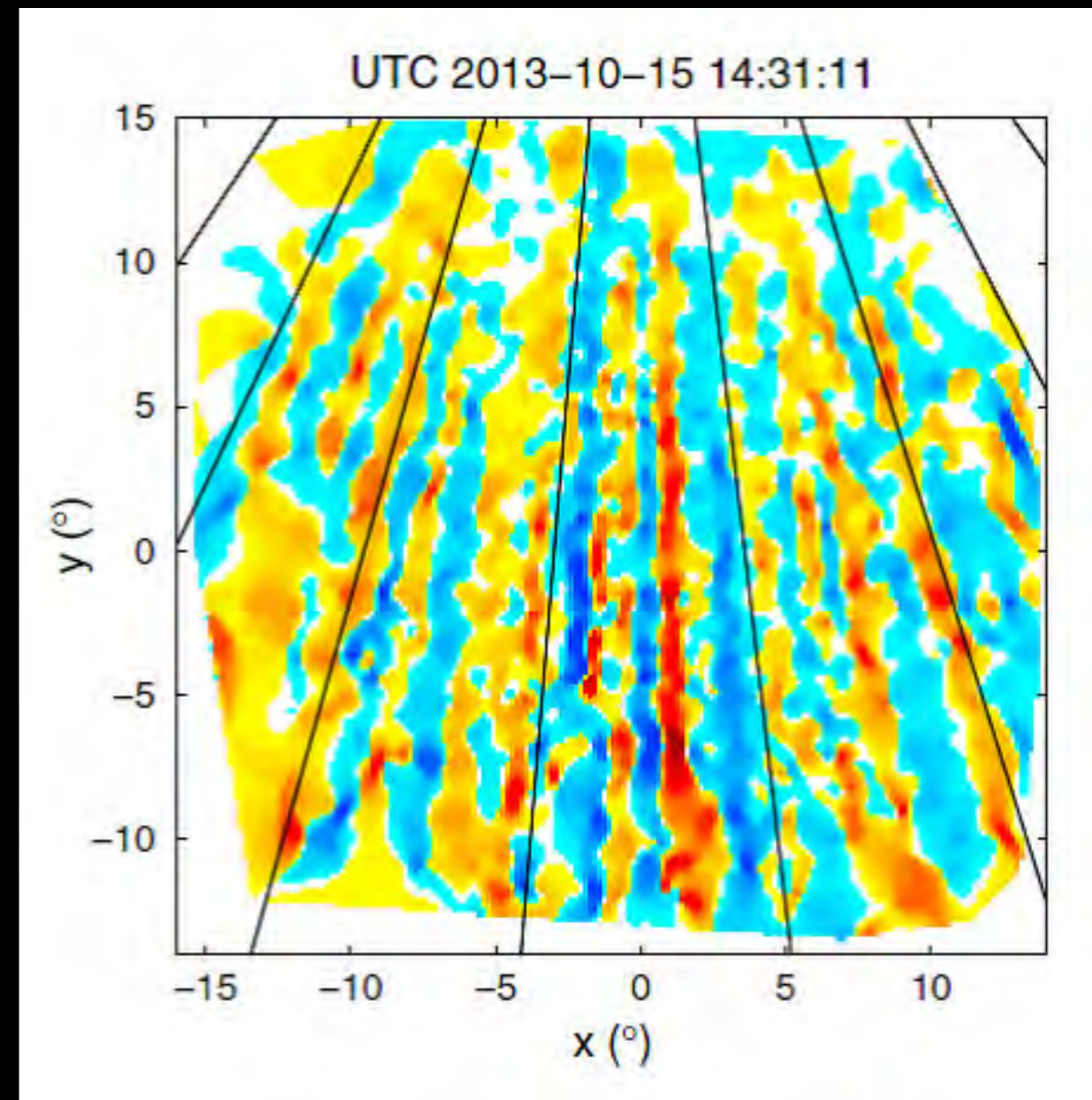


PAPER South Africa





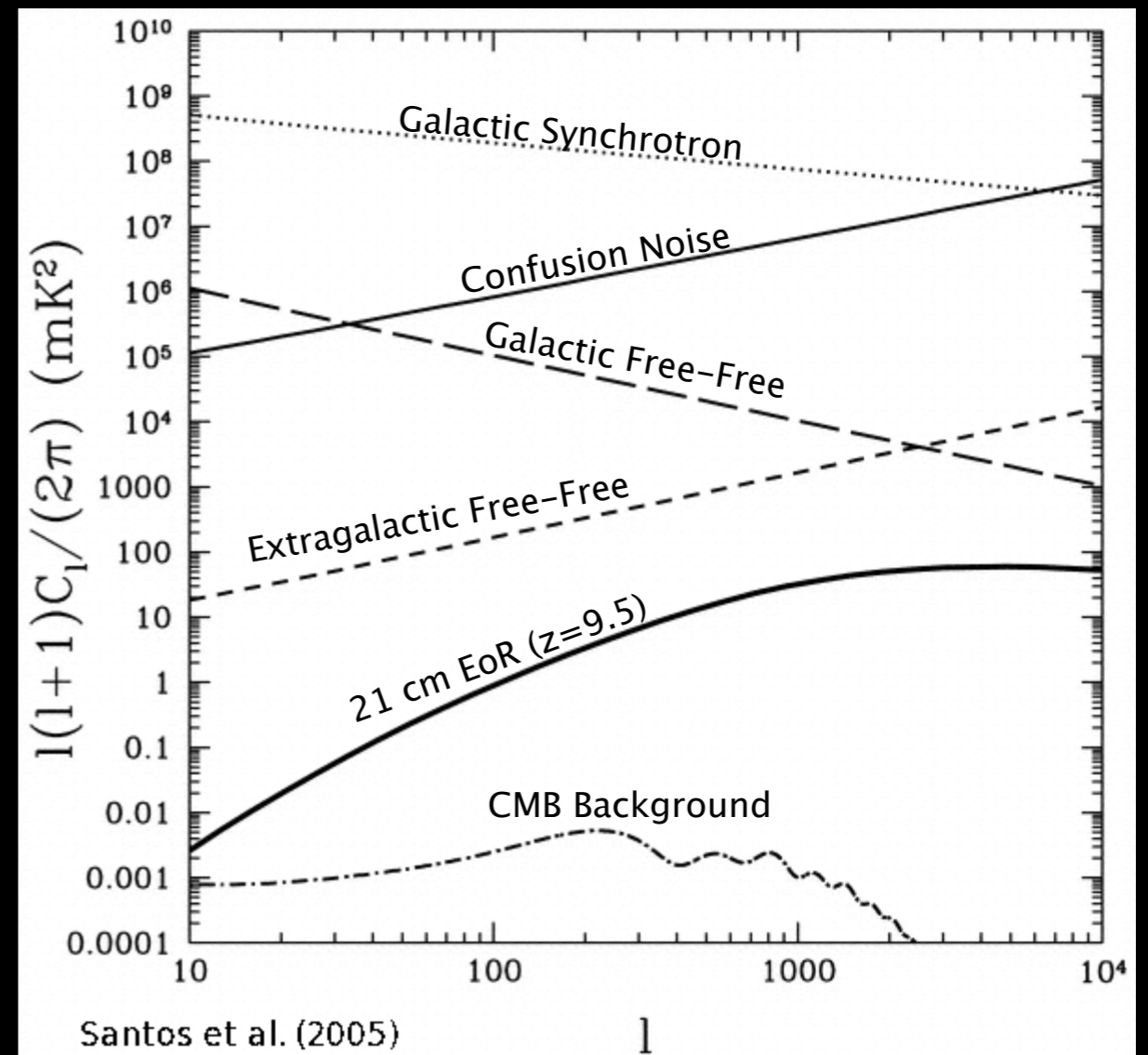
<https://youtu.be/ymZEOihIdU>



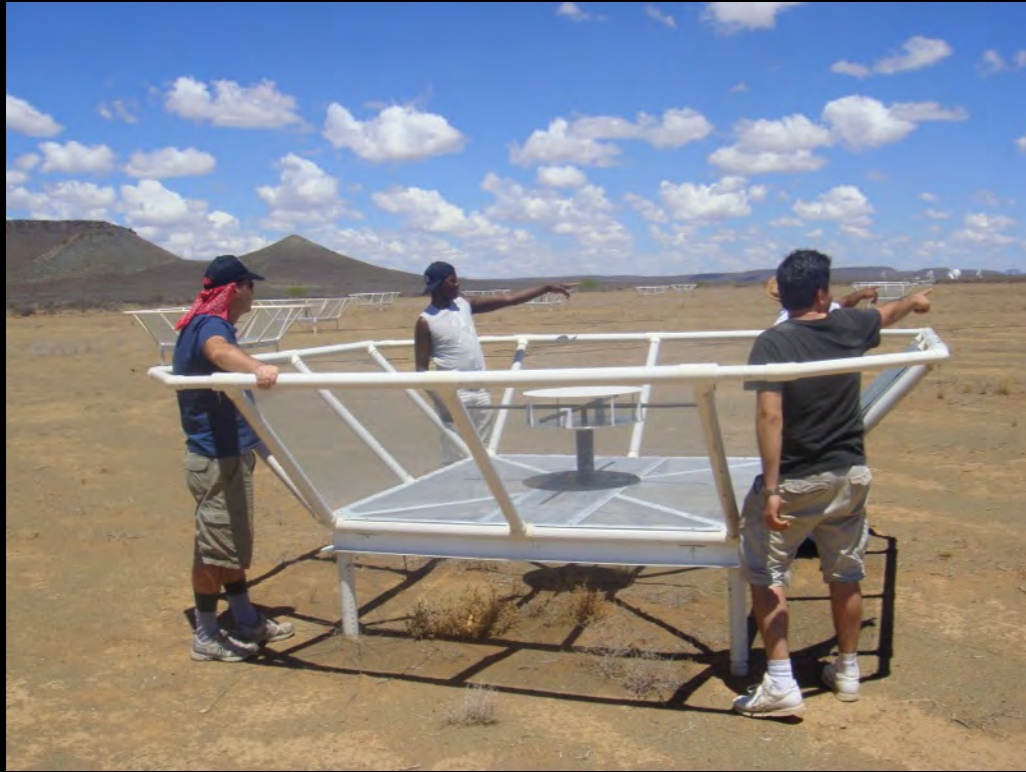
Loi et al GRL, 2015

CHALLENGES

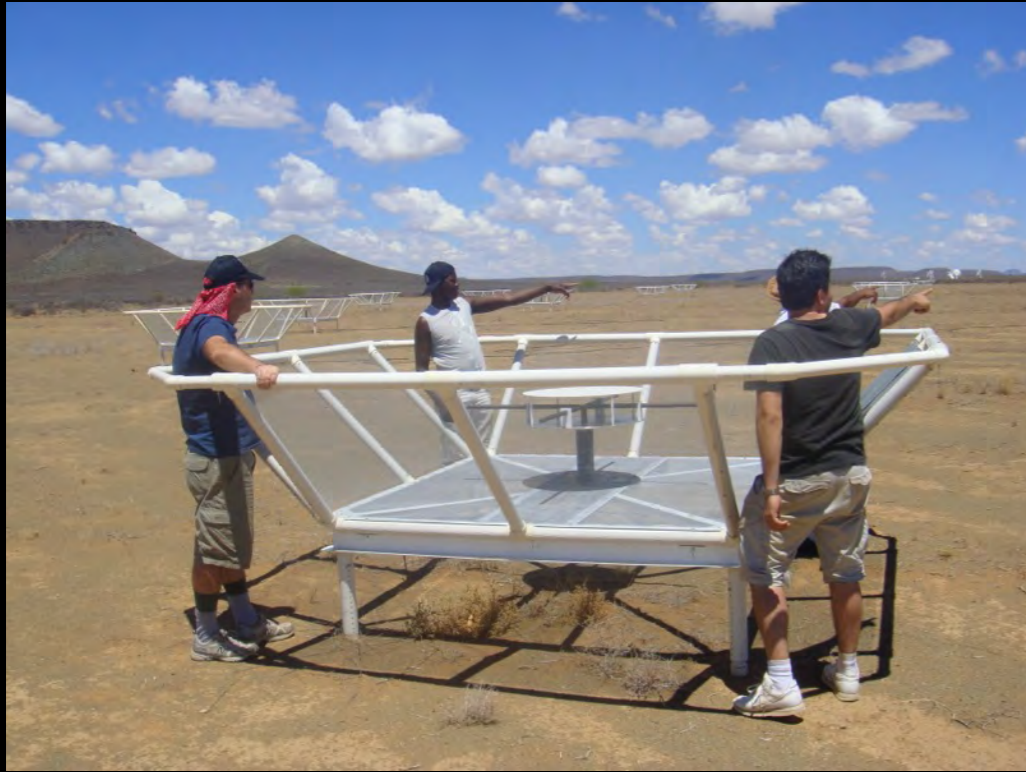
- Interference
- Sensitivity
- Foregrounds
 - 9 orders of magnitude in mK^2
 - spectrally smooth (unlike 21cm line)



SENSITIVITY



SENSITIVITY



EXPERIMENTAL DEVELOPMENTS

Hardware limitations

UNCERTAIN PRIMARY BEAM

ANALOG CROSS-COUPLING

SLOW ANALYSIS FEEDBACK

Current Projects

EXTERNAL CALIBRATOR

ANALOG VERIFICATION

REAL TIME CALIBRATION

ACCELERATED OFFLINE PROCESSING

*BIG DATA

EXTERNAL CALIBRATOR FOR HYDROGEN OBSERVATORIES

NSF Advanced Technology and Instrumentation Program
Jacobs PI



EXTERNAL CALIBRATOR FOR HYDROGEN OBSERVATORIES

NSF Advanced Technology and Instrumentation Program
Jacobs PI



Source: VCO synthesizer
(137-2GHz)



EXTERNAL CALIBRATOR FOR HYDROGEN OBSERVATORIES

NSF Advanced Technology and Instrumentation Program
Jacobs PI



Source: VCO synthesizer
(137-2GHz)

Drone: 3DR X8



EXTERNAL CALIBRATOR FOR HYDROGEN OBSERVATORIES

NSF Advanced Technology and Instrumentation Program
Jacobs PI

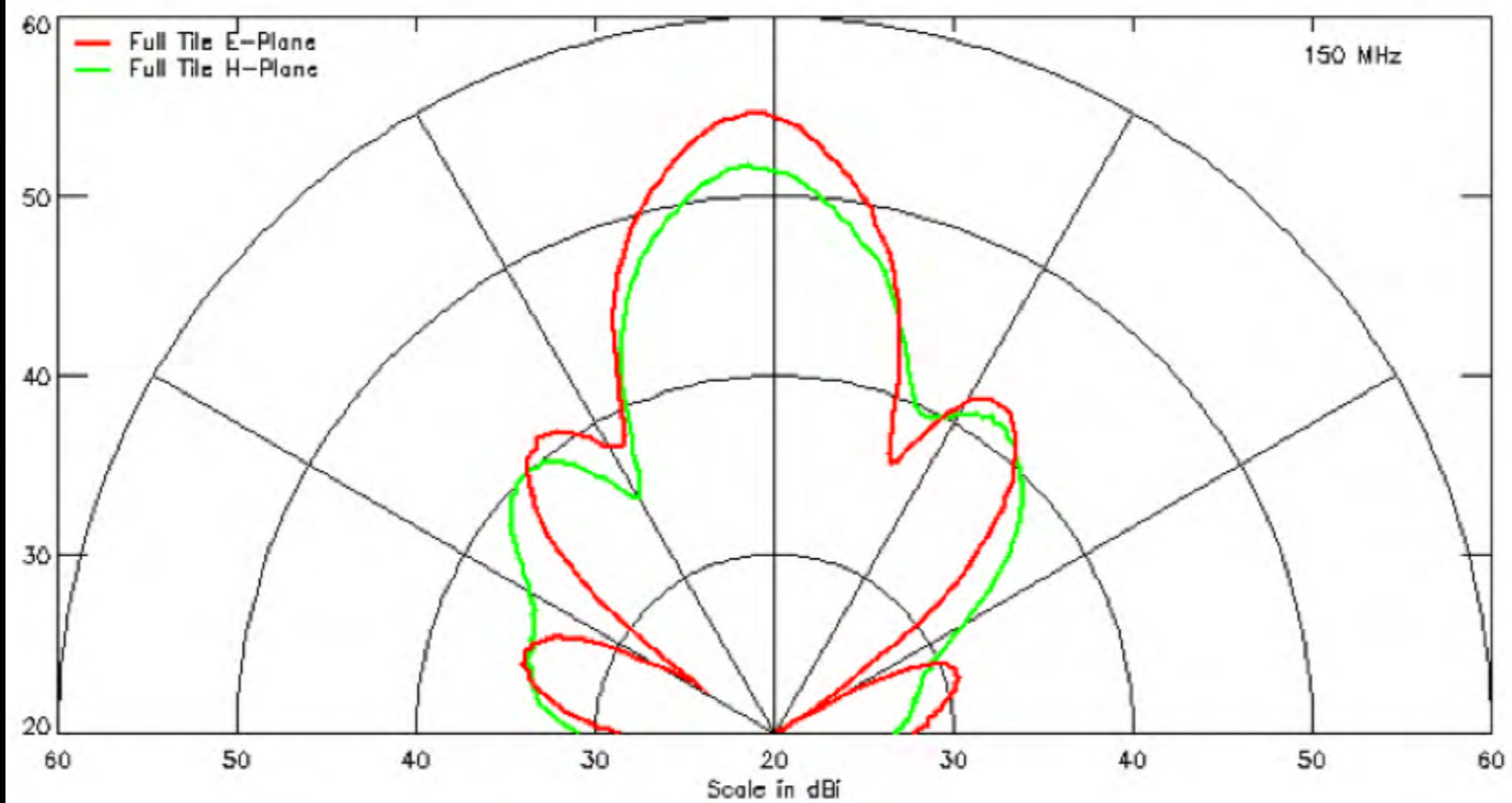
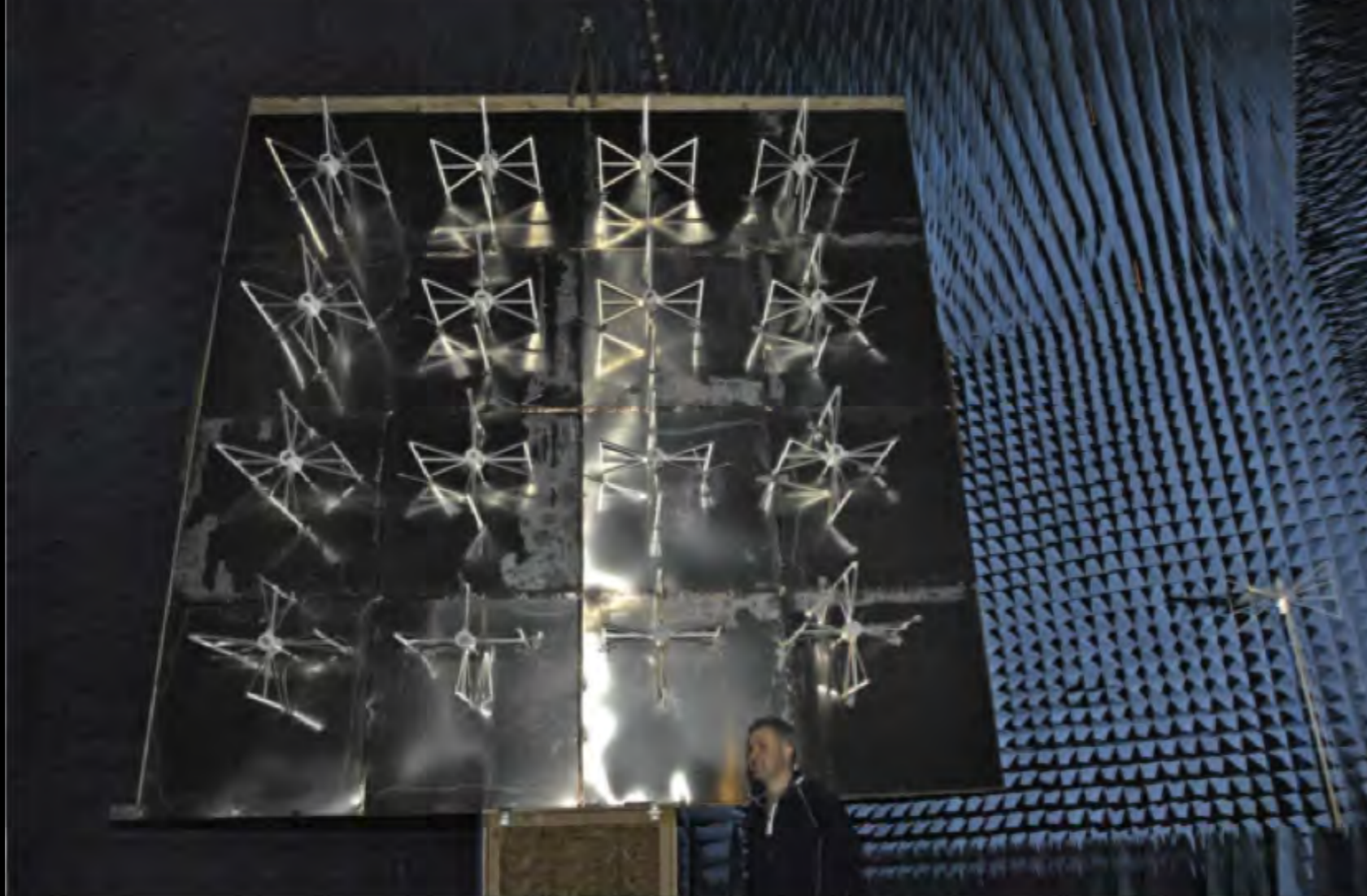


Source: VCO synthesizer
(137-2GHz)

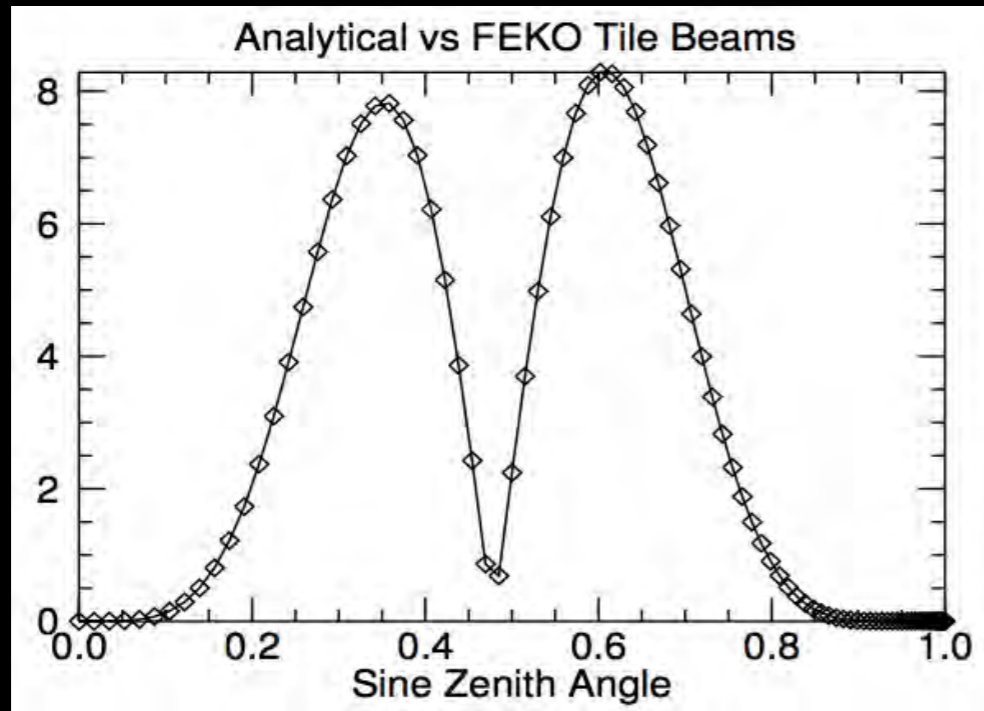
Drone: 3DR X8



Antenna: Bicolog bowtie
100-2Ghz



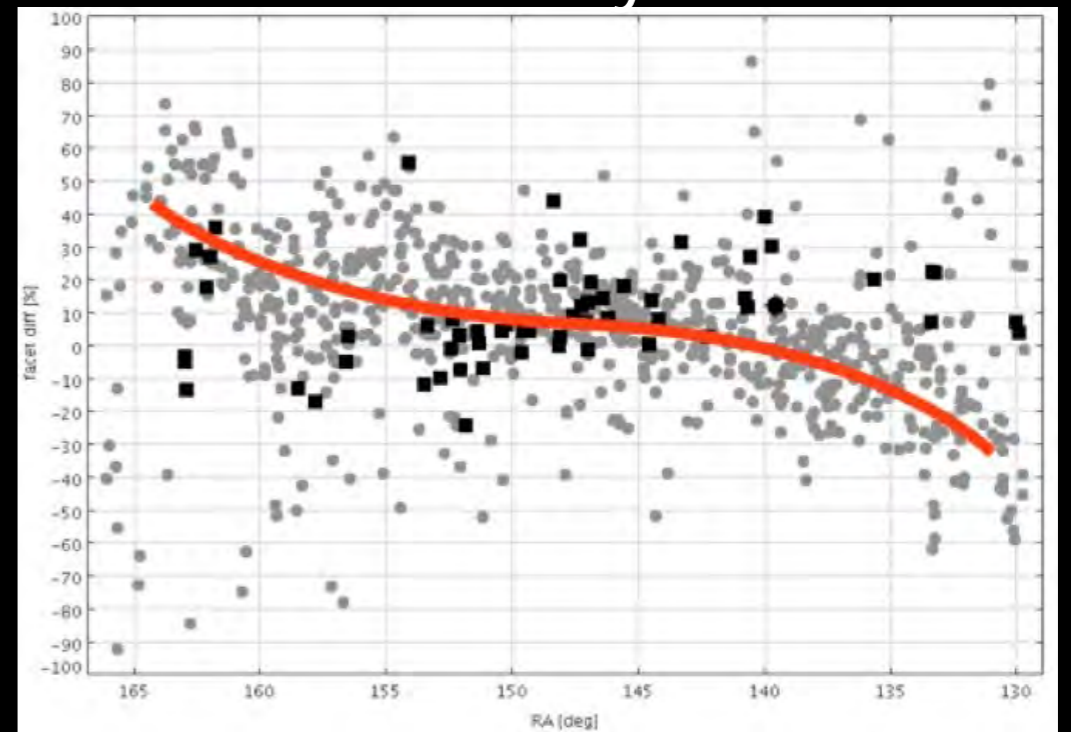
Model Variance



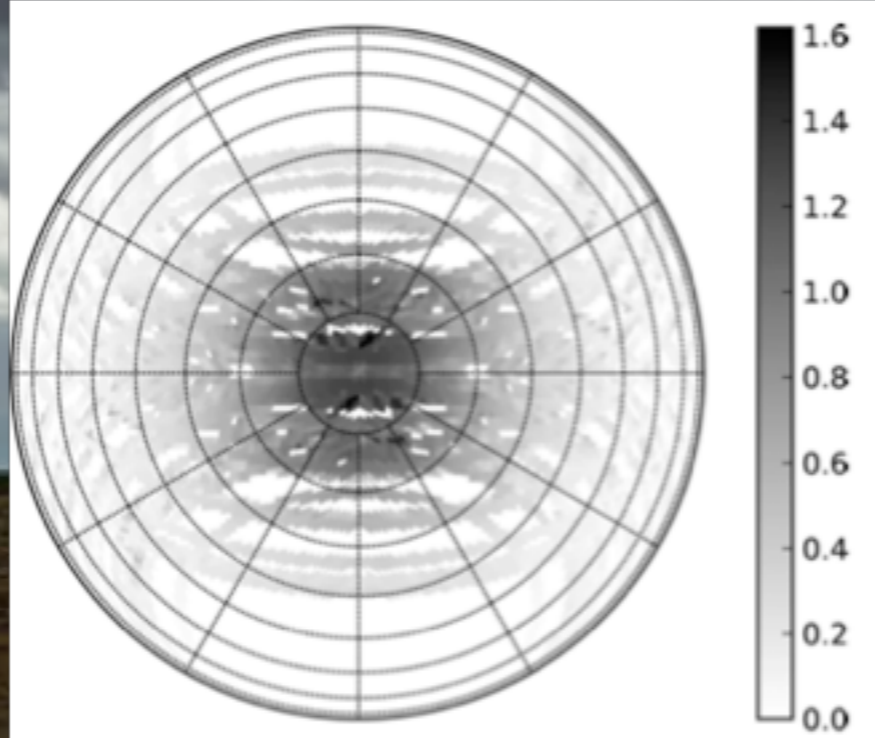
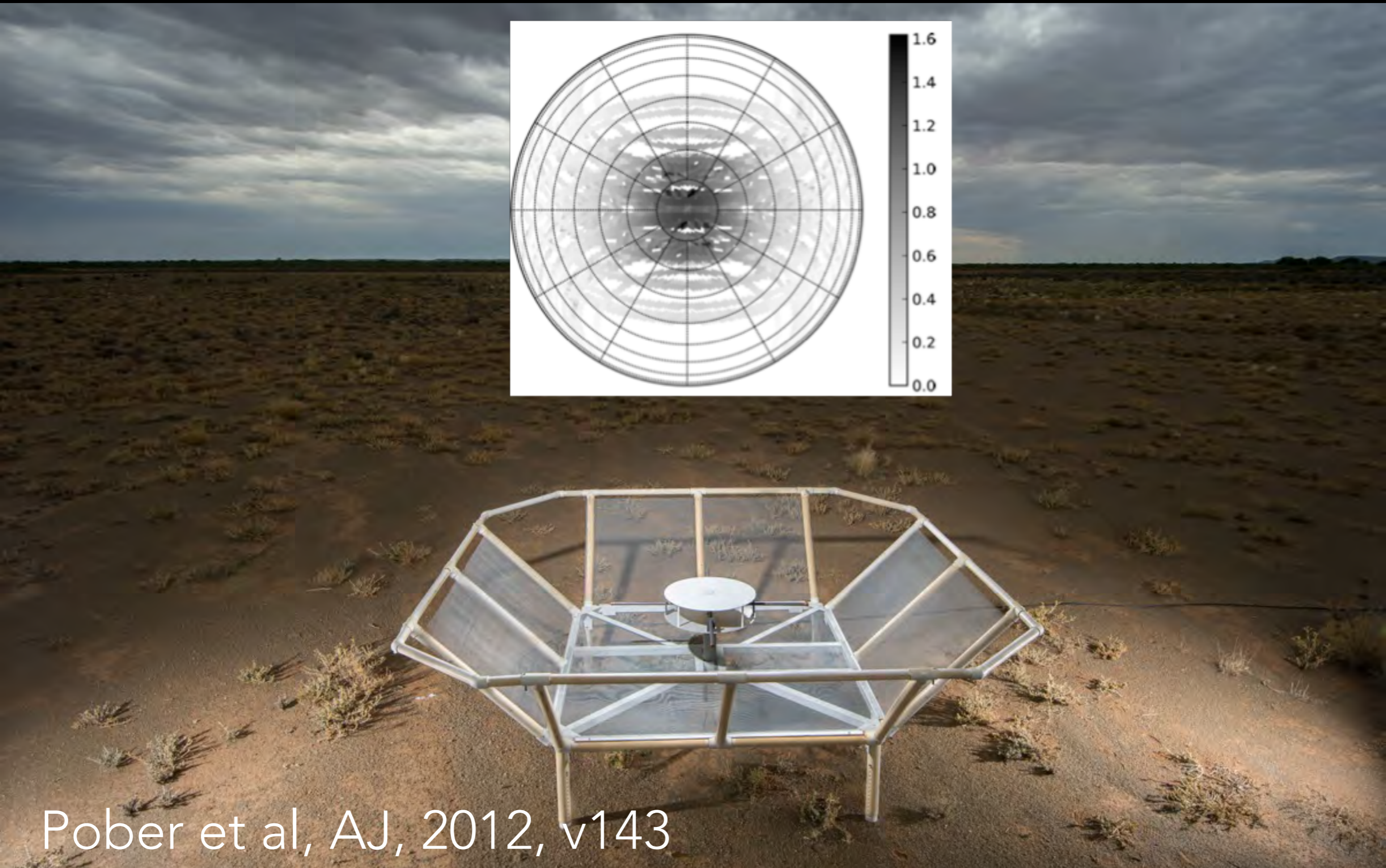
Analysis by Ben McKinley et al

see also Sutinjo et al, Rad Sci, 2015

Flux uncertainty



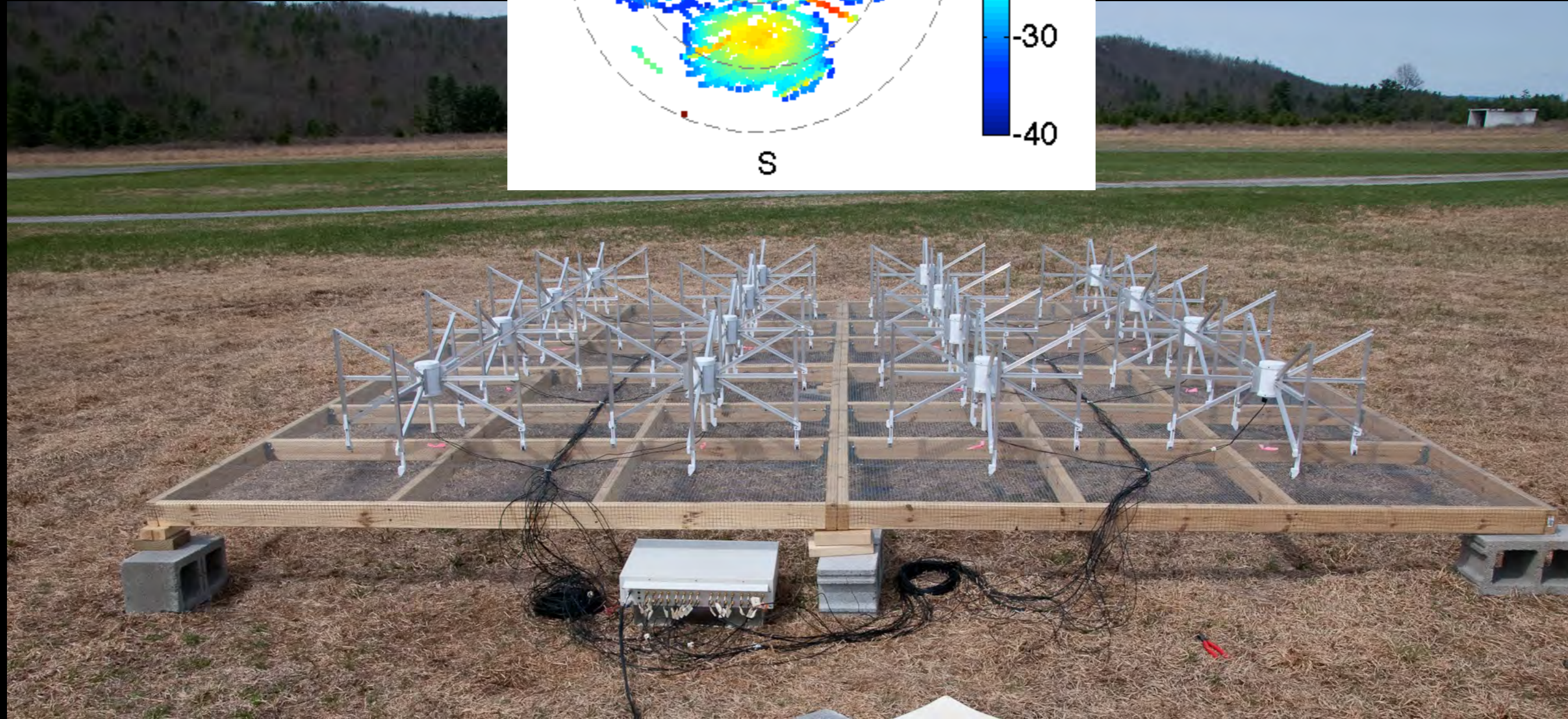
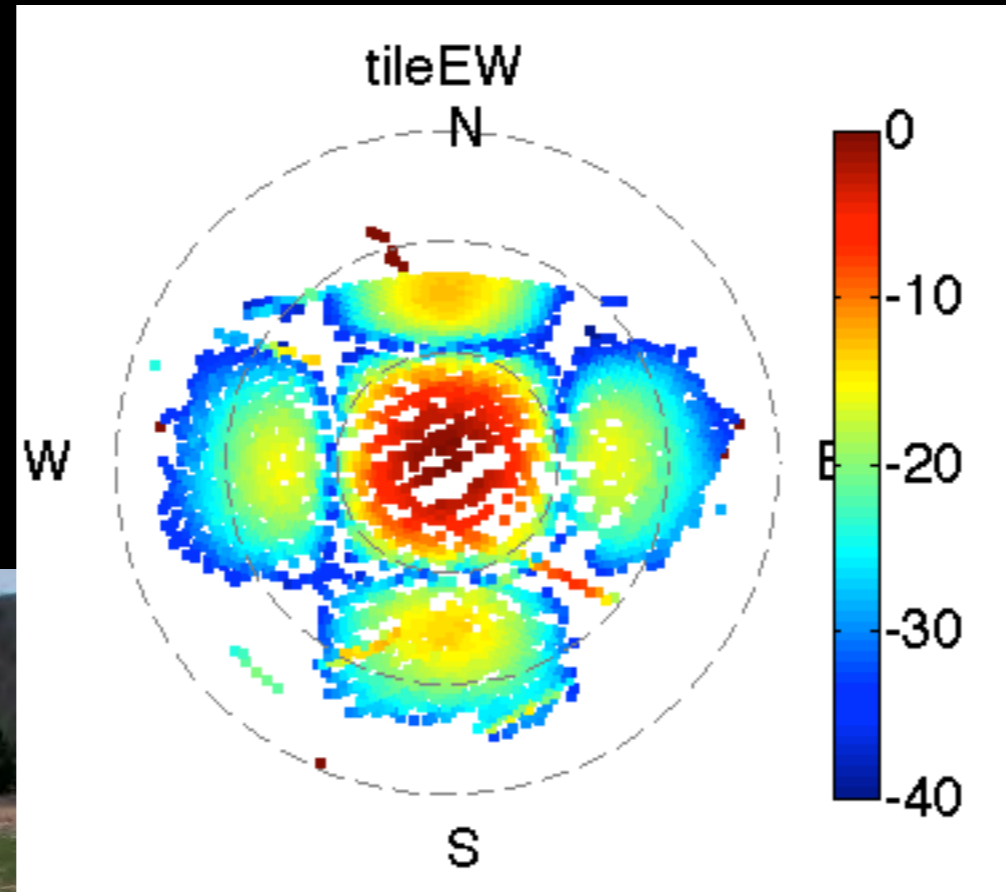
Jacobs et al 2013

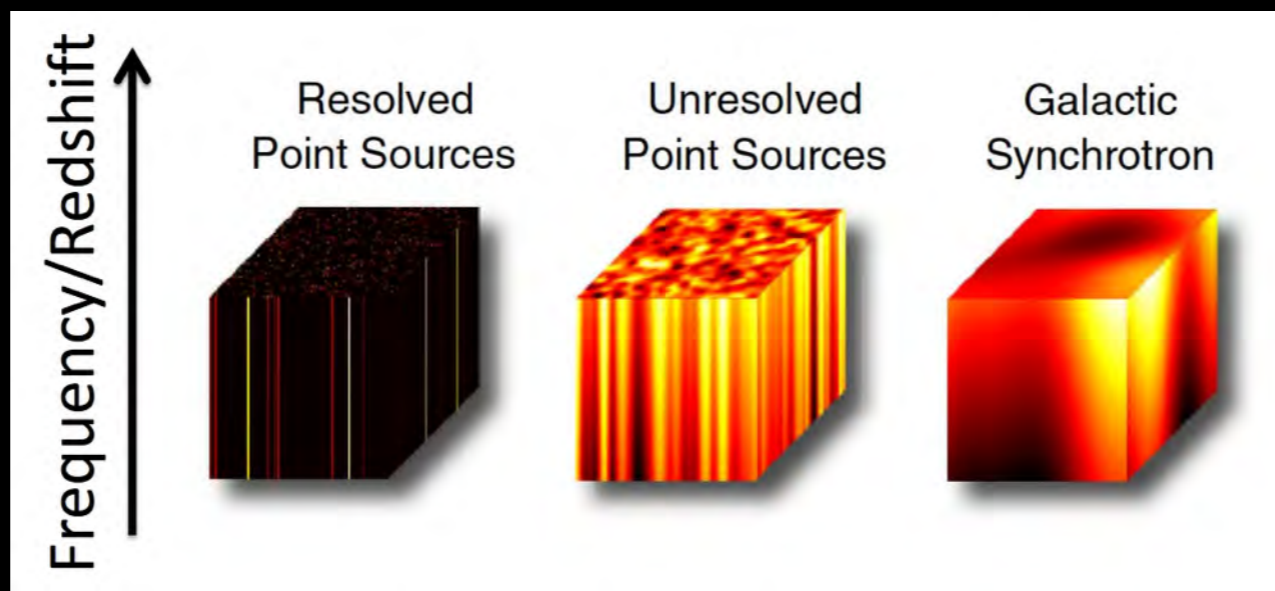


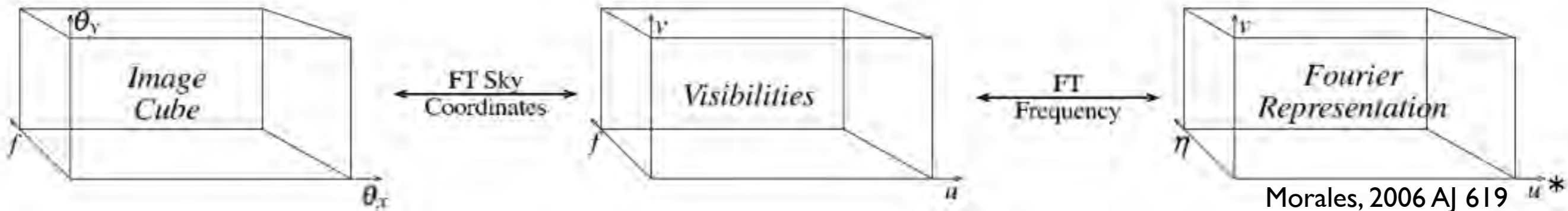
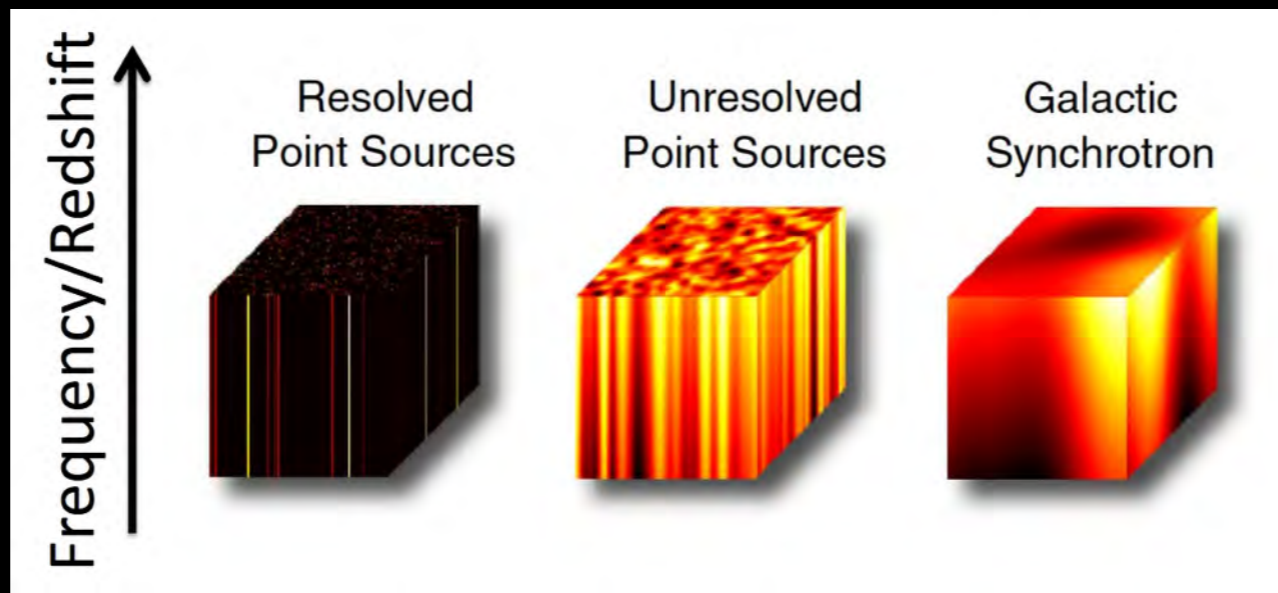
Pober et al, AJ, 2012, v143

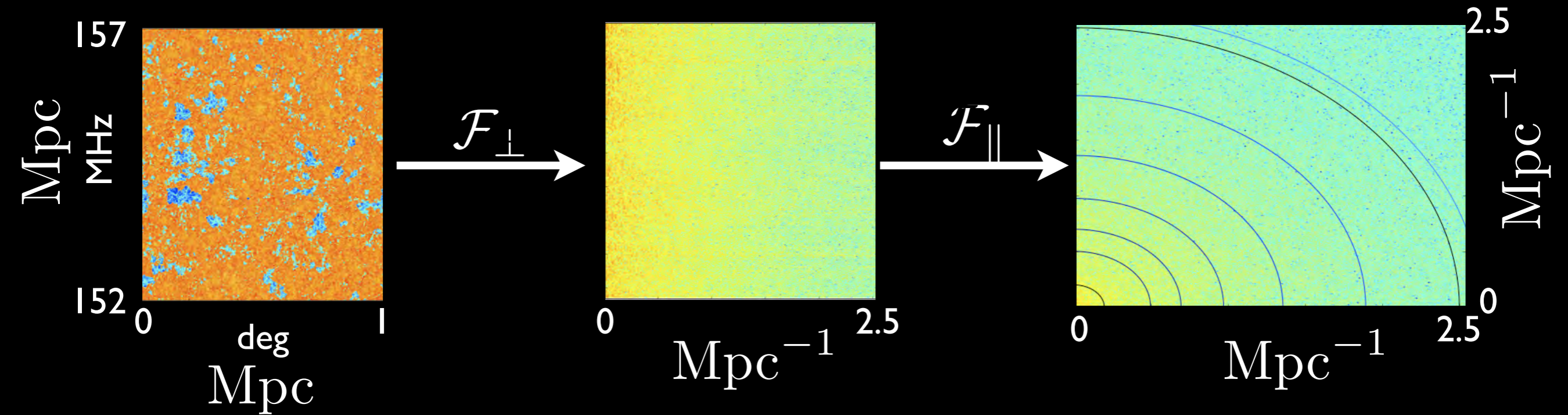
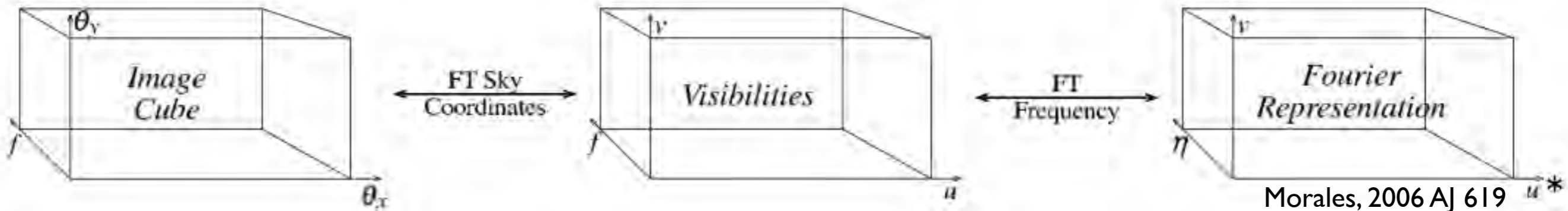
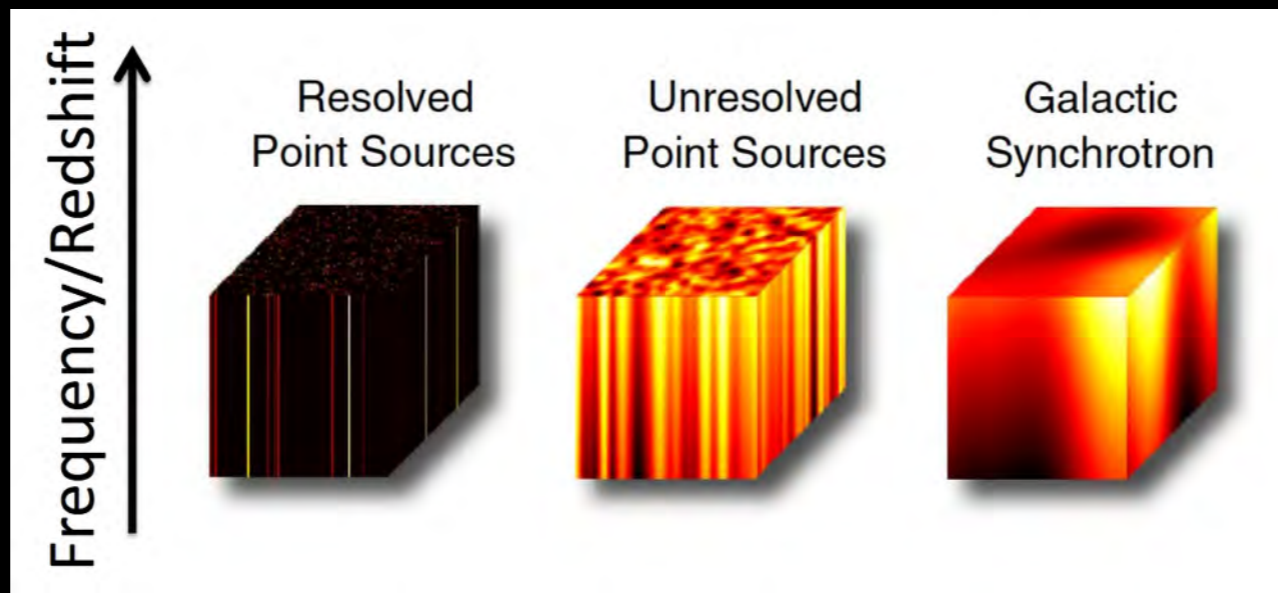
Using ORBCOMM

Neben et al Radio Science, 2015, vol 50





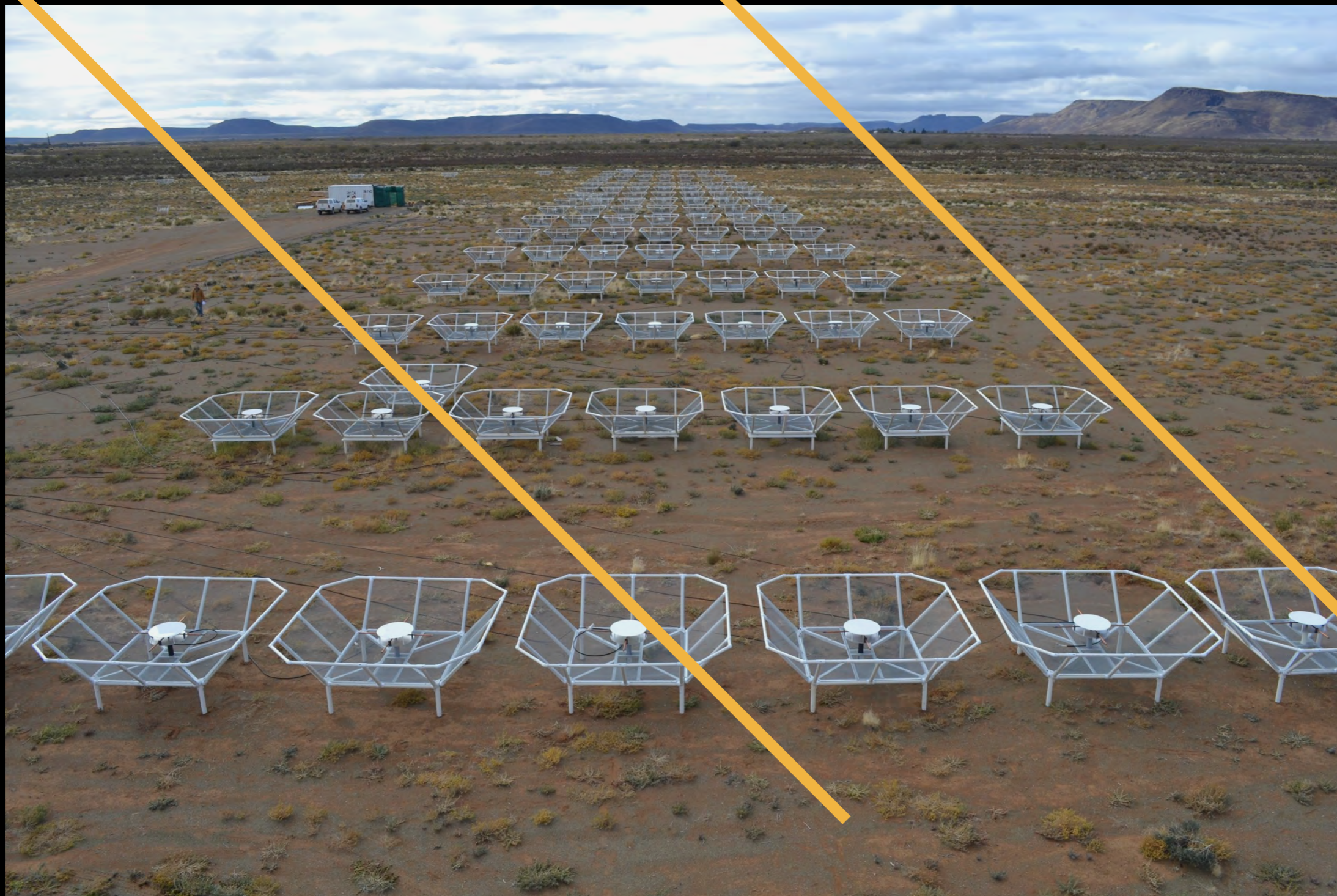


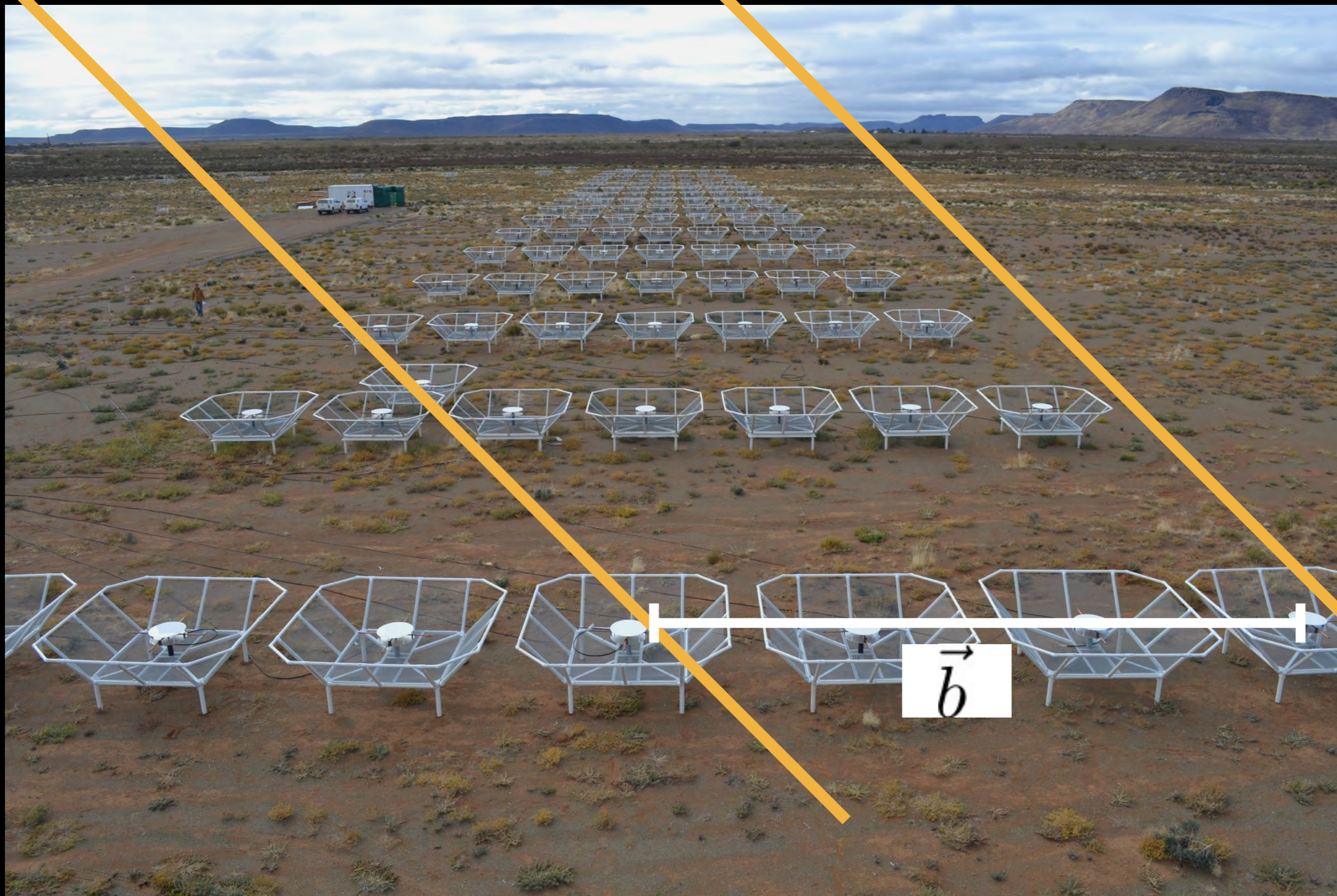


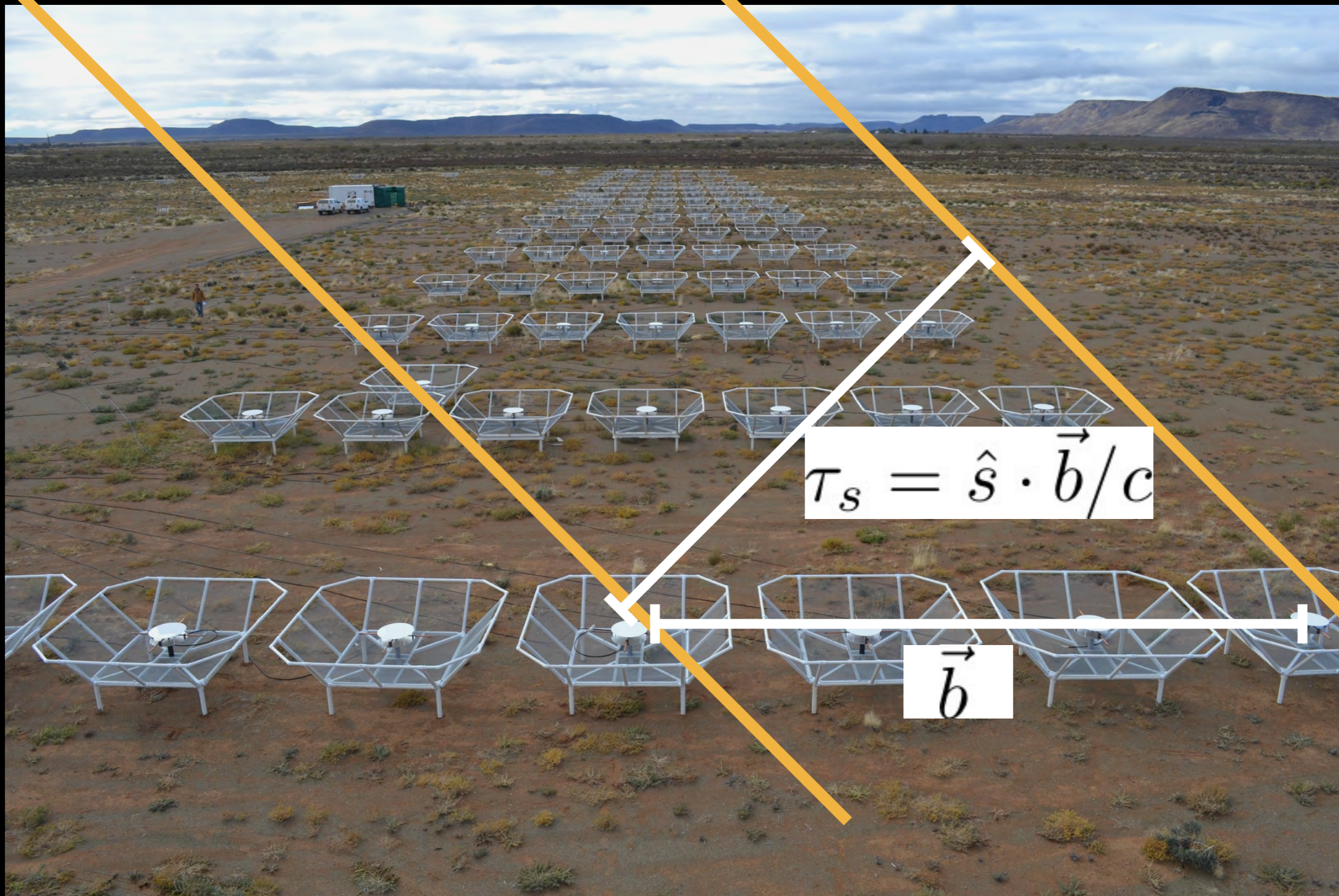






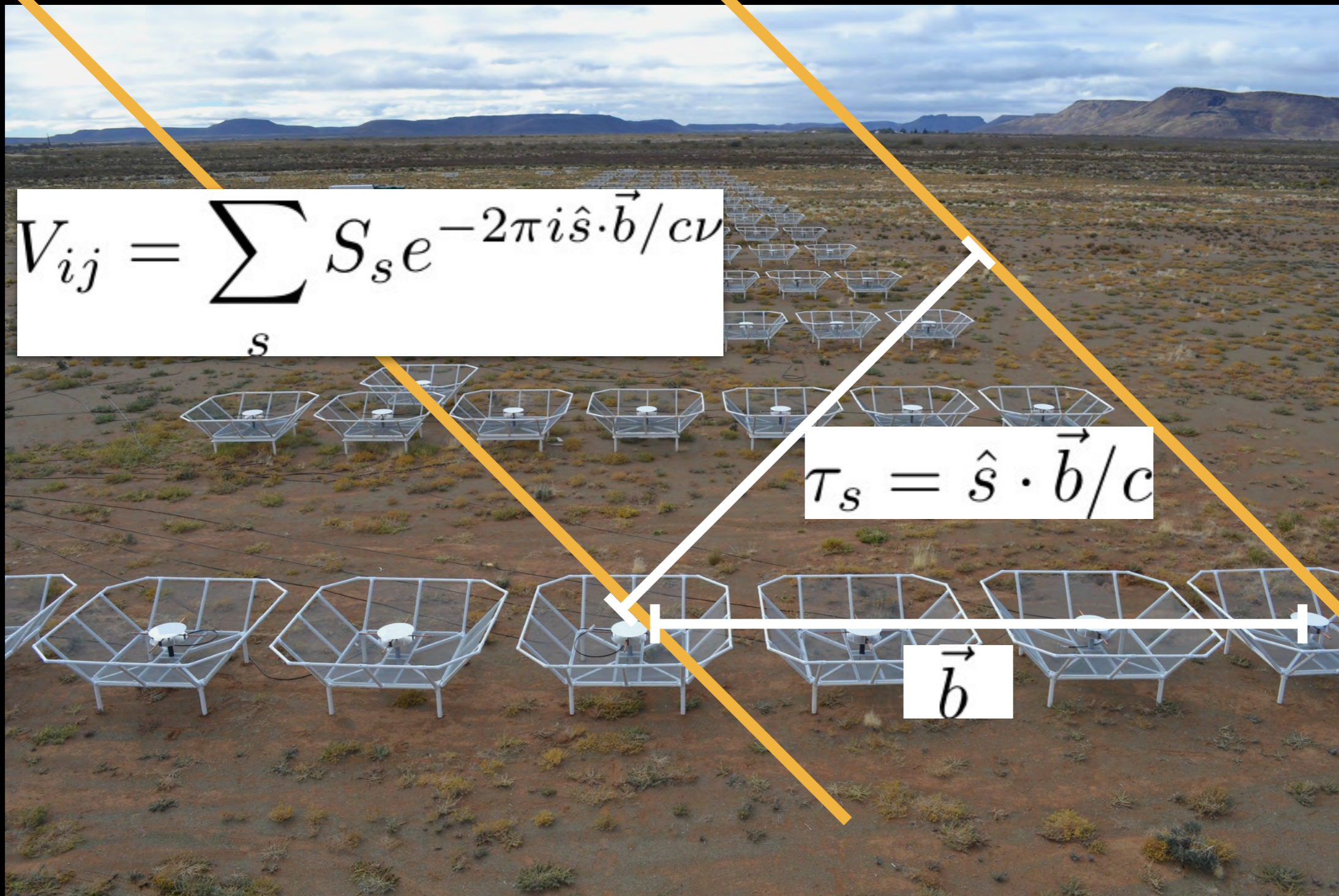






$$\tau_s = \hat{s} \cdot \vec{b} / c$$

$$\vec{b}$$

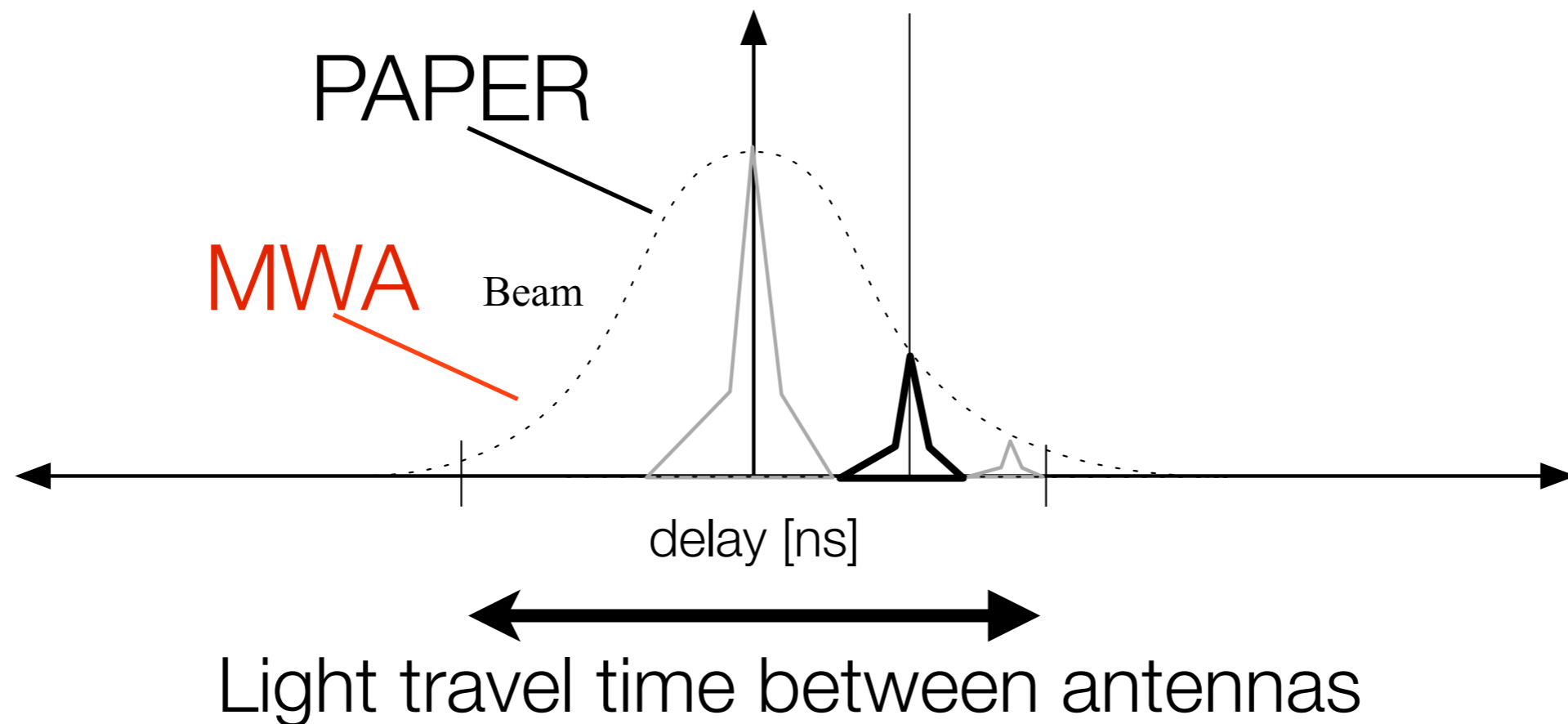


$$V_{ij} = \sum_s S_s e^{-2\pi i \hat{s} \cdot \vec{b} / c}$$

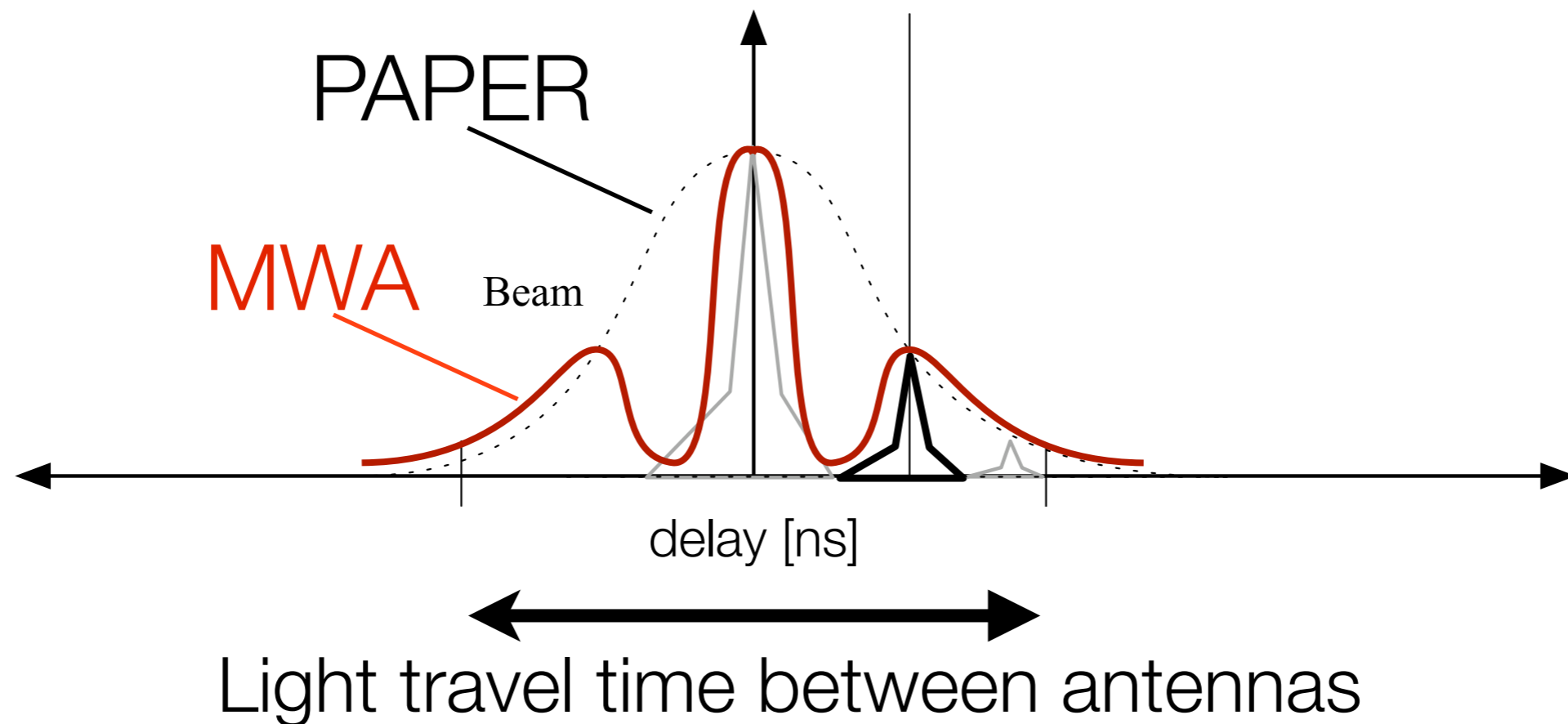
$$\tau_s = \hat{s} \cdot \vec{b} / c$$

\vec{b}

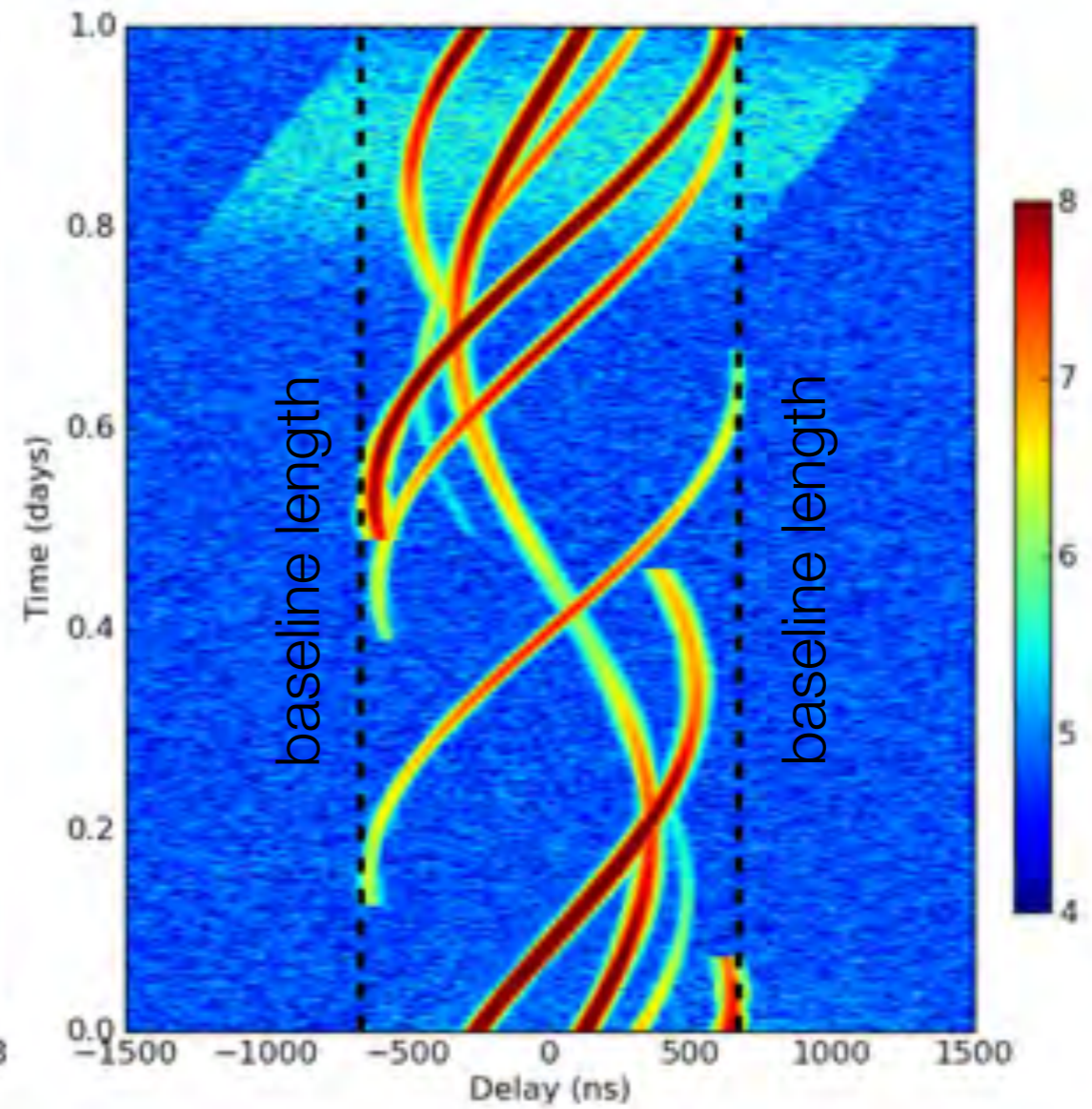
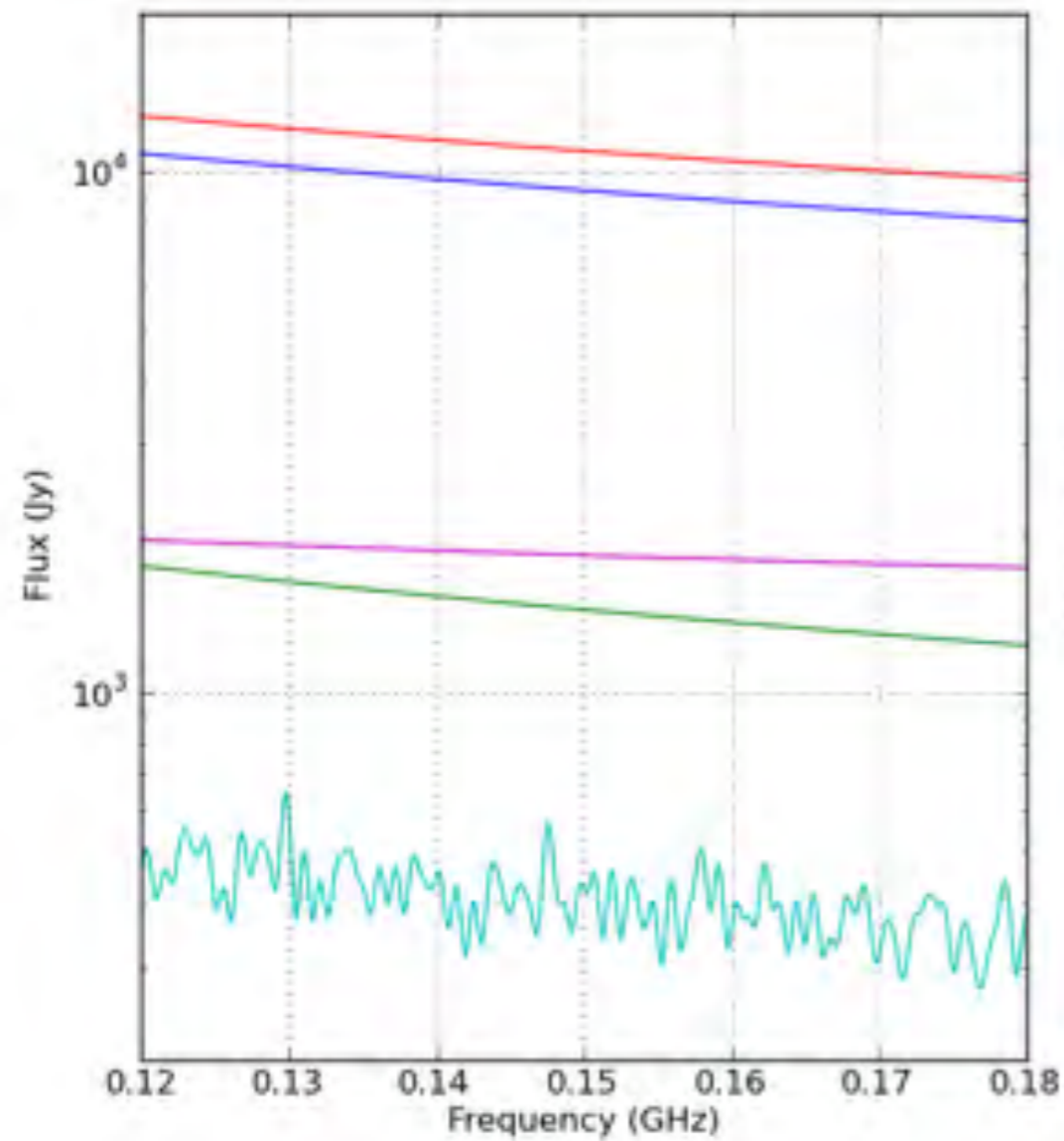
THE DELAY SPECTRUM (A 1D POWER SPECTRUM)

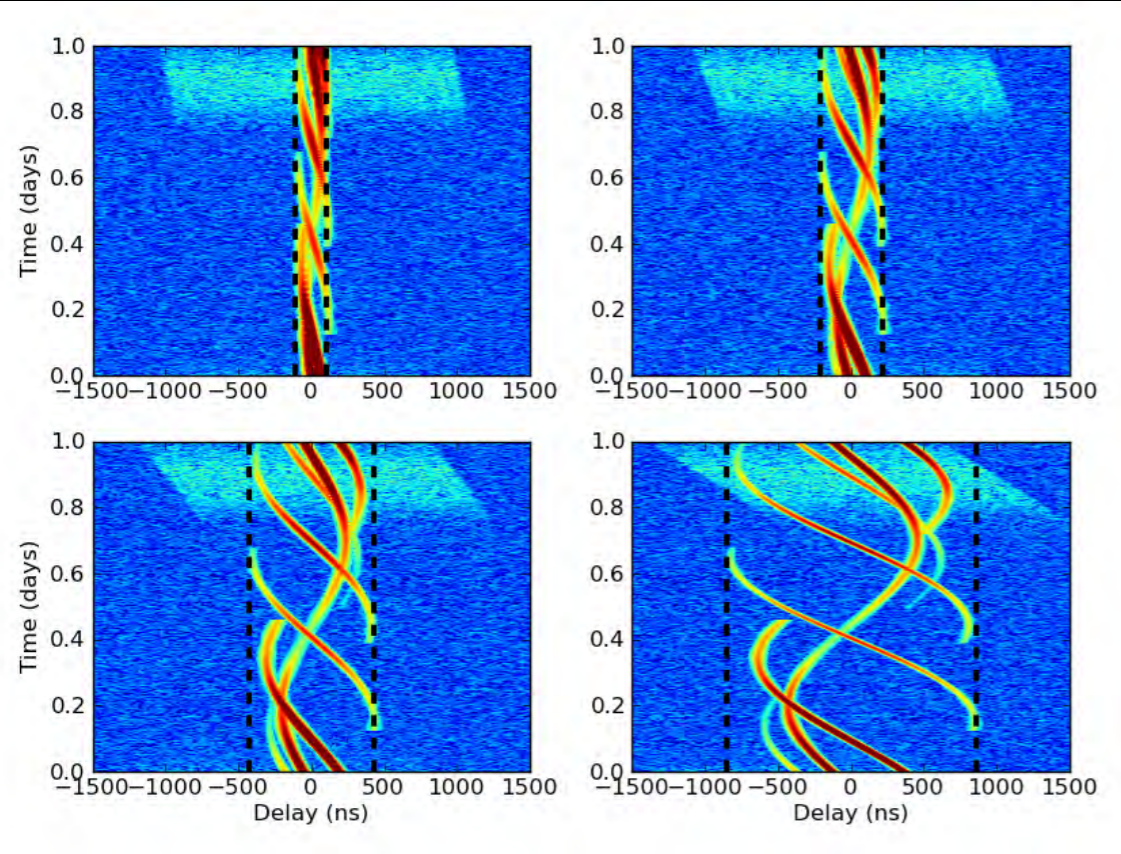


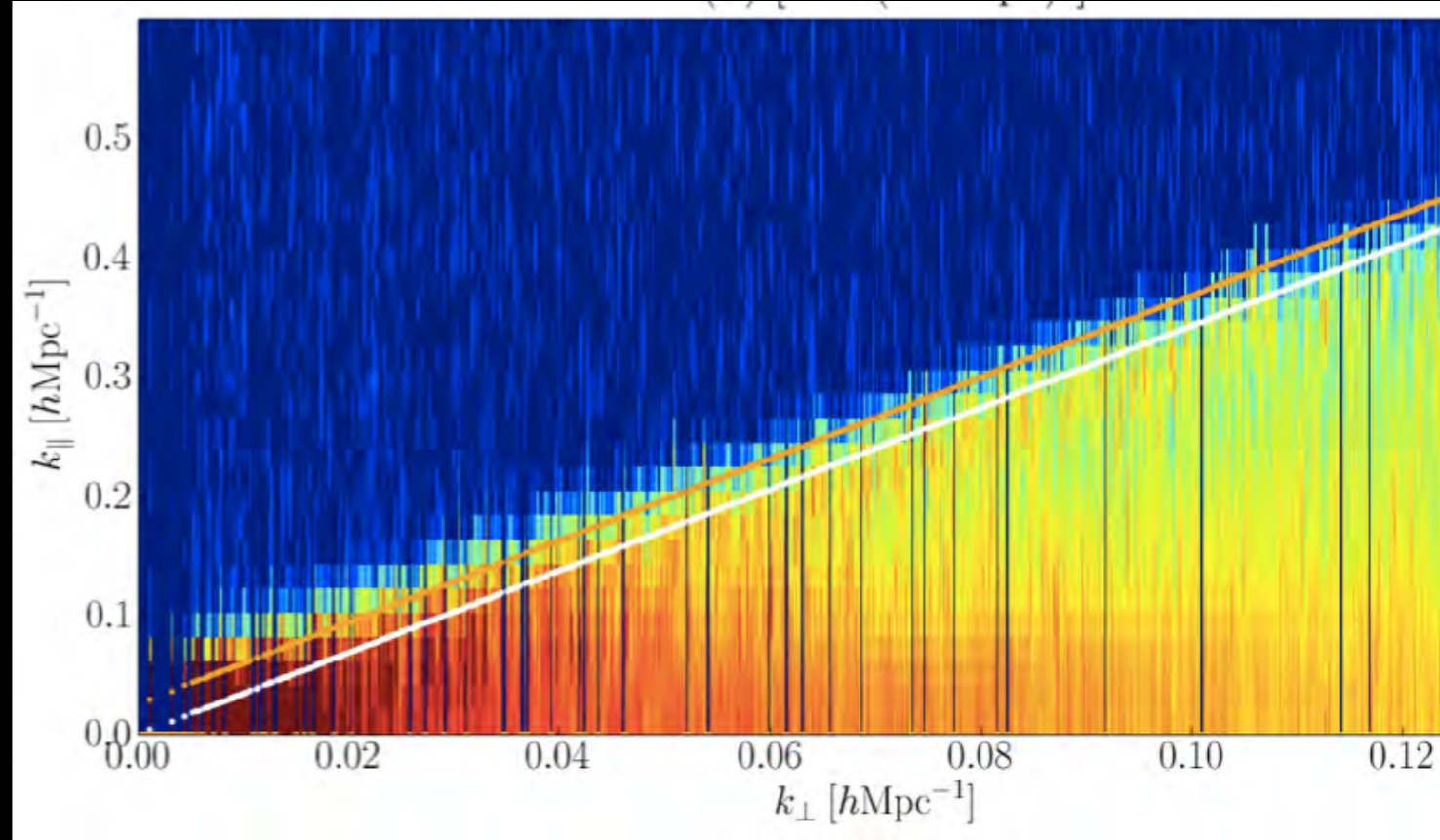
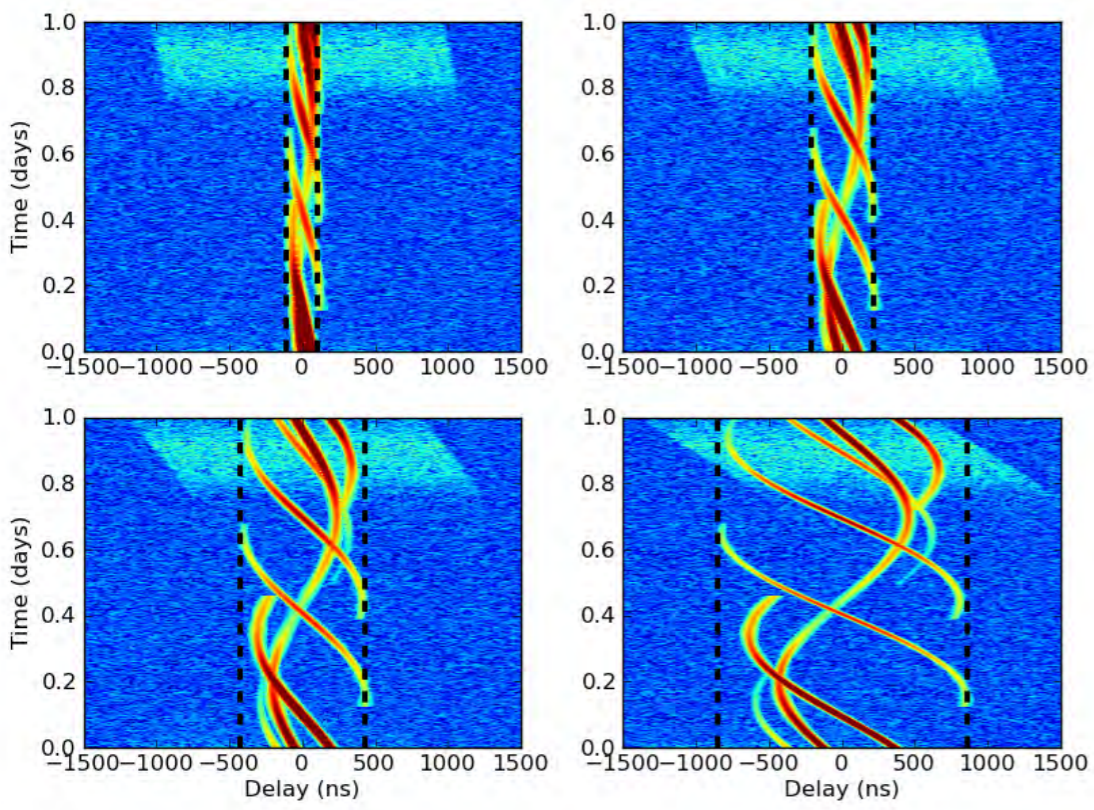
THE DELAY SPECTRUM (A 1D POWER SPECTRUM)



FOREGROUNDS ON A SINGLE BASELINE







Pober, ..., **Jacobs**, et al 2013

Longer baselines are more chromatic





Portable planetarium outreach



Portable planetarium outreach: student training





Public outreach

MEETINGS HOSTED

